PRICES GOING UP.
Owing to the present Exchange of £ which is now pre-war level, and the prices in England still being high, our new stock will have to be offered at higher prices in future. Old prices still in force till the present stock lasts.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Chronicle

THIS IS YOUR CHANCE.
To purchase High Grade Quality Cycles & Motor Cycles at previous prices. Cycles from Rs. 125 to Rs. 235. Motor Cycles from Rs. 1150 to Rs. 1750. Quotations on request.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY S. S. HORNIMAN, 1918—19

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI

VOL. VIII, NO. 49 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1921 TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

All passengers are required to be possession of passports.

Sailing to Plymouth & London, calling at Marseilles,

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
1921		
5th March.	CALEDONIA	7,572
12th ,,	DONGOLA	8,058
19th ,,	CHINA(c)	7,953
26th ,,	NARKUNDA §	16,118
2nd April	KALYAN	8,987
9th ,,	CALEDONIA(c)	7,572
16th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
23rd ,,	MANTUA	10,902
30th ,,	SOMALI	6,794

(b) NARKUNDA and MANTUA—Through steamers from Australia. Only have limited accommodation available for passengers from Bombay.
(c) CALEDONIA and CHINA.—Terminate voyages at Marseilles, but special railway facilities will be arranged in connection with these ships only.
P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—It is notified that there will be No special trains across France for some considerable time to come.
DOGS.—Under no circumstances can Dogs be conveyed by the Company's passenger carrying steamers.

British India Company's Sailing to Port Said and Playmouth only,

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.
1921		
28th February	NEURALIA	9,082
About of middle of April.	MASHOBRA	8,200

Sailings to Straits, China and Australia,

Date.	Steamer.	Remarks
1921 25th Feb	MANTUA	Calls Colombo Fremantle Adelaide, Melbourne and Sidney.

Sailings to Africa, Karachi and Persian Gulf

Date about	Steamer	
1921		
25th Feb.	LINGA	Karachi direct
28th ,,	LHASA	Karachi coasting
24th ,,	KARAPARA	East & South African Ports 1 p. m.
27th ,,	BANKURA	Persian Gulf.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage to P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPURE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Bielefeld	G W Long	4460	17th Feb.	24th Feb.
(a) Kawachi Maru	J. Tuji	5879	18th ,,	2nd Mar.
(b) Malacca ,,	M. Tsuruhashi	5373	24th ,,	2nd ,,
Tenshin ,,	Y. Okuno	6746	10th Mar.	23rd ,,
(b) Tomiura ,,	J. Wada	3821	17th ,,	21st ,,
Tenshin ,,	M. Kitamura	4021	20th ,,	2nd Apr.
Delagoa ,,	A. Kusakari	7148	8th ,,	3rd ,,

(a) This steamer has 3rd class accomodation.
(b) These steamers arrive from New York and sail for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras.

For freight and passage apply to

E. TAGAMI,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure
Kasado Maru.	W Miura.	10th Feb.	26th Feb
Sado Maru.	S Arai	1st Mar	5th Mar
Ganges Maru.	T. Inoue.	26th Feb.	10th Mar

"Kasado Maru" will sail on the 27th February at noon. Third Class passengers are to be disinfected at 9 a.m. in the Disinfection Shed with their beddings.

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to

K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE SUMITOMO BANK.
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 40,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 14,200,000
HEAD OFFICE, OSAKA
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hanta	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriabursho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum assured amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and far shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

T. SATO,
Manager.
50-52 Church Gate Street, Fort.
Post Box No. 888.

THE EASTERN BANK LTD
(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.
Amara, Baghdad, Bahrein, Basrah, Basrah City, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Hillah, Mosul
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL .....£ 997,665
RESERVE FUND .....£ 225,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,002,335
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman.
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of BURLEIGH, Kt.
DEPUTY CHAIRMAN.
J. S. HASKELL, Esq.
Sir J. Leigh Wood, K.B.E.
James H. Batty, Esqr.
G. Bromley Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate St.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
BRANCH, Ahmedabad.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH, Ahmedabad.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	60,00,00

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK accounts opened on favourable terms Rules on application.

H. A. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...£1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND $29,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000
HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE, 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Swatow	Yokohama
Ipoh		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

D. H. WILSON,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY).
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCH:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .....Rs.	1,00,[illegible]
Paid-up Capital .....Rs.	40,[illegible]
Reserve liability for calls ...Rs.	60,[illegible]
Reserve and Contingency Funds .....Rs.	2,[illegible]

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 1 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVING BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	New York
Colombo	Kota Bhru (Kalantan)	Penang
Delhi		Rangoon
Galle		Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 1 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of Interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISH 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 50,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fentien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagar, aki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, ourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interests is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

N. OTSUKA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 204.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

MATTHEWS
FULL, AUTOMATIC.
Buy a Lighting Plant that provides its own caretaker.
Here's one worker that needs no watching and never goes on strike.
For particulars Apply:
VISRAM BROS.,
4, Waterloo Mansions,
Wodehouse Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
507 "VRL"

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAD	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,81,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Mursban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street. Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street,
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figures. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS:—received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased an sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.

A. B. OLIPHANT.
Ag. Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED
ESTABLISH 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	R. p.
Capital authorised	50,00,000	0 0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0 0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0 0
Capital Paid-up	16,05,017	8 8
Reserve Funds	15,00,550	4 5

Dividend of the rate of 12 per cent. per annum has been declared, by the Bank in paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyredabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundur	Montgomery
Calcutta	Jammu	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jhelum City	Patiala
Delhi	Karachi	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hapur		Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVING BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bang grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc. of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....Rs. 7,58,79,150
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....Rs. 1,51,51,016/4/
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 8,50,000/
BRANCHES, London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderaabd (Deccan), Lucknow. Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 29 Apollo Street. Sharaf Bazaar, 297, Chaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
Rangoon—Bassein.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office 2, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Saving Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

L. D. L. BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY,
SAVINGS BANK
5%
Investments mainly in or against Terminable: "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimizing to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets
It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%
Apply to:— DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing-Director,*

5 %
WHY SAVE MONEY?
? ? ?
Because it is THE BEST FRIEND in time of need.
Because the coppers saved daily will provide for the education or marriage of your son or daughter when they are of age.
You can open a Savings Bank account with

Annas	and upwards and it will earn	% Per Annum

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INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
7 A, Fort Street, opp. G. P. O., BOMBAY.
POST BOX 22. BRANCH—KARACHI. PHONE 5305.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.
Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Branch:—MUMBADEVI (in the City).
AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL Rs. 10,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 10,00,000
RESERVE FUND 97,497
CONTINGENCY FUND 1,15,706
DIRECTORS.
Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt. Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy. (Messrs Hajeebhoy Laljii & Co.).
B. K. Ghose, Esq.
Lalji Govindji, Esq. (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Naranji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchan Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Madiwala. (Messrs Sakharam Mancharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. annum on Rs. 500 to Rs 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GOPALDAS TRICAMJI,
Managing Director.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
Funds exceed ..... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds ..... Rs. 96,00,000
Annual Income exceeds ... Rs. 25,00,000
All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.
Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.,
Manager.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
CALCUTTA.
Second quinquennium Report recommends a bonus of 4 per cent. on the sum assured for each completed year on policities in the Ordinary Assurance Fund after making a special Reserve of Rs. 10,000.
Premium Reserve Funds exceeds Rs. 40,00,000
"The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic Lines."
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager.
Bombay Branch,
49, Mahomed Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

According to the Govt. of India Insurance Rate Book.
The eldest *Life* Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 3,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to—

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Agency Applications Invited.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: 7, Church Lane.
CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.
RAM & CO.,
Managing Agents
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents.
Bombay Presidency.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
118, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY
CHAIRMAN.
Sir Fasulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTOR.
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law
Jamnadas Dwarkadas Esq., (Pragjee Secrjee & Co.)
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq. Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J. P. (Mooljl Jethi Co.) (Ex-officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

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OR
HAVE YOU FORGOTTEN ?

Note quickly and visit our old shop to buy Saffron, Musk, Amber, Barasa—Kapur—Myrrabolams—Momial Silajit—Khapdyoon, etc.

D. Shantilal Kantilal & Co.
Jumma Masjid, BOMBAY.

English Stove & Cycle Depot.
PRIMUS OPTIMUS CRITERION OIL STOVES & ENGLISH CYCLES
Girgaon Tram T. Bombay.

OTTO-DE-ROSE No. A 1.
Scientifically made at our Laboratory. Absolutely pure and free from Spirit. Possesses Charming odour of freshly cut Red Rose Flowers. Highly recommended by Rajas, Maharajas etc. Price One dram Glass Stoppered Phial Rs. 2/6 per V. P. P.
S. PAUL & Co., *Perfumers*,
(Dept. B. C.) 4, Hospital Street, Dharamtola CALCUTTA.

DR. I. P. ENAD.
Has trained more than one hundred and fifty students (including B.Scs. and M.Scs.) in the art of Soap-making. Industrial institutions given free advice. Consult him at.
MANILAL MANSION.
Lamington Road,
Bombay No. 7.

THE FAVOURITE FIVE
Beloved of the Nations.

SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC The renowned cure for Malaria, Influenza Plague, Ague and all other Fevers, so well known throughout the East that it scarce needs further recommendation. Looked upon by the nation as a GOD-SEND in times of epedemic and the fever season.

HEALO SKIN OINTMENT The household remedy of England is all troubles of the skin including Bad Legs, Boils, Eczema Eruptions, Wounds, skin Irritation Burns, Piles, Cuts, Rashes, Itch and Sores and Tender Feet. Thousand of Testimonials, Keep it in the home for remember "a stich in time saves nine."

LYNSOLA COUGH CURE The popular Indian Cough and cold Cure It touches the tickle, dissolves, the gathered phlegm, soothes all inflamatiod of the lungs heals the sore spots in the air passages and serves as an ideal tonic to the chest and lungs. Lynsola contains no opiates and can be given to infants.

LAOCOON PAIN-RUB A boon to all sufferers from Gout, Rheumatism, Arthritis, Neuralgia, sciatica Lumbago, stiffness in joints, painful arms, Headache, Tic Douloureux and all painful affections generally. Laocoon Pain-Rub gives relief in a rub. Just rub it in and you rub the pain out.

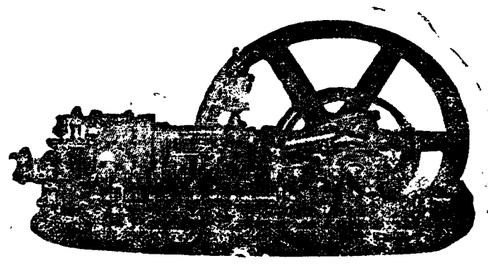
ATLAS TONIC The DOUBLE-ACTION TONIC of widely prescribed by the physician. Atlas Tonic not only rebuilds the shattered nerve and brain tissues but helps and promotes the weakened digestion. Invaluable in Digestive and Nervous Disorders, Malnutrition. Emaciation, Weakness, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis, Constipation ann Dyspepsia. Atlas Tonic makes you your younger self once again. Nothing like it for brain-workers and those who lead a sedantary life Rightly called "The Prop of Old Age."

MADON SONS & Co.
CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

YOUR FAMILY FRIEND
We cure all aches and pains and sprains, inflamation, cough, cold, cuts bruises, etc with
AMRUTANJAN
The first-aid family remedy, Costs 10 As. Only. Get one and keep it handly can be had everywhere
AMRUTANJAN DEPOT

Fielding and Platt, Ltd.
Semi-Diesel
Crude Oil Engines
AND
Suction Gas Plants
NO WATER INJECTION

SAFE SIMPLE RELIABLE ECONOMICAL.



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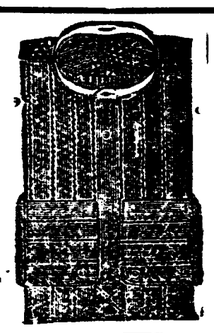

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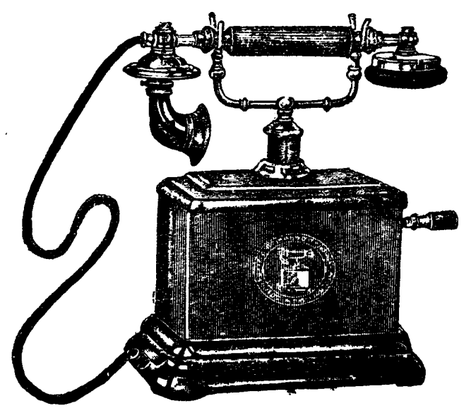

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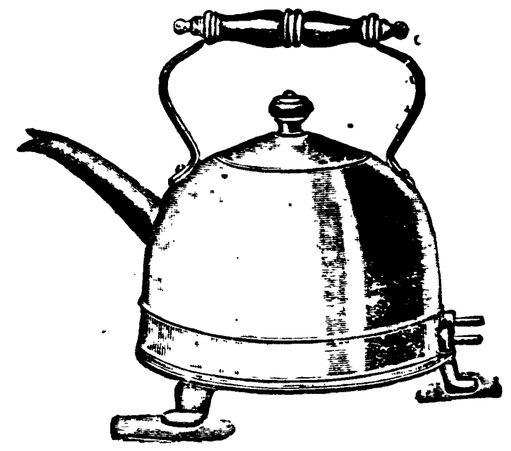

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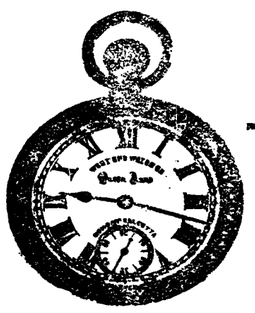

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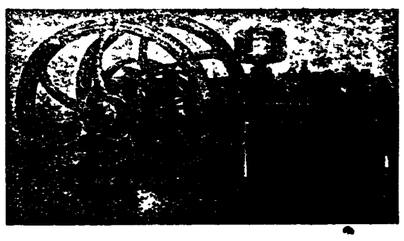

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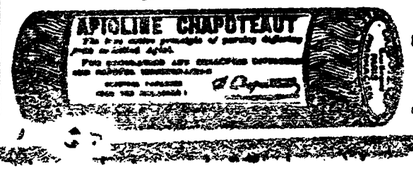

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of the Newest Magnificent Serial

TRAILED by THREE

featuring

DAINTY MISS FRANKIE MAN

with

The famous American Star

STUART HOLMES

This week episodes 10-11-12

With a two reel vitagraph comic

SQUARS & SQUABBLES.

Four shows daily at 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.

Prize shows on Sat., Sun. and Bank holidays at 3-30 and 5-15

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

THE LATEST FROM ENGLAND

To-Night at 9-30 p.m.
To-Night at 9-30 p.m.
To-Night at 9-30 p.m.

EASTERN TOUR Ltd., presents TREIR NEW ENGLISH COMPANY

THE

"WRANGGLE TAGGLE"

DIRECT FROM THEIR RECENT SUCCESSES FROM ENGLAND

IN MUSICAL COMEDY

and

VARIETY

The Company includes

W. GORDON WYLD M. C.

Well-known in London and the England provinces

The PRODUCER and COMEDIAN

BARBARA ALLISON

Delightful Character Artiste
IMPERSONATOR and ENTERTAINER

PHYLLIS IBBETSON

DANCER

From the Coliseum, full youth and grace, Pupil of Karina.

GLADYS WARRELL

SOPRANO

of Daly's Theatre the Alhambra and London Concert Halls.

WYN RAY

SOUBRETTE

A London Artiste with a fine record

GLADYS HOLLIDAY

PIANISTE

Who Specialises also in songs at the Piano

HARRY COLLONETTE

BARITONE

Professor of a "Beautiful Baritone"

TOM KEELE

COMEDIAN

From Drury Lane Etc.

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 6-30 p. m.
To-morrow at 9-45 p. m.

"THE GIRL PROBLEM"

Featuring a New Star

GORINNE GRIFFITH

The story of a shop girl who writes novels in spare time At a Ball she meets a very rich young man who is a novelist also. The lady's name is Ermie, and the name of the male is Ernest. When names rhymes so nicely it is only natural that they should make a match of it,

H. R. The Duke of Connaught at Delhi.

"INAUGURATION OF COUNCIL OF STATE AND INDIAN LEGISLATIVE (COUNCIL) ASSEMBLY."

AMUSEMENTS.

The Empire

To-day and To-morrow

4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Mary Miles Minter
Mary Miles Minter
Mary Miles Minter

IN

"The Innocence of Lizette"

A Charming Comedy in which a most human touch is given to the story by the discovery by Lizette of a baby on the door-step. She has a vague idea that babies come as gifts from God, and she proudly proclaims that the mite is hers.

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT OPEN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

GARDEN PARTY BY PRESIDENT OF THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY AT MALABAR HILL GARDENS.

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT IN POONA.

PATHE GAZETTE.

IMPERIAL

THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY

LAMINGTON ROAD

To-Night

THE GRAND FINALE

OF

THE PIRATE GOLD

Episode Nine and Ten

PATHE CARTOON

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest

A POLLARD COMIC

Next Week

WEL CODY

IN

"THE BUTTERFLY MAN"

A fascinating story of Women's Conventions and Men's Intention

Time:

7, 8-45, and 10-30 p.m daily
Matinees on Bank Holidays and Saturdays at 5 p.m. and Sundays at 3-30 and 5-15 p. m.

POPULAR PRICES

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

AMUSEMENTS.

To-Night!
and
This Week!

The Momentous and Sensational Picture which

Messrs. K. D. & BROTHERS

are at last allowed to Screen.

"DAMAGED GOODS."

The only authentic Screen Version o Mons. Brinex to Great stage play, that actually galvanised Europe and America by its wonderful outspokeness!

"Damaged Goods"

By Special Order of the Bombay Board of Film Censors,

FOR ADULTS ONLY.

Children under 14 will not be admitted.

Commencing TO-DAY, Saturday! Father Bernard Vaughan, S. J., after seeing

"Damaged Goods"

Film expressed himself thus:

"This Film is a great warning to the unthinking Boy or Girl.

It teaches a lesson which everyone who loves his Country should feel proud to propagate.

The presentation of this Film is a good work for God, for King, and country.

We have had a great object lesson. We have had a danger signal set up—a danger signal which I hope my dear young fellow countrymen and countrywomen will use to their advantage. We have had a film presented this morning which should be a great object lesson to all, and I need not say of the performers that, from the Doctor downwards, all fulfilled their parts in a way that I thought was highly oreditable to them and to our Country."

Let every right thinking person, man or woman, make a point of coming.

This Picture has a Noble mission

Ignorance in matters so vital is criminal.

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road).

At Special request the Management have retained the usual prices—with a view to allow all Classes of the community to avail themselves of

A Mighty Opportunity!

Prices: Box Rs. 2; Sofas Re. 1; First Class As. 12; Second Class. As. 6; Third Class As. 3.

Two Prize Shows To-day and To-morrow at: 3-30, and 5-30 p m, (S. T.) Rest of the shows at 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T)

Please see page 14 of "The Bombay Chronicle." of To-day.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST

EVERY DAY AT 6-30 P. M.

REMEMBER THE SUNDAY EVENING GATHERING

Grand Change of Programme

Special New Picture Bill

The Indestructible Wife

Don't marry an athletic girl unless you are athletically inclined. Is your wife outpacing you? Do you want to know how to keep up with her?

AMUSING PLOT!

EXCELLENT ACTING!!

A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT!!!

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2,) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.)

GLOBE CINEMA

(Sandhurst Road)

A Grand Sporting Drama!

"A SON OF DAVID"

(5 REELS 5,000 FEET)

A Strong Dramatic Story of a strong willed lad, whose life's purpose was to find his father's murderer and who made fame in the Boxing World—

Featuring the sweetheart of the Turf

POPPY WYNDHAM

in an extremely powerful role.

"A SON OF DAVID"

What would you do if your fiancee extracted a promise that you would never enter the boxing ring again and the boxing world look upon you as a coward? See how the situation was saved in "The Son of David"; the latest Broadwest Sporting Drama

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!

He was matched for a boxing championship. In the ring the discovered, tatooed on his opponent's arm, a sign which indicated that his opponent was his father's murderer. But before denouncing him the fight was fought to a finish. See this great Broadwest Sporting drama.

A Comedy in the Programme.

Prize Shows To-day and To-morrow at: 3-30 and 5-15 p. m. (S. T.) Rest of the Shows at: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S T.)

Globe Cinema

(Sandhurst Road)

FRESH STOCK

Received of Primus and Optimus Stoves Dr. Mallick's Patent In-Mic cookers. Criterion and Enamelled 1, 2, 3, 4 wick Stoves. Electric Stoves and Irons. Repairs of all kinds of Stoves and Lamps undertaken.

D. D. Postwalla & Co.

275, Hornby Road, FORT.

OLD SAFETY RAZOR BLADES

We resharpen Gillette Clemak, Auto Durham, etc., Blades, keen as new at Re. 1-2 doz. Under six, As. 2 each. For 100 shaves from 1 Gillette Bladeuse "Twinplex" Stroper, Rs. 11 each. All Post free. MATHEWS Co., 28, Medows St. (Opp. Cornaglia), Bombay.

BEWARE OF IMITATORS

Alwaysuse our

World-Renowned Hair Oils

Reg. No. 1.

Pari Chhap, Nagar, Narangi. Aula and Kapci As. Eight and Rupee one per bottle.

Try to make your eyes like Electric light

Always use our

World-renowned Real Pearl Surma

RED SURMA

It cures all sorts of eye diseases and also stys, Soreness, Opthalmic irritis, Cataract spots, etc., and makes eye cool and brilliant Rs. 50 per one Tola. Sample bottle Re 1. (one only.)

MEGHJI HARIDAS & Co.,

Opp. Madhav Baug. Khakhar Buildings, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Arthur Crawford Markets, TUESDAY, the 8th March, 1921, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) the right of collecting tax on ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughterhouses Dadra, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1921, to 31st March 1922.

For further particulars and conditions of sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets Arthur Crawford Markets or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MODYKHANA STREET

Under instructions from Messrs. Jamsetji Rustomji and Davidas, Attorneys for Mr. Shamsudin Tajbhoy, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on FRIDAY, the 11th proximo sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises on account and risks of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Dayabhoy Maganlal.

The following:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Modykhana Street in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 153 sq. yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under Ward A No. 2071 Street No. 176 to 178 and Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 650 New No. 5629 Old Survey No. 1065 and 1070 and New Survey No. 8585 and bounded as follows:—On or towards the North by the property of Atmaram on or towards the South partly by the Kavakhana Musjid and partly by the property of Abdool Aziz and Bai Manji and partly by the property of Messrs. Moosa Marla Malbari on or towards the East by Modykhana Street and on or towards the West by a sweepers' passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jamsetji Rustomji and Davidas, Attorneys for Mr. Shamsudin Tajbhoy or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF MEXICANS.

On FRIDAY, the 4th March next at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms by order of Messrs E D Sassoon and Co. Ltd., and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser sMessrs. Haji Abdul Rahman Shirazi and Sons.

120 Bales each 50 pieces Mexicans No. 1000, 24" by 48 yards by 10 lbs

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay 26th Feb. 1921.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52 Medows Street Fort.

Telephone No. 4927.

AUCTION SALE OF 20 CASES VAYOLET FLOWER AND 40 CASES SELARES.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 26th February 1921 at 1 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at the Godown of Eastern Bank at Baroda Street by order of Messrs. Punshi Devsi and Co.

On account and at the risk of defaulting purchasers Messrs D Shantilal Kantilal.

20 cases Vayolet Flower.

On account and at the risk of Manji Sunder ji:—

40 cases selares.

AUCTION SALE OF MULTANI HYDERABAD HOTEL SITUATED AT NARAYAN ASRAM LALBAUG PAREL.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction

Suit No. 486 of 1921.

Pmandas Lalchand ..... Plaintiff.

Tirathdas Uttamchand ..... Defendant.

Under instructions from Mr. Motiarm Narodamdas, Receiver appointed by the order of the Court dated the 7th day of February 1921 in the above suit Messrs. Gandhi and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at the premises on Saturday the 26th February 1921 at 5 p.m.

Hotel known as Multani Hydrabad Hindu Hotel with the furniture, Utensils and the name of the good will there of.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pareek and Co., Attorney for the Receiver at No. 52 Medows Street or to the undersigned

GANDHI, & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay 26th February 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS

BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 521.

No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO JEWELLERS.

Auction sale of goodwill and the valuable jewellery etc. of the shop of Vilcassim Bros. at Taj Mahal Hotel.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 27th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Taj Mahal Hotel by the order of B. N Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Vilcassim Bros. insolvants stock-in-trade consisting of valuable jewellery, curios, and other fancy articles, show cases, and furniture etc., relating to the jewellery business of the said insolvents as a going concern including the goodwill of the said business

For further particulars apply to Official Assignee of Bombay in the High Court Bombay or Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co. at their office Esplanade Road or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 51 BALES FINE STEEPLE DHULIA COTTON DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Under instructions from the Insurance Office concerned Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd March, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the G. I. P Railway's Good Yard at Colaba.

51 Bales Fine Steeple Dhulia Cotton Damaged by Fire and Water.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th February 1921.

Ask Where! **Ask When!!**

Kohinoor Film Co.

PRESENTS

VIKRAMA URVASHI

featuring

The Dainty Damozel of feminine graces—blue-eyed Fairy or the Screen.

MISS LEENA VALENTINE

ANOTHER ENCHANTING PRODUCTION

RUKMINI HARAN

A famous mythological story faithfully produced with ancient magnificent setting and beautiful natural scenery.

Our previous triumphs:—Vishwamitra Menara.

Sati Parvati & Shri Krishna Sudama

For booking apply to the the Manager,

KOHINOOR FILM CO.

162, DADAR ROAD, DADAR.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

20,000 High Class Cotton Blankets ready for immediate delivery Size 48in. by 78in. Khaki, Fawn, Grey. and Red. Price Rs. 2/12 each, delivered to any part of India by post. These blankets are now being used by Europeans in India and Africa and continue to give universal satisfaction.
Over 5,00,000 sold for 1921.
We invite enquiries from the Trade.
Apply:—
COLONIAL MANUFACTURING CO.,
Bombay Agency,
Post Box 299, BOMBAY.
C 7985

NOTICE.

Re: PROPOSED SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE VACANT PLOT OF LAND, SITUATE AT THE JUNCTION OF ESKIN ROAD (NULL BAZAR) AND NEW KAZ STREET, BOMBAY.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of the above plot which admeasures 209 sq yards or thereabouts. For further particulars please apply to the undersigned at their office No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay Dated this 29th day of January, 1921.
PANDIA & CO.,
Solicitors for the Owner
C 8127

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

ON and from 1st April, 1921, First and Second Class single journey tickets will be issued at the following fares:—
FIRST CLASS.
1 to 300 Miles 24 pies per ticket per mile.
Plus
301 and over 18 pies ,, ,,
SECOND CLASS.
1 to 300 Miles 12 pies ,, ,,
Plus
301 and over 9 pies ,, ,,
Fares for Tickets on the Local Section between Colaba and Virar will remain as at present.
W. P. PECHEY,
General Traffic Manager.
C8414

NOTICE.

OFFERS are invited for well season Teakwood logs of Raja Barari range best in C. P., 2 to 5 ft. in girth and 6 to 20 ft. in length. Also scantlings of any size sawn by our sawing machines.
Apply to DIWAN of Raja Barari Estate,
7805 Via Timarni, G. I. P. Ry.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY AGA KHAN HOKEY TOURNAMENT.

THE BOMBAY AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT will commence on the Bombay Gymkhana maidan on MONDAY, March 7th.
Entries close on MONDAY, 28th February, 1921, and the Draw will take place at the Bombay Gymkhana on TUESDAY, 1st March, at 6-30 p.m. All teams entering for the competition are invited to send one representative to the Draw.
ENTRANCE FEE RS. 25 PER TEAM.
The Winners are entitled to hold the Aga Khan Cup and the Runners-up the Smith Challenge Shield for one year in India.
Gold and Silver Medals will be given to the Winners and Runners-up respectively.
With a view to minimising expense and delay to up-country Teams owing to a prolonged stay in Bombay, while the earlier stages of the Tournament are in progress, the first round will be played off by the Local Teams only, all up-country entries being treated as buves in his round.
Entries and the fee of twenty-five rupees should be sent in as soon as possible to THE HONORARY SECRETARY, Aga Khan Hockey Tournament.
Bombay Gymkhana,
Bombay, 10th February, 1921.
C 8272

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ENHANCEMENT OF RATES FOR PUBLIC COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL.

WITH effect from 1st April 1921, Coal Coke and patent fuel in full wagon loads, at owner's risk, loading and unloading being done by owners, booked on public account from any station to any station on the East Indian Railway and *via* will be charged at the following scale of rates, both in local and through booking:—

	Pies per md. per mile.
For all distances up to 200 miles inclusive	0.15
Plus for any distance in excess of 200 miles and up to 300 miles inclusive	0.13
Plus for any distance in excess of 300 miles and up to 700 miles inclusive	0.07
Plus for any distance in excess of 700 miles	0.06

2. The above scale is exclusive of the East Indian Railway terminal charge of Re. 0-2-0 per ton, which will be levied in addition
3. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on Foreign Railways, which have adopted the above scale, will be charged at this scale on the actual through distance from start to destination and all terminals transhipment and other extra charges due, will be levied in addition. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on the Foreign Railways, which have not adopted the above scale, will be charged over the East Indian Railway at the above scale from the booking station up to the Junctions with such railways and the charges for the remaining distance will be levied as per the Tariffs of the Foreign Railways in force from time to time.
C. D. M. HINDLEY,
Agent,
E. I. Ry.
Calcutta, 7th December, 1920.
8988

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LIMITED

LOST OR MISLAID.

TEMPORARY SPLITS Nos. 3/3217 & 3/3606 in respect of 50 shares each of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. in the name of Keshav Appa Padhye have been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within one month to the registered offices of the Company, Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay. Otherwise duplicates will be issued to the abovementioned owner.
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
C8449

THE BRITISH BURMAH PETROLEUM COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate No. 19501 for 275 shares Nos. from 1424442 to 1424716 standing in the name of DAULAT JEHANGIR IRANI is reported LOST. All persons having any lien, claim or intereest in the same are requested to inform the Company within fifteen days from date after which, the Company will issue a duplicate Certificate for the said shares.
R2506

BUNGALOWS TO LET FOR POONA SEASON.

3 Bunglows each with 4 Bed rooms, Bath attached Drawing rooms dressing room and varandah also servant quarters with electic light and water taps.
1 Bunglow, 4 Bed room, Bath attached reading room, dinning room, drawing room out houses and 20 stables.
For further particulars apply.
F. D. VAKIL,
c/o R. Scott and Co.,
Vety. Sergeons.
Gowalier Tank Road Bombay.
8398

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING CO. LD,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company (No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay), on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March, 1921, at 4-30 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon, when the subjoined resolutions, which were passed as Extraordinary Resolutions at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 21st day of February, 1921, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions:—
1. That the provisions of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be altered by deleting Clause VI thereof.
2. That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification, subscribed by the Chairman thereof, be and the same are hereby approved, and that such regulations be and they are hereby adopted as the articles of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing articles thereof.

By order of the Board,
DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort,
Bombay, The 22nd day of February, 1921.
C8452

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Western India Spinning & Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company (No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay) on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March, 1921, at 4 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon, when the subjoined resolutions, which were passed as Extraordinary Resolutions at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 21st day of February, 1921, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions:—
1. That the provisions of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be altered by deleting Clause VI thereof.
2. That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification, subscribed by the Chairman thereof, be and the same are hereby approved, and that such regulations be and they are hereby adopted as the articles of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing articles thereof.

By order of the Board,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort.
Bombay, the 22nd day of February, 1921.
C8451

NOTICE.

RE: THE STANDARD OIL MILLS CO., LTD.
(In Liquidation.)

N. H. MOOS, Esq. ..... Official Liquidator.
OFFERS are invited for the purchase of the Factory belonging to the above Company for the manufacture of Vegetable oils situate at Connaught Road, Byculla, together with the Plant Machinery Explers, etc., and articles of furniture now in the said factory. The factory has recently been put in proper working order. The factory is built on land about 2100 square yards and comprises a substantial building of four compartments. The Liquidator has recently made arrangements with the owner of the building subject to the sanction of the Court that he should execute a lease of the land and building for a period of 20 years in favour of the Liquidator or his nominees with an option of 5 years more at an increased rental at the option of the leases. The factory can be seen on an application to the undersigned. The terms of the proposed lease can also be seen at the Liquidator's Office, 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. For further particulars apply at the office of the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.
All offers must be submitted by the 10th day of March, 1921, at the latest.
Dated 25th day of February 1921.
N. H. MOOS,
Official Liquidator.
C8450

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA CO LD

CHINDE.

ACCOUNTANT—Indian WANTED AT ONCE, Must be fully qualified and well recommended, Commencing salary £150 sterling per mensem, 3 years Agreement; Free Quarters, Free Medical Attendance and free passage. Apply Post Box 19, Bombay.
8440

NOTICE.

LOST OR STOLEN.

CERTIFICATES for ten shares in the SIR SHAPURJI BROACHA MILLS, LTD., Nos. 46776 to 46780 and Nos. 21686 to 21690 the first five standing in the name of Hooranmal Goolji Singhani and the last five in the name of Velsibhai Jagjibhai have been reported to be stolen. All persons who have any interest or claim whatsoever on these shares or any of them should give notice of the same to the above Company within 15 days from the date of this notice after the expiration of which the shares will be transferred and no notice will be taken of any claim.
Bombay, 26th February, 1921.
R2561

THE EASTERN DYEING, BLEACHING AND HOSIERY CO., LTD,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay on MONDAY, the 7th day of March, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
By order of the Board,
J. M. DALAL & Co.,
Agents.
25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
24th February, 1921.
R2563

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 28th day of February, 1921, we, the undersigned, JOHN MACKENZIE RYRIE, WILLIAM GREAVES, and JOHN FAIRCLOUGH, will, by mutual consent, cease to carry on the business of Import and Export Merchants hitherto carried on by us in partnership at Bombay, under the style or firm name of EWART LATHAM & CO. and that the said business will from and inclusive of the 1st day of March, 1921, be carried on at Bombay by THE ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION, LIMITED, to whom the said business has been transferred.
The style and title of the firm will be:—
THE ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION LTD., (EWART LATHAM BRANCH).
and address, for the present, will remain:—
42/48, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
The said firm of Ewart Latham & Co., will, until further notice, continue to carry on the business of Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents for, and to act as the Attorneys of the Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents in Bombay of those Companies for which the firm of Ewart Latham & Co., now act as Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents, or as Attorneys in Bombay of the Secretaries Treasuries and Agents.
Dated this twenty first day of February, 1921.
J. M. RYRIE,
WILLIAM GREAVES,
J. FAIRCLOUGH.
by their duty constituted Attorney.
R. T. GIBSON FLEMING.
R2530

WANTED

A DISTRICT ENGINEER for the District Board of Patna on a salary of Rs. 800-40-1000 per month plus first class travelling allowance in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations.
A candidate for the post must be qualified in one of the manners following, that is to say, he must:—
(a) be a member of the permanent establishment of the Public Works Department in the grade of Executive or Assistant Engineer or Sub-Engineer or Supervisor;
(b) hold the degree of a Bachelor of Engineering or be a Licentiate of Engineering of the Calcutta University, or Department of the Civil Engineering College at Sibpore, or the final examination of the Engineering Department of the Colleges of Engineering at Roorkee; Madras or Poona;
(c) have served an apprenticeship of not less than three years in the United Kingdom with some recognised firm of Engineers of high standing; or
(d) have passed satisfactorily through the whole course of instruction at a recognised School of Engineering in the United Kingdom (e.g. King's College, London; Cooper's Hill College; the Crystal Palace School of Engineering.

Provided that in all cases the candidates must have held charge of important works for not less than five years and must produce a certificate from his immediate superior during such employment that his conduct was satisfactory.
The candidates must also produce evidence that his knowledge of the native language is such as to qualify him for employment as a District Engineer.
The Candidate must produce a Certificate from a Civil Surgeon that he is physically fit for his outdoor duties, and from the Magistrate of the District that he is able to ride.
All applications from intending candidates shall be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman of the District Board, Patna and superscribed "Application for Appointment of District Engineer." Each application must be accompanied by all the necessary certificates and testimonials required by the Rules, together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration in which they can be returned in the event of the application being unsuccessful.
Applications will be received by the Chairman, District Board, Patna, till the 31st March, 1921.
(Sd.) S. ZAHIIUDDIN,
Chairman,
District Board, Patna.
C8444

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

WANTED—Two GRADUATES, each on Rs. 75 as ASSISTANT MASTERS and a PERSIAN TEACHER on Rs. 50 for the Municipal High School. The former to state second language, optional subjects and experience. One with Science preferred.
KESHAVLALJI,
Chairman, Municipal School Board,
Ankleswar.
Ankleswar, 21st February, 1921.
C8415

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVEENMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	Sailling about	Remarks
Canadian conqueror	5500	15th March	Montrea
Canadian Inventor	5300	15th ,,	Vencouver
Canadian Traveller	5400	23rd April	Montreal

For particulars of freight, etc., apply to Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

NOTICE.

AN AUCTION SALE OF RACE HORSES POLO PONIES, CHARGERS, TRAP PERS and REMOUNTS will be held on Mar 1st 1921, on the premises of Julius Gove's Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay.
Owners wishing to offer any horses, please notify the Office on or before noon of 28th February, 1921.
Horses sold on 5 per cent. Commission and Rs. 3 for entry fees which is to be paid when entering.
Bargains to be had. For further particulars apply Julius Gove, Bellasis Road, culla, Bombay.
Bombay, dated 12th February 1921.
C8318

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Me Header, etc.
Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agrve Fibre." For samples and rates app to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50 Medow Street, Fort.
7143

WANTED.

WANTED.—Experienced PATTERN-MAKER, able to read drawings, good knowledge of English essential, experience of wood working machinery desirable. Pay according to qualifications. Apply by letter or in person with testimonials to WORKS MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Locomotive Department, Parel.
8435

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Deputy Secretary and Accountant in the City of Bombay Improvement Trust a pay of Rs. 800-50-1000 with beenfit of leave and Provident Fund according to th Trust's Rules.
2. Applicants should have had experience of accounts and controlling an office and dealing with correspondence.
3. Applications should be accompanied copies of testimonials and should contain brief and clear statement of the applicant qualifications. They should be addressed the undersigned and will be received up to the 15th March 1921 The selected candidate should be prepared to join duty immediately.
K. N. RAMASUBBA AIYAR,
Secretary, B'bay Impt. Trust.
Bombay, 16th February, 1921.
C8366.

NOTICE.

WANTED—CLERKS for the office of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, on Rs. 60 per mensem with prospects. Only those who have passed the qualifying test prescribed by Government need apply. Those knowing Typewriting in addition will be preferred. Intending candidates should apply at once to the undersigned in their own handwriting, enclosing copies of testimonials if any.
C. E. LYNCH BLESSE,
Dy. Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 24th February, 1921.
C8439

THE MYSORE SPINNING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Ad interim Dividend of Rs. 15 per share Rs. 250 and of Rs. 3 per share of Rs. 50, and a bonus of Rs. 35 per share of Rs. 250 and of Rs. 7 per share of Rs. 50, for the half year ending 31st August, 1920, are made payable on and after SATURDAY, the 26th February 1921, between 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. on week days and between 12 noon and 2 p.m on Saturdays, at the Registered Office of the Company, on production of the share certificates to shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on 19th February, 1921.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 21st to 26th February 1921 both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors,
N. SIRUR & Co.,
Agents.
Registered Office,
Henshaw's Buildings,
9, Bank Street, Fort,
Bombay, 14th February, 1921.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

WANTED.

WANTED—JUNIOR DRAFTSMEN, commencing salary Rs. 45 per month, plus 25 per cent. allowance. Apply personally to the MAINS ENGINEER, The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., Colaba Causeway.
C8434

WANTED

WANTED—A qualified and experienced SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON. Pay Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply sharp stating age, caste, nationality, experience and with copies of testimonials to:—
THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
Sirohi State, Sirohi,
(Rajputana).
C8426

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

PROPOSED SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT SHAIKH MEMON STREET AND KITCHEN GARDEN LANE.

SEALED OFFERS are invited on behalf of the Executors of the late Mr. Framjee Hormusjee Settna for the purchase of Mr. Settna's valuable property at Shaikh Memon Street, admeasuring about 400 square yards and fronting Shaikh Memon Street, and bounded on the North partly by a Gully and partly by the property of Govind Bhimji, on the South by Kitchen Garden Lane, on the East by Shaikh Memon Street and on the West by the property of the Bombay Cloth Merchant Company. The particulars of the property and the Ground plan and the conditions subject to which the property is offered for sale may be inspected at any time during business hours at the office of the undersigned at No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort.
The undersigned will not be bound to accept any or the highest offer.
The offers must be received by the undersigned on or before the 10th day of March, 1921, the latest.
Dated this 7th day of February, 1921.
MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors.
C 8225

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of KALIDAS NAROTAMDAS CHOKSEY, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a widower, a share and stock broker, residing at Parvati Building, Thakurdwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay .... Deceased.
MANGALDAS KALIDAS CHOKSEY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parvati Building, Thakurdwar Road without the Fort .....Petitioner.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fourteenth day of February in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.
D. N. D. KHANDALAVALA.
The 15th day of February, 1921.
Messrs. MADHAVJI KAMDAR & CHHOTUBHAI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C8445

Dr. BATLIWALA'S MEDICINES.

AWARDED GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS IN INDIA INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS.—For all kinds of fevers Malaria, Influenza Ague, etc. Price Rs. 1-2 each.
BATLIWALA'S BALAMRIT for Weak Children and thin adults. Tonic, Rs. 10 each
BATLIWALA'S (CURE-ALL) BALM—for all kinds of Pain, Strains, Teadache, etc. As. 9 each.
BATLIWALA'S GENUINE QUININE—Tablets one grain each in Bottles of hundred. Rs. 1-4 each.
BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS—for pale and anaemic people. An aphrodisiac Rs. 1-8 each.
BATLIWALA'S DIARRHOEA MIXTURE—for dysentery and diarrhoea an for Cholera. Re. 1 each.
BATLIWALA'S (GENUINE) QUININE Tablets two grains each. Rs. 1-12.
BATLIWALA'S TOOTH POWDER. As 4 each.
BATLIWALA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT for all kinds of itches, Dhobi, etc etc. As. 6 each.
Sold everywhere in India and also by Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA SONS & CO.,
Warli, Laboratory, Bombay. 1,
Telegraphic Address:—
BATLIWALLA WARLI, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

NOTICE.

The Auction Sale of the Remaining Unclaimed Parcels, etc., at Bori Bunder will be proceeded with to-day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 10 a.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Surplus Textiles Sales Depot (Howard and Bullogh Mill) in the compound of Sir Shapurji Bharocha Mills, Chinchpokly, by order of the Assistant Controller, Surplus Textiles Sales of the Indian Munitions Board, a very large lot of Government Clothing consisting of Mosquito Netting, Blankets, Pagree cloth, Putto cloth and other miscellaneous articles.
The above goods can be seen at the place of Auction.
Cash will be required at the time of sale and the goods to be removed at the same time.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 40000 TEAK AND JANGLI RAFTERS AND HEAPS OF SECOND CLASS SCRAPS.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & Co. Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the Government Wooden Jatha at Sewree Cotton Depot by order of Messrs. M. M. Shah & Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting parties.
About 40,000 Teak and Jangli Rafters and Heaps of Second Class Scraps in convenient lots.
The above goods on view.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE "FIAT" MOTOR CAR.

On SATURDAY, the 5th March at 3 p.m, Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 23, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned.
One "Fiat" Motor Car model 1912 with Bosch Magneto and Zenith Carburetor, newly overhauled and painted, with all accessories in complete working order.

AUCTION SALE OF A TWO-STORIED HOUSE AT LABOURNUM ROAD, GAMDEVI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Munmohandas Juthabhai Desai and on account and at the risk of Mr. Manilal Leharchand Messrs. MEHTA & Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Sunday the 6th March, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises the undermentioned valuable landed property.
All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground containing by admeasurement five hundred eighty-six square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by Municipality of Bombay under "D" Ward No. 2883 (19A), Street No. 21A and which said premises are situate at Labournum Road Gamdevi in the registration subdistrict of Bombay and known as Plot No. 53A Gamdevi Estate.
Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had from Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia and Co. at their office at No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.
MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

NOTICE.

Auction sale of Government surplus stores at Haji Bunder Sewri will renew on MONDAY, 28th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

IMPORTANT TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.
SALE OF A LARGE QUANTITY OF TIMBERS, PLANKS, SCANTLING AND BULLIES.
By order of the Controller (Sales), Board of Industries and Munitions.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will sell by the order of the Controller (Sales) Board of Industries and Munitions by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 1st March, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Government timber dept. beyond Port Trust Railway Station and a G. I. P. Railway Grain Depot, Sewri.
A large quantity of timbers planks, scantling and bullies etc.
Full particulars of the goods can be obtained of the Controller (Sales), at his office at New Customs House, Ballard Pier or of the undersigned.
A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyer and the balance shall be paid within 7 days and the goods removed within fourteen days from the date of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF THE CHINA MILLS, LIMITED.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. Auctioneers under instructions from N. F. Whaddia, Esquire and Mafatlal Gagalbhai, Esquire the Liquidators of the China Mills, Limited (in Voluntary Liquidation) will sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms No. 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of March 1921 at 3 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon, all and singular the lands, hereditaments and premises together with all and singular the mill house and other building and edifices standing thereon and the boilers, engines, spindles, machinery, tools, fixtures, implements, utensils and other mechanical things and appliances etc., appertaining thereto.
Further information regarding the detailed description of land, etc., and particulars and conditions of sale can be had on application to the Auctioneers.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SORABJEE RUSTOMJEE

AUCTION SALE.

Delhi Buffaloes, Karachi cows and calves, Half bred English cows of best breed and records. A rare opportunity to Agriculturists, Dairy Farms and Businessmen. Sold by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 27th February, 1921, at 1 p.m. at Government Military Dairy Farm, Kirkee, (POONA).
SORABJEE RUSTOMJEE,
Government Auctioneer.
E2548

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

EDUCATIONAL.

EXPERT TUITION in Shorthand (Rapid Method) Accountancy, Banking, Law, French, Typewriting, Correspondence, Business Training, etc., taught within 3 months. Service Guaranteed. Enroll soon for I. C. C Exam., till 5th March. Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 283, Hornby Road. R2559

DUTTON'S 24 HOUR SHORTHAND

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.—New address: GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BUILDING, front entrance, Apollo Street, Fort. Please apply or call for prospectus and enrollment there. R 2510

POONA TYPEWRITING SOCIETY, Budhwar, Poona City—REPAIRS TO TYPEWRITERS. Machines cleaned, overhauled and repaired at moderate rates. Apply to THE MANAGER. 3 R 5482 B

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—3 JUNIOR CLERKS. Apply personally to the CHIEF STOREKEEPER, B. B. & C. I. Ry. Mahalakshmi. C8442

WANTED—A smart TYPIST, acquainted with office work. Apply Box No. 1857, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2567

WANTED AT ONCE.—A SRORTHAND TYPIST (male or female) in a respectable firm. Apply to Box No. 1856. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C8447

WANTED TO KNOW there is lucrative employment for all capable energetic young men, for particulars half anna stamp. CAPITAL INDUSTRIAL BUREAU, Delhi. R 5370

WANTED—A good TYPIST for a well-known English firm. Pay accodring to qualifications, Shorthand not essential. Apply to Box No. 1845 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2538

WANTED—Experienced or TRAINED GRADUATE with French, and an UNDERGRADUATE. Good salary. Apply personally to PRINCIPAL UNIVERSAL HIGH SCHOOL, Charni Road Junction. R2562

WANTED—Smart TYPIST (Male or Female) and an ACCOUNT CLERK. Salary Rs. 70 with prospects apply at once to Box No. 1850 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C8438

WANTED.—A 1st class ENGINEER with Mill experience. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials and lowest terms expected to Box No. 1851, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2553

WANTED AT ONCE.—A competent MANAGER for an Anglo-Gujerati Printing Press in Bombay. A man good at estimates and with practical thorough knowledge of composing, printing and binding departments of a job press preferred. Apply to Box No. 1848, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2547

WANTED.

WANTED PARTNER for high class handloom products. Advertiser is a graduate owning a weaving factory. Apply Box No. 1838, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2535

WANTED—SPINNING MACHINERY, complete with 5,000 spindles. Apply with full particulars and price to MANI. SHANK) S. JOSHI, Virmahal, top floor Parel Bombay. R5369

WANTED—SOLE AGENTS for Puri's Iron chairs, tables nibs, clips for money purses and pocket knives. These are already in great demand. A good line for really live Agents. Apply in the first instance to Box No. 1834, Advt. Dept., 'Bombay Chronicle." R2525

WANTED.—Complete cotton pressing PLANT of Nysmith Type. Apply with full specification and net price to Moreshwar Raoji Akot Berar. MORESHWAR RAOJI Secretary. The New Akot Cotton Ginning and Pressing Company Limited. C 8377

WANTED—By two energetic and influential young men of sound experience in Hardware, shipchandlers and Railway Stores willing to join as working partners in a going or new concern or on reliable salaries. For further information write to Box No. 1853, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2554

WANTED—For a strong company, recently floated in Calcutta and designed to deal with country produce, and having Hindu and Mahommedan directors, capital two lakhs, shares ten rupees each, first call Rs. two. (1) An Underwriter; (2) a Canvasser to sell shares on pay and 5 per cent. commission. Apply with reference and particulars to A. HAMID, Principal, S. E. College, Bahawalpur (Punjab). C8427

FOR SALE.

MATHERAN HONEY.—Absolutely pure—invaluable for Medical purposes. Write to LORDS STORES, MATHERAN. C 8363

FOR SALE.—A brand new 30 H. P CHANDLER CAR. Apply GOVINDJI MADHAVJI ANL CO., 6, Hummum Street Fort. R2524

VALUABLE PROPERTY near Jumma Masjid FOR SALE. Apply to Box No. 1855, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R2565

FOR SALE—One 6 Cylinder 5 Seater CHALMERS CAR in sound running order Apply M. M. KOPTI & Co., 48, Customs House Road, Fort. R2555

FOR SALE—One "HUPMOBILE" and one "MAXWELL" in good order and condition. For particulars apply Box No. 1854 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2564

ZEISS and other German make Prism BINOCULARS from Rs. 100 and upwards FOR SALE at PURSHOTAM BANDUJI & CO., 53, Medows Street. 2513

FOR SALE.—German Made "ORIGINAL DURBY" CYCLES. For full particulars please, apply to Messrs. K. H. KAYANI AND CO., 7/11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. R 2420

FOR SALE—One English NAPIER CAR, 5 seater, in excellent running order, complete in wire wheels. Apply to SASSOON EZEKIEL, 219, Bellasis Road, near Parsi Statue. R 2522

MOTORS AND ACCESSORIES FO SALE.—One TAXIMETER, French, complete with fittings and bracket can be fixed immediately to any car. Rs. 400. Quick Sale. Apply Box No. 1842, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2544

FOR SALE—English Double LEATHER BELTINGS 6in., 7in., 8in., 9in., 10in., 12in. and 14in. English Cast Iron Flanged PIPES 2½in., 3in., 4in., 5in., 6in. Please write to MANGALDAS JESINGBHAI, 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. R2526

FOR SALE—One new FORD CAR with detchable wire wheels and cushion covers used only three months as the gentleman leaves India shortly. Apply Box No. 1849, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2550

FOR SALE—One DORGE BROS. MOTOR CAR, 5 seater complete with E. Light Dynamo very little used in good condition. Apply to. THE MOTOR ACCESSORIES TRADING CO., Sandhurst Road, near Dongri. R2568

AN "All American" MOTOR LORRY CHASSIS, one ton capacity, pneumatic tyres front, solid tyres rear, lorry quite new, price Rs. 6,500 for quick sale:—STEWART-JACKS (Motors) LTD., 6 and 7, New Queen's Road. C8433

FOR SALE—30' by 7" by 160 lbs. pressure Brand New LANCASHIRE BOILER 300 I. H. P. CORLISS COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE. Also HYDRAULIC PUMPING ENGINE and 3 ton CART WEIGHING SCALES. Apply for details to ENGINEER AND CO., Pydhoni, Bombay. R2488

FOR SALE—GAMMETER MULTIGRAPH No. 4, prints innumerable typewrite copies, etc. Rebuilt Oliver No. 5 with B. S and Tab Rs. 170. Slightly used Blick Portable with T. case Rs. 100. Secondhand Oliver Rs 100, Brand New Fox Standard and Portable Typewriters. Eureka and Tagger Ribbons Carbons. Repairs a speciality. STANDARD TYPEWRITING CO., 259/261, Hornby Road opposite Messrs. COX & Co. Fort.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:

	Rs.
Remington No. 10, Brief Size ...	210
Remington No. 11 Brief Size	220
Remington No. 7, Rs. 100 No. 8 Brief	110
Rebuilt Oliver No. 9, Latest like new	185
Sun Portable Visible	85
Underwood No. 5 S/used Leather Case	210
Empire No. 2 latest Backspacer ...	140

7 lbs. Fox Portable Typewriter with Case. Speciol introductory low price of Rs. 150 only with Case. This offer is subject to change without notice. Best Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all Makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 86, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone 4869

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington 8, Rs. 90. 7, 2 Cols., 110	120
National Portable No. 3, with Case	125
Sun, Visible, Back Spacer, little used ...	150
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	190
Yost 20, latest, Brief, slightly used	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 210, 240	275
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy ...	290
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new	
L. C. Smith & Bros. 5, American Rebuilt.	275
Underwood Portable, with Case, New ...	215
Corona Folding No. 3, with Case, New ...	225
Underwood 5, latest, used few days	320
Remington 10, latest, used few days	350

NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO BE LET.

TO LET—Shops and Rooms in New building on the corner of Hains Road, just near Byculla Station and Tramway. Apply there or Rajaubhai Mehirally Khaduck. R2556

GODOWN large size 1,200 square feet and High 12 feet with air light TO LET at once. Apply to CHANDABHOY, 271, Bazar Gate, Fort. R2558

TO LET at Khetwadi 11th Lane in a newly and built buildings, well lighted and well ventilated double and single rooms for Hindu families also Motor Garages. For rent please apply to MEHTAJI on the spot. R2534

TO BE LET—Nice and airy FLATS moderate rates in the "Settlement' House, Procter Road. Apply MOONGALAL BANKEYLAL & CO., 116, Great Western Hotel Buildings, Fort, Bombay. R 2255 8040

TO BE LET.—A well ventilated FLOOR of an airy building on Khetwadi Main Road. Fit for show-rooms, offices, hospital or residence (for high-class Hindoos only). Please apply personally to the PRINCIPAL Imperial High School. 2540 R2540

TO BE LET.

TO LET—A splendid furnished BUNGALOW with rich furniture and a garden at Devlali known as Sir P. M. Mehta's Bungalow from 1st proximo. Apply P. P. SIDHWA, 22, Trinity Street, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. C8437

TO BE LET at Walkeshwar Road, storyed Bungalow with electric fittings, commanding excellent sea view, possession immediate. For rent etc. apply to Mr. TRIBHOVANDAS VURJIVANDAS, 5/7, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay. R2557

TO LET—MOTOR GARAGES at 426-432, Girgaum Road, Thakurdwar. Electric Light and Telephone. GROUND FLOOR 187-191, Old Modikhana, Fort. Stone-built, absolutely fire-proof, suitable for office, Soop, Godown or Motor-Garage; will be ready shortly; area about 260 square yards. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE, Nanjee Building, 17-18, Elphinstone Circle, Fort. R2461

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

21, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE FURNISHED BUNGALOWS AT DEOLALI.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNISHED BUNGALOWS KNOWN AS "JAR LODGE" AND "DADY HOUSE" BHAGOOR ROAD AT DEOLALI.

Under instructions from Messrs Paruck Co., Attorneys for the owners Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co, Auctioneers will on SUNDAY the 6th day of March, 1921 at 5 p.m. (S T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises at Deolali valuable bungalows known as "Jar Lodge" and "Dady House" fully furnished situated on Bhagoor Road at Deolali on land measuring 7,502 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Paruck & Co., Attorneys for the owners. their Office No. 52 in Medows Street, Fort or to the undersigned to whom private offers for the bungalows may be sent before the day of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers.

TO BACTERIOLOGISTS AND SURGEONS.

We have just received for sale, Microscope with oil emersion, High pressure stirrelizer Incubators gas and electric, beakers, test tubes, Ampoules, and glass wares for laboratory fittings, Hydodermic syringes, all glass and Record available.

Please apply for further particulars.

S. N. GUNDI, Bombay No. 4.
Telegrams: "GUNDISAN."
Telephone: No. 2411

OPTIMISM

as a philosophy is of value to the People who cultivate it. Those who have a way of looking on the bright side of things—of seeking for the best in life are indeed happy in themselves and a delight to their fellows. Their influence is stimulating and invigorating; their presence tends to the promotion of geniality and goodwill. It is however, well to remember that a sane optimistic outlook may be clouded by indiffierent health. The state of the digestive organization, for example, frequently exercises a depressing influence upon the mind, and the outlook is affected accordingly. Dyspeptic conditions bring dark days—days of gloom and frequently of despondency. On the other hand a healthy appetite facilitates the discovery of an open horizon and a brighter view. The importance of maintaining the tone of the digestive system is generally recognised, and it should be universally known that one of the best medicinal aids towards this end is Beecham's Pills. Depression and despondency in so far as they are caused by disordered digestion, may be speedily dispelled by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Sole everywhere

in boxes, price 1s 3d and 3s 0d

IVORY WORKS

125, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.

Ghosh Dastider & Co.,

Manufacturers of:—

Ivory Brooch with names Re. 1, Buttons, Chains, Combs, Bangles, Toys, etc. Repairings are undertaken. Special rates to wholesale buyers.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COTTON.

Liverpool, 23rd Feb 1921
To-day's prices.

			Bales.
Total Days Sales at Liverpool			3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			—
" " Sales of East Indians			50
" " Imports			—
Mid American Spot fair enquiry			8.46
Egyptain Fully Good Sakels			15 60
New York 11 a.m (As known in Liverpool at closing time	Mar.		12 87
	May		13 45
	July		13.90
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Mar.		12 65
	July		—

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, 23rd Feb. 1921
To-day's prices

M.G. Bengal Good			4 35
" " Fully Good			4 85
" " Fine			5 10
Shownuggar, Good			—
" " Fully Good			—
" " Fine			—
No. 1 Oomra Good			5 85
" " " Fully Good			6 35
" " " Fine			6.60
M.G, No. 1 Oomra, Good			—
" " " Fine			—
" Broach Good			7.15
" " " Fully Good			7 40
" " " Fine			7 75
" Scinde, Good			4.23
" " " Fully Good			4.72
" " Fine			4 88

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, 23rd Feb. 1921
To-day's prices

Feb.	12 00
Mar.	11 60
Apl.	11 75
May	11 85
June	12.00
July	12.10
Aug.	12.40
Sept.	12.65
Oct.	12.90
Nov.	12.90

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool 23rd Feb. 1921
To-day's prices.

Months.	
Feb.	7 95
Mar.	8.00
Apl.	8 12
May	8 30
June	8.35
July	8 53
Aug.	8 58
Sep.	8 64
Oct.	8.68
Nov.	8.71
Dec.	8 74
Jan.	8.76

Tone:—Quiet

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Liverpool, 23rd Feb. 1921
To-day's prices

Months.	
Feb	—
Mar	8·13
Apl.	—
May	8.37
June	—
July	8 57
Aug.	—
Sep.	—
Oct.	8 68
Nov.	—
Dec.	—
Jan.	8.70

Prices taken at 10-10 a. m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES

London, 24th February 1921

Telegraphic Transfers	— 1/3 5/8 Steadi
Bar Silver Spot	— 32 Unself
Bar Gold—	— 105/11 Quiet

New York, 24th February 1921
To-day's Prices

Mar.	12.27
May	12.77
July	13.24

Liverpool, 24th Feb 1921

March	7 58
May	7 92
July	8 18
October	8 40

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JAVA SUGAR.

London Feb, 24th 1921.
To-day's price

Fine White Java C & F. Calcutta Feb. Mar. Sellers	41
Fine White Java C & F. Bombay Feb. Mar. Sellers	43/6
Fine White Java C. & F Karachi Feb Mar. Sellers	41 9

Very slow demand, weakness in rupee.

BOMBAY MARKETS

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Feb. 25.

Owing to lower advices reported from New York the Marwari Bazar opened easy this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach at Rs. 297 and gradually declined to Rs. 293½. It then advanced to Rs. 298 which was the rate at 3 p.m. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 298½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 297½ and after touching Rs. 295½ closed at Rs. 296½.

Our market for ready cotton remains very quiet in consequence of continued lower advices from Home markets. About 1,000 Bs. of old and new cotton are reported to have been sold yesterday.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 5-30 p.m.

Bombay, Feb, 75th.

				Rs.
Fully Good Broach	—	April-May	—	296 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	—	March	—	197
Fully Good Bengal	—	May		296
Fine Oomra's	—	March	—	293
"	—	May	—	247 1 2

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

QUOTATIONS.

Bombay Feb, 27th.

Fully Good M G Bengal	—	March	—	1 9
" "	—	May	—	296
Fully Good M G Broach	—	April-May		294
Fine M. G, Oomras	—	March	—	234
" "	—	May	—	241

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay Feb, 25th

Description,	Super-fine	F G Good,	Delivery, fine		
M.G, Bengal	210	215	200	—	—
M,G, Sind Punjab	220	215	200	—	"
M,G, Oomra No, 4	—	230	215	—	"
M,G, Central P No, 1	285	275	260	—	"
M,G, Central P No, 2	—	255	240	—	"
M,G, Khandeish No, 6	—	2'5	203	—	"
Broach	185	2'5	265	—	"

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 24th February 1921.

	Rs.	
Cotton	17,893	Bales
Wheat	19,516	Cwts.
Linseed	957	"
Rapeseed	122	"
Gingellyseed	2213	"
Poppyseed	Nil	"
Groundnuts	7358	"
Castorseed	6397	"
Rice	13,463	"
Myrabollams	1163	"
Cottonseed	22,979	"
Mowraseed	Nil	"
Gram	1422	"
Juwar	Nil.	"
Masur	Nil.	"
Barley	699	"
Bajra	1356	"
Coal	2,816	Tons

THE METAL MERCHANTS Co.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations,

Feb. 25th 1921.

	per mds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	81	0	0
Do.	1	83	0	0
Do.	1¼	80	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	80	0	0
Do.	1¾	80	0	0
Do.	2	80	0	0

COPPER RATE.

Feb, 25th 1921

	Per Mod,	Rs,	a,	p.
Copper	3/4	77	0	0
Do,	1/	81	8	0
Do,	1¼	83	0	0
Do,	1 1,2	85	0	0
Do,	1¾	84	0	0
Do,	2/	82	0	0
Japanese Copper Barrs				
Panch teka Joint	26	0	0	
Copper English Barrs	52	0	0	
Brass-Barrs	34	0	0	
Lead	62	0	0	

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Feb. 25th 1921,
Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3 1/8
Bank Denand	1-3 3/16
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1-3 7/8
Fes, Demand	336
American Dollars	416
Hongkong Dollars	190
Shanghai	914
Japan	197
Singapore	180 1/2

Market:—Wick.

PIECE-GOODS.

Feb. 25.

The Cloth Markets were closed on Monday and Wednesday owing to the "hartal", and the week under review has therefore been a short one. The demand has been conspicuous by its absence. Rupee rates have been nominally maintained, but the undertone has been weak, and sellers are ready to quote easier prices to bona-fide buyers. 26 inches White Nainsooks are drugs in the market and some lots have changed hands at fair reductions in prices. White Shirtings which were, some time back, sold at Rs. 32 have fetched Rs. 20-8 only in the present state of the market. White Mulls have remained steady. Grey Shirtings, Jaconets and Drills have not shown any change, the business in these being at a standstill.

The Manchester Market has been inactive

(Continued on next page.)

THE WEATHER.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 25th February 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear at Rawal Pindi but are likely to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in considerable defect at Hissar. Day temperature remains unusually high the excess above normal amounting on an average to 20° over the division; night temperature is also above the average in the north and the southwest.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear Humidity is in excess at Cawnpore and in defect at Agra. Day temperature is higher than usual night temperature is nearly moral.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly coloured in lower Sind and North Rajputana The air is drier than usual except at Karachi where humidity is in excess. Day temperature remains unusually high in upper Sind and Rajputana the excess above the normal amounting to 12° on an average; night temperature is nearly normal.

Gujarat Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are heavily clouded at Dwarka and lightly clouded at Bhuj. Humidity is in excess at these two stations and is in defect elsewhere. Day temperature is considerably higher than usual except at Dwarka where it is normal; night temperature is below normal at Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual except at Chanda where humidity is in excess. Day temperature is higher than usual; night temperature is below normal at Khandwa and Chanda but above it at Saugor.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear and humidity and night temperature are nearly normal. Day temperature is slightly higher than usual at Ratnagiri and Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear, Humidity is in defect in the north Bombay Deccan and north Hyderabad and is in excess at Belgaum. Day temperature is above normal at Aurangabad and Ahmednagar; night temperature is lower than usual at Malegaon and Poona, the latter station reporting a minimum temperature of 50° which is 8° below the normal.

General Remarks.—No rain has fallen. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the extreme south and over north Baluchistan, the Punjab, north Rajputana, lower Sind and west Kathiawar but fine clear weather prevails over the rest of the reporting area. Day temperature continues to remain unusually high over the northern half of the reporting area.

Forecast.—No large change is likely.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 24th February 1921.

Weather has been dry. Temperature continues high in northwest India.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 25TH FEB. 1921.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Readings of Dry Bulb at 8 hours	Readings of Wet Bulb at 8 hours	Humidity. 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Since 1st June to date	Since 1st November to date.
SIND AND—						
Hazara	71	67	74	1.58	4.54	—1.42
Do. (S.S.)	67	59	72	2.88	4.64	—1.54
Jacobabad	77	60	35	0.00	6.00	—3.04
Do. ( )						
Mukhtar	71	67	88		0.17	—2.78
Do. (S.S.)	81	66	73		0.17	2.76
PUNJAB—						
Multan	88	63	55	5.53	0.06	—1.64
Rawalpindi	63	51	75	0.64	2.55	—3.49
Lahore	79	55	53	0.69	0.01	2.46
Hissar	82	50	43	0.10	0.11	—1.27
Amritsar	76	54	57	0.68	0.34	—0.97
Delhi	86	55	56	0.00	1.33	—1.80
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	80	58	56	0.38	1.56	+0.67
Muaipuri	83	54	52	0.00	2.53	—0.69
Jhansi	92	54	40	0.00	2.36	+0.04
Cawnpore	87	55	50	0.00	2.51	+0.72
Allahabad	85	54	59	0.00	2.04	+0.14
CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR						
Jubbulpore	88	55	53	0.00	1.19	—1.64
Saugor	94	58	48	0.00	0.89	—1.72
Hoshangabad	92	64	54	0.00	0.80	—0.80
Khandwa	97	62	51	0.00	0.46	—0.65
Akola	98	64	46	0.00	0.46	—0.68
Amraoti	96	66	55	0.00	0.46	—1.28
Nagpur	95	57	39	0.00	0.89	—1.79
Chanda	95	66	48	0.00	0.06	—1.75
Raipur	91	60	47	0.00	1.80	+0.05
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86	73	62	0.00	0	—0.82
Ratnagiri	94	70	54	0.00	0	—0.64
Marmugoa	88	73	61	0.00	0.13	—0.66
Karwar	87	70	70	0.00	0	—2.14
DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Hyderabad	95	51	24	0.00	0	—1.02
Malegaon	85	66	60	0.00	0.12	—1.75
Poona	94	59	34	0.00	0	—1.15
Sholapur	95	66	55	0.00	0.00	—1.48
Belgaum	93	66	61	0.00	0	—1.24
Satara	90	61	57	0.00	0.07	—1.19
Aurangabad	95	59	40	0.00	0	—1.24
Nanmabad (Indian)	94	54	38	0.00	0.48	—0.84
Hyderabad	90	58	52	0.00	0.01	—1.48
SOUTHERN MAHRATTA AND SOUTH MARATHA—						
Mangalore	89	73	74	0.00	4.77	+2.32
Calicut	84	70	75	0.00	8.60	+2.38
Cochin	90	71	58	0.00	16.25	+6.95
Colombo	87	69	72	0.00	27.05	4.01
MADRAS DECCAN AND MALABAR—						
Kodaikanal	66	50	76	0.00	1.72	—4.96
Coimbatore	94	64	48	0.00	0.34	—1.95
Madras	85	66	61	0.00	3.10	1.81
Bangalore	86	65	54	0.00	26.07	+15.25
Cuddalore	90	74	73	0.00	11.64	+5.88
Trichinopoly	92	66	52	0.00	27.21	+19.98
Negapatam	85	79	76	0.00	66.40	+26.44

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BOMBAY MARKET.

(Continued from previous page.)

and several makers are in want of work. As forward business with Bombay dealers is out of the question at present, the makers and shippers will have to turn their attention to other markets. It is understood that the Textile Industrial Council at Bradford is immediately proceeding to notify the reduction of wages throughout the whole of the textile industry in proportion to the recent reduction in the cost of living. The Cotton Reconstruction Committee at Manchester has decided to continue the payment of unemployment benefits to one hundred and thirty thousand operatives until March 31st. American and Egyptian cotton prices are gradually declining, and all sorts of suggestions are being made to check the fall. The reduction in the acreage of American cotton has been proposed and the Cooperative Syndicate, which was formed last month for the purpose of holding two million cantars of Egyptian cotton with the assistance of the banks, has now approached the Premier in order to urge the Government to buy two million cantars so as to force up prices. The local Cloth Market has been dull and quiet and the rate stands between Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 1-9 per lb. It is reported that a Marwari dealer, who recently died, had made purchases from the mills of about twelve thousand bales, out of which two thousand are in stock. It is said that these goods will be sold by auction which will cause a general depression in the market. In view of this, it is understood that the Committee of the Country Fancy Piece-goods Merchants' Association have decided to convene a general meeting of their members to recommend them to resolve that, in view of the gradual but steady decrease in prices of local mill cloths and the consequent sales by public auction on account of merchants which is prejudicial to the general interest, they should not bid at such auction sales. It is also understood that Punjabi and Marwari merchants will be asked to pass similar resolutions and it is confidently hoped they will do so. It will be interesting to note that at a meeting of the Karachi Sundries Merchants' Association on Sunday, the following resolution was passed:—"No member of the Association should purchase by private sale unless the seller gives it in writing that the goods belong to him or to the maker and are not sold on account of any dealer. Any one giving a clue of indirect purchase at an auction or at a private sale, shall be rewarded with a prize of 25 per cent. of the amount realized as penalty by the Association."

The Cloth Markets will be closed on Monday next as that day is to be observed as a "hartal."

THE EXCHANGE PROBLEM.

A general meeting of the Bombay Native Piece-goods Merchants' Association was held on Sunday last to reconsider the present situation in regard to the Exchange. The Hon. Mr. Munmohandas Ramji, who presided, appealed to the members to remain firm and not to clear the bills unless the position was stabilised, and advised the dealers that if the firms tried to get at individual members they should be careful not to settle any business direct, but to insist on the firms approaching in the first instance the Association. The meeting finally reiterated its determination to adhere to the position they had already taken up, and a Committee was appointed to carry on counteracting propaganda on behalf of the Association. It is understood that a memorandum will shortly be issued by this Committee explaining the real situation and refuting the unjust allegations of bad faith and lack of commercial morality on the part of Bombay merchants. The attitude taken up by the members is not one of repudiating their contracts, but, they say, it is merely one of accommodation, as their hands have been forced by events over which they have no control. There are some merchants who question the validity of a large number of the contracts owing to misrepresentation on the part of the sellers, as several orders were obtained by the sellers, assuring that the exchange would remain high owing to the new policy of the Government. They further ask whether it is honest to accept orders when Exchange is high, refuse to guarantee the time of delivery, refuse to quote in terms of rupees, force dealers to accept the risks of exchange and also debar them from remitting money against forward purchases on account of the inability to know when the goods will be delivered. One of the dealers has made a suggestion that the import duty of 7½ per cent. should be increased to 50 per cent. in the new budget, so that there may be a decrease in the imports and result in a consequent higher exchange. The rate of exchange has been steadily declining, which means that the loss has been increasing. The rise in gold, the decline in silver, the increase in imports, and the decrease in exports have tended to depress the rate of exchange. Remittances have been very few. Owing to the heavy fluctuations in the rate of exchange, when business will be reopened, merchants will have to consider whether it is not advisable to make forward purchases at rupee prices in the same way as English firms abroad purchase Indian crops in sterling rates.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under

**GREY SHIRTI — **

	Ins	Yds	Rs	a	p
Ralli's Fan No. [illegible]		39 × 37½/8	15	12	0
" 106, 6/2		45 × "	18	4	0
" No 83,085		45 × "	17	0	0
" 2464		37 × "	14	0	0
Graham's No. 8712		32 × "	12	2	0
" Yellow Horse		43 × 36			
" No. 2810		44 × 38½			
Dewhurst "B&B"		38 × "	28	0	0
" "B.D"		"	22	8	0
" "Rupee No. 3		38 × "			
Bator No. 12355"		41 × 37½/8	32	0	0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2525		44 × 33½			
" No. 1506		39 × 37½/8	15	8	0
" No. 5504		33 × 37½/8	10	0	0
Ritchie's No. 519		39 × 37½/8	12	0	0
" " 4463		41 × "	12	8	0
" " 1506		33 × 37/37½	9	8	0
Murher " 551		38 × 37½/8			
Lyon's "BlueKey"		33 × "	15	6	0
Fleming's No. 1035		40 × 39	21	8	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's "Dragon"	23 × 40	30	0	0
Ralli's Masjid No. 428	28 × 40	18	0	0
Mitsui's "Elephant"	28 × 40	27	0	0

GREY JACONETS —

Ralli's No. 13	45 × 22	10	12	0
" " 78	40 × 22	8	12	0
" " 1789	40 × 22	7	12	0
" " 1036	44 × 22	9	12	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Lieppass's No. 1586	32 × 42	21	8	0
H.B.T.C. 40000	36 × 40	26	0	0
H.B.T.C.28000	"	28	0	0
Ralli's No. 9889	33 × 40	20	8	0
Forbes K.B. 100	35 × 40			
" 151	33 × 40	20	8	0
Fleming's No. 7188	39 × 26	9	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's H. & S.	41 × 18	16	4	0
" No. 60	46 × 18	11	4	0
" No. 662	51 × 18	17	4	0
" No. 6008	56 × 18	13	12	0
" No. 88	52 × 20	10	12	0
" No. 1479	27 × 18	4	8	0
" No. 915	36 × 20	19	8	0
" No 250 (6 lines)	64 × 20			
" No. 350 (6 lines)	"	16	0	0
" No. 235 (6 lines)	60 × 20	17	8	0
" No. 435 (6 lines)	"	17	8	0
" No. 1440	36 × 22	7	12	0
" No. 1359	40 × 20	14	4	0
" No. 2755	"	15	8	0
" No. 1708	53 × 20	20	0	0
Ritchie's No. 1358	27 × 18	4	8	0
" No. 119	27 × 18	9	12	0
" No. 250	42 × 16	7	4	0
" No. 880	47 × 18	7	12	0
" M/4M 36," 44," 46,"	54 × 18	8	10	0
" No 03	58 × 20	10	12	0
" No 66299	40 × 18	7	8	0
" No 84299	"	7	8	0
" No 775	40 × 18	7	8	0
" No 875	45 × 18	8	8	0
" No 975	50 × 18	8	12	0
" No. 615	"	8	12	0
Graham's "Baloon"	52 × 20	10	12	0
" " No. 142	34 × 18	10	8	0
" " No. 420	38 × 18	10	8	0
Greaves' No. 5060	37 × 18	4	2	0
Fleming's No. 8883	37 × 18	4	2	0

HITKEMAINBOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	37 × 18	6	8	0
" Nos. 61/81	"			
" No. 1900	"	4	10	0
" No. 25620 T.B.	39 × 22	9	4	0
Graham's Nos. 88/9688	26 × 18	6	12	0
" 95950/97970				
" Saraswati"	35 × 18	11	8	0
" "Tipoo" W/W W W	34 × 18	7	8	0
" No. 50000	"	8	8	0
" Nos. 82540/83350/82860	"	9	2	0
Lyon's Nos. 4545/5006/6767	26 × 18			
Greaves' Nos. 50000/50000	"	5	2	0
" No. 8000 T.B.	38 × 22	9	4	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5530	26 × 18	5	8	0
B. W. & Co.'s Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car"	"	5	0	0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	"			

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3½ per cent on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods

STOCK OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 41,506 bales and 48-133 cases of cotton piece-goods as on 31st January last, which shows an increase of 1,631 bales and 5,767 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of Cotton Twist and Yarns on the 31st January stands at 10,224 packages, which shows a decrease of 320 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries during January last have been 16,996 packages of cotton piece-goods and 4,956 packages of Yarns. The imports during January, 1921, of cotton piece-goods have been 24,394 packages, and of cotton Twist and Yarns 4,636 packages, including those from Japan.

STOCK OF COTTON PIECE-GOODS IN BOMBAY WAREHOUSES.

On the last day of the month.	In 1919. Bales.	Cases.	Totals
Jan.	54,249	9,253	63,502
Feb.	53,851	8,650	62,501
March	52,488	7 857	60,340
April	48,430	7,136	55,566
May	44 369	5 940	50,309
June	36,475	5,144	41,617
July	33,071	4,998	37,765
Aug.	34 190	4,782	38,972
Sept.	35,228	5,432	40,660
Oct.	31,620	4,931	36,551
Nov.	27,576	5,97	21,9 3
Dec.	23,019	3,175	26,194

HOME MARKETS.

Feb. 25.

Home markets during the week under review show a further heavy decline as will be seen from the table below. This heavy decline is due to Manchester trade accounts being worse than ever, there being little chance of improvement at present. They expect the market to decline further:—

Liverpool Spot 1921...	9.06	8.60	— 46
New York Spot 1921...	14.20	13.20	—100
Liverpool March 1921	8.80	7.58	—122
Liverpool May 1921...	9.00	7.92	—108
New York March 1921	13.32	12.27	—105
New York May 1921...	13.82	12.77	—105

LOCAL MARKETS.

On the 18th Fully Good Broach for April-May, 1921, opened in the Bazar at Rs. 311 went up to Rs. 314 on the same day and gradually declined to Rs. 302/8 on the 24th instant, thus showing a drop of Rs. 12 only compared with the heavy decline in the Home markets. We were strongly recommending our constituents to sell Broach when it was Rs. 340 and we still recommend them to sell as we expect it to touch Rs. 250 to Rs. 275 in the near future in consequence of expected further decline in Home markets.

Fine Oomras for March and May opened at Rs. 251 and at Rs. 261 respectively, went up to Rs. 252 and Rs. 264 and gradually declined to Rs. 237½ and Rs. 252 on the 24th instant.

In the same way Fully Good Bengal for March opened at Rs. 209 and at Rs. 216 on the 18th and declined to Rs. 200/1 for March and at Rs. 207/8 for May on the 24th instant.

During the week under review the inquiry for ready cotton was rather poor owing to continued decline from Home markets with advices of further decline from the other side. We recommend our friends to sell off their holdings as we expect a further good decline in the near future.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES.

Stocks and Deliveries of Cotton, Silk and Woollen Piece-goods and Yarns, also of Copper and Yellow Metal Sheets (including deliveries from Docks sheds to Railway-sidings.)

Description		A Stock on 31st Dec. 1920.	B* Imports during Jan. 1921.	C Stock on 31st Jan. 1921	D Approximate total deliveries during Jan. 1921.	E Increase or Decrease of Stock as compared with previous month.	Corresponding Stocks on 31st Jan. 1920	1919	1919	1917	1916
(1) Cotton Piece-goods	Bales.	§ 39,875	15,113	41 5 6	§ 13,482	§ +1631	21.117	54,249	34,550	22,15[illegible]	37,492
(2) Cotton Piece-goods	Cases.	42,366	5,281	48,133	3,514	+5 767	4,394	9,253	10,162	33,734	37,068
(3) Silk and Woollen Piece-Goods	Bales.	1,374	205	1.442	138	+68	738	1,460	1001	586	884
(4) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Cases	3,135	2,425	3,436	2.124	+301	848	1,370	1,140	1,334	1,001
(5) Cotton Twist and Yarns	Packages.	10,544	4 636	10,224	4 956	+3 0	2,112	19345	4,263	7,616	5.695
(6) Silk and Woollen Twist and Yarns	Packages.	3,129	1475	2,937	1667	+192	2,291	4,588	3,019	3,414	3,215
(7) Copper—Brazier	Tons.	1 989	309	1.908	390	—21	185	261	771	2,089	3,351
(8) Yellow Metal—Brazers	Tons.	2,191	581	2.166	606	+25	230	63[illegible]	211	718	1,[illegible]2∞

* B. Including imports from Japan as follows:—(1) 6,881, (2) 45, (3) Nil, (4) 592, (5) 1966, (6) 356, (7) Nil, (8) 5. § Corrected.

N.B.—Approximate Total Deliveries (Column D) are arrived at by adding Column A and Column B and deducting therefrom Column C. It should be noted, however, that the figures in Column B are obtained from the Bills of Entry and that the goods which they represent may not have been actually received in the Docks during the month named. The Total Delivery Figures, therefore while working out correctly in the long run, can only be considered as approximate in regard to each particular month.

CHEMICAL MARKET.

Feb. 25.

Inquiries have been on the whole poor. Bleaching powder only kept in demand. X. U. A. quality, however, is not freely available, and hence, is quoted at Rs. 40 per cwt. Caustic Soda 98 per cent. is quoted at Rs. 35. Sodium Sulphide has witnessed a further renewed weakness in rate. Brown sugar of lead also declined by a rupee or so per cwt. Litharge has no animation. Bichromate of soda and potash kept dull. Farina is ruling very steady. Sago, too, has no noteworthy changes. Maize starch arrived in large lots recently.

The quotations from Home for the following chemicals are as follows:—

Maize Starch Pearl American, £29 per ton; German Farina, £28 (ton); Sodium, £35; Caustic Soda 98 per cent, £41; Epsom Salt, £10; Eng. Magnesium Chloride, £14; German Magnesium, £12; Bleaching Powder, £25; Dexterine, £45; Solid Zinc Chloride £43; Brown Sugar of Lead, £60; Alumina Sulphate, £25 (all quotations C.I.F. Bombay).

MILL-STORE MARKET.

Feb. 25.

Nothing fresh has transpired in the market. The Leather sundries, such as Picking-Bands, Pickers, Skins and Buffers, kept very quiet. Demand was as usual, though no lively features were evident.

Among cotton goods, Healds and Bandings have fair inquiry. A few consignments have been arriving from England. Healds are now offered at 44-48d. per 800 eyes, however, the rate of exchange has been more ruinous to importers still. A further weakness in the rate of Exchange will create a nervous situation among the merchants who have booked large orders basing their calculations at 1-4d.

Among Shuttles and Bobbins, Japanese Shuttles witnessed no demand. Slubbings, too, had a poor inquiry. Ring-Rabbeth has an inquiry from local mills. Conical and weft pirns kept dull.

The quotations are as follows:—
Healds, Rs. 3-4.
Reeds, Re. 0-5.
Sizing Flannels K, Rs. 7.
Spring Buffers, Rs. 2-3.
Shuttles (Eng) 14½, Rs. 40.
Shuttles (Jap) 14½, Rs. 20.
Rowing Bobbins, Rs. 40.
Universal Pirn, Rs. 10.
Ring Rabbeth 5in., Rs. 16.
Banding Rim 1in., Rs. 2-6.
Cylinder fillets, Rs. 1-12.
Doffer fillets, Rs. 1-12.
Box-end-Spring, Rs. 16.
Dobby Spring 12 by ¾in., Rs. 35.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay wheat and Seeds daily Quotation Bazaar Rates

February, 25th 1921.

Ready	Bazaar Terms Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70 30	61	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70–30	60	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla —	63	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi —	9	0	0
Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore —	9	0	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore —	10	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold — —	13	0	0
Linseed, Brown Thin — —	12	8	0
Teelseed, White 85-15 — —	75	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75–25 — —	70	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50–50 — —	65	0	0
Teelseed, Black— — —	60	0	0
Poppyseed White — —	13	8	0
Groundnuts — — —	63	0	0
Mowrased — — —	7	12	0
Barley— — —	51	0	0
Castorseed, — — —	50	0	0
Forward	Rs	a	p
Wheat May — — —	8	13	4
Wheat June-July — —			
Wheat Aug, Sept, — —			
Wheat Oct Nov, — —			
Linseed May — — —	14	11	3
Linseed, Sept — —		—	
Linseed Dec — —		—	
Rapeseed April-May — —		—	
Rapeseed June-July — —		—	
Teelseed Gajar 85 15 — —		—	
Deo, Jan, — —		—	
Teelseed Gajar 50 50 — —		—	
Deo Jan. — —		—	
Wheat Oct. Nov. — —		—	
Linseed Sept. — —		—	
Linseed Dec — —		—	

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Feb. 25.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 29-2-0.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 90.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/3.
D. D. on London 1/3 1/16.
3 Mst D. A. 1/3 5/8.
D. D. on Paris Frc. 335.
3 M/st D. A. Frc. 375.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 198.
60 D/st D. P. Rs. 180.
American Cross rate $3.89.
Paris cross rate Frc. 54.50.
London Silver apot D. 32.
London Silver forward D. 32.
German Marcks about 236½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 77.
5½ War Bonds due 1920-22 99.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 67.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 55.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 62.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 62.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1629-49 96.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 62.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91½ to 92½.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 90.

SHARES.

Market was steady owing to the speculative purchases ¾.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd, Advance 2400, By. Dyeing 3260, By. Cotton 1035, Cebtury 1250, Cob. India 3960, Colaba Land 2550, Crescent 522/8, Currimbhoy 1257/8, David 1580, Fazulbhoy 2150, Finlay 1040, Ind. Bleaching 190, Ind. Malwa 602/8 x.d., Kasturchand 1600, Kohinoor 3285, New Great 732/8, Pearls 915, Phoenix 985, Shapurji 302/8, Swan 1015, Swadeshi 4040, Simplex 710.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 715, By. Burma 565, By. Burma N. I. 175, pr, Bi. Burma Petrol, 16, By. Steam 315, By. Tramway 702/8, Bundi Cement 44, Ind. Cement 340, Katni Ord 225, Katni Defd 1230, New India Ins. 4 dis, Shivrajour 37, Tata Ord 40, Tata Defd 675, Steam 19½ dis.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24.

The market to-day for coal shares has ruled quiet but prices generally were fairly well maintained. Jute shares were dull except for a strong inquiry at the opening of the market for Howrahs but owing to profit-taking these closed easier. In the miscellanous section there was not much doing beyond an inquiry for Anglo Oriental which again registered an advance. The following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bengal 980 s.l., Burrakur 55-8 and 53-8 s.l., Caledonian 10-8, Ghusick 25, Neetoria 13, New Beerbhoom 41. Raneegunge 64, Sendra 32.

Jute:—Benjamin 4 discount, Craig 8-4 and 8 s.l., Gourepore 1125 s.l., Howrah 45-12, Kamarhatty 995, Kanknarrah 538 s.l., Kinnison 1100, National 342, Reliance 48

Miscellaneous:—Agra United Mills 8-8, Anglo Oriental Navigation 28-4, Auckland Jute (deb) 97, Assam Saw Mills 9, Baraset Basirhat Light Railway 64, Bengal Brass 3-8, Bengal Bridge and Bolts 8-4 s.l., British India Corporation 10-4, Britannia Engineering 9-8, British India Tobacco 4-8, Clive Jute (deb.) 90, Dunbar Cotton 536, G. McKenzie and Coy. 9-8, Hume Pipe 11, Hatirkool Oil 8-12, Indian Iron and Steel 80, Indian Standard Wagon 83, Keseram Cotton 16-12, Khasia Mines 7-4, Lawrence Jute (deb) 88. New Savan Sugar 9-12, Premier Oil 9/8, Reliance Fire Brick and Pottery 20-4, Tata Industrial Bank 3-8 prem, Thorncroft India Ltd. 6-14, Tinnevelly Textile 17-10.

Government paper three and half per cent was quoted at Rs. 55-2 and small lots were done at Rs. 55-8. War bonds short loans at 99-12, 1925 at 99 and 1928 at 99-4.

Imperial Bank rate for demand loans remains unchanged being seven per cent.

MIXED ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL

The following communique has been issued by the Government of India:—

The Mixed Arbitral Tribunal to be established between the United Kingdom on the one hand and Germany on the other hand under Article 304 of the Treaty of Versailles has been constituted and is about to begin work in London. The President of the Tribunal is Professor Eugene Borel, a Swiss jurist and Professor of Public and International Law in the University of Geneva. The British and German members are respectively Mr. R. E. L. Vaughan Williams, K.C., of Lincoln's Inn, and Dr. jur. Adolph Nicolaus Zacharias, Senatspresident of the Hanseatic Oberlandesgericht.

The rules of procedure of the Tribunal and the announcement on the subject issued by the Board of Trade, have been published for general information in the Gazette of India dated the 19th February 1921, with Resolution No. 1439, dated the 17th February 1921. Printed copies of these rules of procedure may be purchased from the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, 8 Hastings Street, Calcutta. They should be read in conjunction with the provisions of the India Treaty of Peace Order, 1920, published in Legislative Department Notification No. 68, dated the 6th July, 1920.

It has been decided that no separate division of the Tribunal for India should be constituted at present, and any claims from India, which it may eventually be found necessary to submit to the Tribunal should be forwarded to the British Secretary to the Tribunal at 21, St. James Square, London, S.W. 1. With a view, however, to avoiding legal proceedings so far as possible, the Controller of the Local Clearing Office in India (Enemy Debts), Delhi is prepared to receive claims for compensation under Article 297 of the Treaty of Versailles from British nationals in India and notwithstanding their notification to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, to present them to the German Authorities for the purpose of effecting agreements. Failing such agreement, it will be necessary for the claimant to take proceedings to establish his claim before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal. Forms and instructions may be obtained from the Controller.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Feb. 25.

S S H M S Malaya, Buller, Penang.
S S Lepanto, Profumo, Venice.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S Gurna, David, Calcutta.
S S Toyo Maru, Murata, Calcutta.
S S Malacca Maru, Surakushu, Calcutta.
S S Patella, Gibson, Rangoon.
S S Naldera, Lewellin, London.
S S Mantua, Poterson, Sydney.

S S Lepanto:—The V S N Co's steamer Lepanto, 2891 tons, Captain G Profumo, arrived in harbour yesterday from Venice, with a general cargo.

S S Toyo Maru:—The K N Co's steamer Toyo Maru, 2279 tons, Captain S Murata, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with ballast.

S S Patella:—The S W Co's steamer Patella 3501 tons, Captain G A Gibson, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with ballast.

S S Gurna:—The B I S N Co's steamer Gurna, 3227 tons, Captain R David, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta with ballast.

S S Malacca Maru:—The N Y K steamer Malacca Maru, 3227 tons, Captain H T Surakrishu, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with same bottom cargo.

S S Naledra:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Naldera, 8793 tons, Captain H G H Lewellin, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mantua:—The P and O S N Co's Australian mail steamer Mantua, 5889 tons, Captain W A Potterson, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Australia, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Feb. 25.

S S Castalia for Liverpool:—8 bales cotton, R D Tata and Co; 100 bales hemp, Forbes F Campbell and Co; 107 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 33 casks condiment, Manekjee Poonjaji; 50 bales cotton, C Parakh and Co; 73 bales cotton, V A Save; 17 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.

S S Castalia for Glasgow:—19 tons cotton seed, J Gonsalves.

S S Nuralia for London:—2 bundles woollen carpets, Forbes F Campbell; 100 cwts raisins, Hoare Miller and Co; 3 bales woollen carpets, Coutts and Co; 37 cwts caraway seed, Kulkarni Lele and Co.

S S Nuralia for Antwerp:—220 bales cotton, Forbes F Campbell and Co; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 56 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Vechtdijk for Hamburg:—1000 cwts ajawan seed, Volkart Bros; 1 bale cow hides, Jeena and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killachand Devchand; 55 bales cotton, Patel Bros.

S S Vechtdijk for Rotterdam:—12 casks fish oil, H Blascheck and Co.

S S Cracovia for Trieste:—55 bales cotton, Patel Bros; 55 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

S S Dongala for London:—60 cwts chutney, N K Jussawala.

S S Bielfeld for rNagasaki:—400 bales cotton, Osaka Menka Kaisha.

S S Bielfeld for Nagasaki:—400 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Bielfeld for Shanghai:—100 bales catton, R D Tata and Co; 550 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Bielfeld for Osaka:—27 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Bielfeld for Kobe:—352 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Kawachi Maru for Kobe:—2000 bales cotton, N W K Kaisha.

S S Kawachi Maru for Yokohama:—100 bales cotton N M K Kaisha.

S S Kawachi Maru for Nagaski:—100 bales cotton, N M Kaisha.

S S Kawachi Maru for Yakeachi:—500 bales cotn N M Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, Gosho K. Kaisha.

S S Kawachi Maru for Shanghai:—500 bales cotton, Yuasa C Trading Co.; 2000 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Kasado Maru for Kobe:—88 bale scotton, R D Tata and Co.; 21 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

S S Kasado Maru for Yakohama:—500 bales cotton, Yakohama K aisha; 150 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Kasado Maru for YYakoachi:—200 bales cotton, Yakohama K Kaisha

S S Kasada Maru for Osaka:—200 bales cotton Yokohama K Kaisha; 50 bales cotton, Ralli Bros

IMPORTS.

Feb 25.

S S Vechtdijk from Hamburg. Agents E. D. Sassoon and Co.:—176 cases glassware, cases wool, 109 cases cotton goods, 200 bags epsom salt, 200 cases resine; 125 bags bitter salt; 991 bags broken tiles; 191 cases glass bangles, 510 crates tiles, 17 cases alzarine dry, 70 cases liquer 17 cases locks; 525 cases brandy; 29 casks alzarine color; 15 cases pencil; 255 cases sheer; 12 cases padlock; 59 cases paper, 14 cases leonie wave 121 cases anline color 154 casks anline color 1101 kegs colours, 12 cases colours, 900 cases cheese.

Kasado Maru from Osaka. Agents Osaka Shosen Kaisha.:—975 cases sulphur matches, 160 cases cotton yarn, 100 bales cotton yarn; 224 bags patato starch; 3 cases burhers, 10 cases padlocks, 40 bales matting, 6 bags betal nut 3692 bags copra, 197 bags topica flour; 150 bags green tea; 200 bbals sugar; 69 cases silk goods; 1349 pieces plucks, 25 cases umbrella; 1761 bags rice 3115 bags sago flour; 50 bag ginger; 15 cases salty matches; 487 cases glassware 154 cases cotton goods; 1494 bales cotton goods.

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN CANTONMENT AREAS.

In pursuance of a resolution moved by the Hon. Khan Bahadur Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer at a meeting of the Legislative Council Government had decided to place the primary schools maintained by Cantonment Committees on the same footing as those maintained by Municipalities as regards grants-in-aid, and the question of affording to the former other facilities, given to the latter, such as, for instance, the interchange of teachers between municipal and local board schools, the acceptance by Government of pension contribution on behalf of such teachers in order to entitle them to pension from general revenues, etc., was under consideration. Government have now decided to extend the latter facilities also to schools maintained by Cantonment Committees.

THE BANK STATEMENT THAT ANY MAN OR WOMAN CAN UNDERSTAND

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

SIMPLIFIED BALANCE-SHEET AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1920.

THE BANK OWES TO DEPOSITORS .. .. Rs. 11,03,00,000

FOR THIS PURPOSE WE HAVE

I. Cash & Deposits with other Banks	Rs.	1,83,00,000
II. Investments in Treasury Bills, Govt. Bonds etc. ..	,,	2,34,00,000
III. Loans to Individuals & Firms	,,	7,21,00,000
IV. Bank Premises	,,	35,00,000
TOTAL TO MEET INDEBTEDNESS	Rs.	11,73,00,000.
Leaving a surplus of	Rs.	70,00,000
Add to this the Reserve Liability of our Share-holders ..	,,	50,00,000
GIVING A NET RESULT OF A SURPLUS OF Rs. 1,20,00,000 OVER OUR LIABILITIES..	Rs.	1,20,00,000

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director.

"CORPOSANT"

THE BEST BRITISH PATENT DRY POWDER

FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

Brings fire under control, instantaneously extinguishes burning petrol, Celluloid, Oils, and all common inflammables.

EVER-LASTING
EFFECTIV
CHEAP
EASY TO WORK
READY AT HAND

and

Specially recommended for:—

Fire-Brigades, Public and Private Buildings, Cinema Houses, Theatres, Hotels, Motor Cars and Motor Lorries, Carrages.

GODOWNS, WARE-HOUSES, FACTORIES, etc.

Sole Agents:—

K. H. KABBUR & Co.

56, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,

BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

H. E. the Duke of Connaught returns from Poona. (Private arrival.)
The s.s. "Narkunda," with the English Mails, leaves at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: 12th Extra Meeting. (The Royal Connaught Cup.) 2-45 p.m.
"Wraggle Taggle" Concert Party opens at the Excelsior Theatre, 9.30 p.m.
The s.s. "Mantua" with mails of the 10th instant expected to arrive at 6 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 3.

Meeting of the Standing Committee at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time).

SATURDAY, March 5.

Press Day.

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Domestic Occurrences.

DEATHS.

MR. PURSHRAM BHAOO:—Landlord aged 72 years died at his residence Purshram Mansion, Girgaon Road, on Thursday the 24th February, at 9.15 a.m., (S.T.) Deeply mourned by his sons, daughter, their children and other relatives.

MRS. PURSHRAM BHAOO, aged 62 years, died at her residence, Purshram Mansion, Girgaon Road on Tuesday the 22nd February at 8.45 p.m., (S.T.) deeply mourned by her sons, daughter, their children and other relatives.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

Prof. Gidwani will deliver a lecture in the Union Hall, Chawpati Sea Face, this evening at 6 p.m., (S.T.)

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The band of the G. I. P. Railway Regiment A. F. (India) will play at the Bombay Gymkhana this evening commencing at 6-15 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. Mantua will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. to-day.

CHAMAR BAUG POST OFFICE.

The name of the present Bacteriological Laboratory post office will be changed to "Chamar Baug post office" with effect from the 1st March 1921.

A SHREE VILE PARLE SAHITYA SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Sabha a public meeting will be held to-day at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in Mr. Chagganlal's bungalow to celebrate the anniversary of Narbada Shanker.

ART SOCIETY OF INDIA.

A meeting of this Society will be held to-day at 5-30 p.m. at the society's rooms, Girgaum, when Shrimant Pant Pratividhi, Chief of Aundh, will address the meeting on "Art." All the members of the Society art requested to be present.

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

The following animals have been kindly presented to the Zoological collection:—One Palm Civet (Paradoxurus niger) by Mr. Framji Jamsetji Deboc of Nasik. One pair of Indian Otters (Lutra nair) by the Hon. Mr. J. L. Rieu, C.S.I., I.C.S., through the Bombay Natural History Society.

CONGRESS WORK IN KANARA.

A public meeting of the Kanara people residing in Bombay was held in the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall on Tuesday last. There was a fairly large representative audience which included a few ladies also. A resolution appointing a strong and representative Committee to "devise ways and means to assist Congress work in the district" and authorising it to raise a fund in furtherance of that work, was unanimously passed.

To an appeal from the chair there was an encouraging response from the audience Rs. 200 being promised and collected on the spot.

Another public meeting is proposed to be called on Monday the 28th instant. The time and place will be announced later on. Speeches on the "Congress work in Kanara" will be made by several speakers.

A BLIND MAN'S DEATH.

The Coroner held an inquest on the body of Nathu Rama, a blind beggar, who used to live in a room at Kumbharwada with his wife and sister. On Tuesday last there was an altercation between the deceased and his brother-in-law, over the question of the former's leaving the house. In the course of the altercation a blow was dealt on the side of the deceased, who fell on a box and died.

Dr. Nunan, the Police Surgeon who held a post mortem examination on the body of the deceased stated that his heart was fatty and flabby and that the arteries were in a very advanced state of decomposition. The cause of death, in his opinion, was heart failure, apparently accelerated by blows on the chest or sides which left no brusing or other sign of violence. The jury returned a verdict of death in accordance with the Police Surgeon's remarks.

PUBLIC MEETING.

THE PRESS WORKER'S UNION OF BOMBAY.

The General Meetingg of the above Union is to be held at Hirabag Hall to-morrow 5 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Harjiwandas Kalidas Mehta will preside. All are requested to attend.

Swami Omkar Sachidanand will deliver a lecture, on "Aims to attain."

TROUBLE ON THE G. I. P. LINES.

ALLEGED ASSAULT BY AN OFFICER WITH A REVOLVER.

Yesterday (Friday) news flared up in the town that a railway officer had assaulted a workman with a revolver in the Matunga Workshops of the G. I. P. Railway and that all the workmen had "down-tooled" and fallen out. Mr. Jhabwala, the Secretary of the Workmen's Union, was called on the scene of trouble. A large police force under the command of Superintendent Jones was present to keep the men away from trouble. Mr. Jhabwala made all the necessary inquiries from the men, the Chief Officer of the Workshops, Mr. Bell, and the police, and thereafter held a large meeting of the men where over 7,000 men from the Workshop had assembled.

The men who had witnessed the affair were first called upon to explain the whole situation to the men and thereafter Mr. Jhabwala along with another workman exhorted the men to maintain peace and order, and explained that the report of a man having been murdered was false. The accused had beaten an employee with the butt end of a revolver and broken the front teeth of the latter. There were no cartridges in the revolver. Superintendent Jones requested Mr. Jhabwala to tell the men that the police themselves were going to prosecute the officer who had no license to keep the revolver in the first place. Mr. Jhabwala offered to prosecute the man on behalf of the workmen but when the police themselves were suing the man with the above eye witnesses to give evidence he allowed the police to proceed forthwith with the prosecution.

"EXPEL THE OFFICER."

The men unanimously desired the immediate expulsion of the above officer which Mr. Jhabwala exhorted the men to enforce upon the Carriage Superintendent. There is no trouble now and the men have promised to resume work to-day. They dispersed amid complete satisfaction. The Bhaiya beaten is removed to Sir J. J. Hospital and is living.

RE. 1-4-0 A GALLON!

COST OF KEROSINE OIL.

The scarcity of liquid fuel has begun to be felt more and more acutely in the households of the middle and poorer classes of people in Bombay, owing to the strike of the petrol workers of Sewri. The retail shop-keepers have now raised the price Kerosene oil to Re. 1-4-0 from annas thirteen a gallon. The strike is still continuing.

BURMA RAIWLAY MEN ON STRIKE.

FEAR OF MEMORIAL BEING REJECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Feb. 25.

The menial running staff and cabi staff, Burma Railways, struck work at mid night on Thursday, alleging that the memorial for increased pay was rejected. The memorial was only presented the day before and memorandum made which was being considered. The reports from up country indicate that telegrams sent from Rangoon as to the rejection of the memorial influenced the menials of several stations to strike, the train from Prome arrived two hours late, this morning and other trains were delayed owing to the strike. The rumour for cessation of work at midnight on the 24th has prevailed for some time past.

O. R. RY. STRIKE.

INDIAN TRAFFIC PERMANENT STAFF OUT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Feb. 25.

The Indian Traffic running staff of O. and R. Railway have left work.

ALLEGED USE OF FALSE TRADE MARK.

ACCUISED ACQUTTED.

At the Dadar Police Court Mr. B. N. Athavle, Fifth Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which a summons was issued against Mr. Alimahomed Virjibhoy a merchant, at the instance of Mr. A. S. Robinson, of Messrs. Robinson Hammond and company on a charge of using a false trade mark.

The accused stated that he was not responsible for the sale of the goods as he had been way from Bombay when the goods were sold to Morarji Gokuldas Mills.

As the prosecution had no evidence to challenge the accused's statement the Magistrate ordered the accused to be acquitted.

FORT DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A preliminary meeting of Congressmen was held yesterday evening at Mr. V. A. Desai's office at 72, Apollo Street, to organise a District Congress Committee for the Fort District, under the new Congress Constitution. Mr. V. A. Desai was in the Chair. Mr. S. G. Banker moved a resolution to the effect that the Fort District Congress Committee be formed. The resolution was seconded and duly carried. It was also decided that the sub-committee should make immediate arrangements for the opening of one or more centres in the Fort, where members could be enlisted. With a vote of thanks to the Chairman, the meeting terminated.

ALL-INDIA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 25

In the All-India Hockey Tournament, yesterday, the Jamalpur Detachment beat the Ajmere Loco Sports Club by two goals to one. North-Western Railway beat the Suffolks by four goals to one, the Punjab Rifles beat the Ordinance by 14 goals to love, and the Connaught Rangers beat the Black Watch by two goals to love.

At semi-finals played this evening the North-Western Railway obtained an easy victory over the Punjab Rifles by five to love, and will meet Jamalpur Detachment in the finals to-morrow, when a well-contested game is expected.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

FIRE BRIGADE AND MANDVI FRACAS

A MUNICIPAL CONTRACT QUESTIONED.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday—Mr. V. A. Dabholkar presiding.

EXTENSION OF MILL SITE.

After the Corporation disposed of some sundry items Dr M. C. Javle moved:—"That the Commissioner be requested to report to the Corporation whether he has sanctioned the extension of the Kasturchand Mills at Dadar and whether the agents of the said mills have acquired large properties consisting of dwelling houses and chawls for extending their mills and he be requested to place the plan which he has received for his sanction on the table of the Corporation.'"

Dr. Javle said he received certain information to the effect that the mill-authorities do not really want to extend the mill-premises, but they are going to build an entirely new mill there. He was also informed that the authorities of this particular mill owned large properties in that locality. He objected to the mill-owners being unduly allowed to acquire large plots of land in these days of housing scarcity.

Dr. Master seconded the motion

COMMISSIONER'S EXPLANATION.

Mr. Clayton, the Municipal Commissioner said upto now it was not the custom that the Commissioner should report to the Corporation every case where sanction was to be given to any mill for extension, etc. He received about 64 applications for extension of several mills and sanction was given in several cases before the question came before the Corporation. Permission was given only in those cases in which he was satisfied that the extension was meant for the better housing of the mill-operatives and not for the extention of spindles.

The resolution was carried.

Dr. Sukhia then moved a resolution expressing the regret of the Corporation at the death in England of Lieut.-Col. H. P. Dimmock who was a member of the Corporation for five years and of the Standing Committee for three years, had rendered useful services to the City.

Seconded by Mr Hughes the resolution was carried.

The Corporation then considered a letter from Mr. Meyer Nissim resigning his seat on the Corporation, another letter from Mr. C. V. Mehta resigning his seat on the Corporation and thanking the members of the Corporation for the kind consideration they had always shown him; and a third letter from Mr. W. A. Chambers, resigning his office as Municipal Assessor to the Tribunal of Appeal as his return to India was indefinitely postponed owing to bad health.

The Corporation accepted the resignations—some members speaking in appreciation of the services of the out going members.

ENTRANCE FEE FOR VICTORIA GARDENS?

Dr. A. Viegas then moved:—

That in supersession of Corporation Resolution No. 5765, dated the 11th December 1908 and No. 4845 dated the 23rd November 1911, the Commissioner be informed that no fees should be levied for admission to the Victoria Gardens on any day whether there is a band performance there or not.

Dr. Viegas said long ago the Corporation used to charge certain fees for admission to the Victoria Gardens on certain days of the week but it was stopped when he was a member of the Corporation. He then retired and on his re-entering the Corporation he found that the Municipality was again levying fees for admission to the Gardens on those days on which the Band played. The ground was given by the Government on the express understanding that no fees could be charged by the Corporation from the public and it was absolutely necessary for reasons of public health that the gardens should be open to the public, But now it appeared to him that the object of the Corporation was to give an opportunity only to the better classes who could pay, to enjoy the music and other recreation in the Garden and not to the poorer classes living in the slums who required such recreation the more.

Dr Master seconded the resolution

CONVENIENCE OF MIDDLE CLASSES!

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia thanked Dr. Viegas for his sympathy for the poor. But he could not understand why Dr Viegas wanted to deprive the ladies and children of the middle classes, of the music. In the year 1908, the then Municipal Commissioner had written to the Corporation that as the crowd used to be enormously big the middle class ladies could not attend the Band and on the strength of that letter that the Corporation levied a fee of two annas and six pies for admission on the days on which Band played. And that was only once in a fortnight. The Gardens were open to all classes of people on other days and it was once in a fortnight only that they reserved the place for those who paid for admission only to give an opportunity to ladies and children to enjoy music.

Mr Baman-Behram and Drs Batliwalla and Dadachanji also did not agree with Dr Viegas,

Mr. B. N. Motiwalla suggested that the fees could be reduced to one anna and thus an opportunity could be given to more people to go in.

Dr. Viegas replying said that when the better classes of people could go elsewhere to hear music on payment why should the poorer classes be deprived of free music.

The resolution on being put to the vote was lost.

FIRE BRIGADE'S QUESTIONABLE ACTIVITIES.

Dr. Pooney H. Meisheri moved:—"That the Commissioner be requested to inform the Corporation whether it is a fact that a European Officer and other men of the Fire Brigade roughly attacked several persons on the occasion of the disturbance at Mandvi on the 23rd January 1921, and if so what action he has taken or proposes to take in the matter and that he be also requested to report at whose instance and why the men of the Fire Brigade appeared on the scene.'"

Dr. Meisheri gave an account of what happened at Mandvi on January 23rd.

Mr. Fazlal Ibrahim Rehimtulla seconded the resolution which was carried—no body speaking.

STORY OF A MUNICIPAL CONTRACT.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia then moved:—

"That the attention of the Commissioner be invited to the Corporation Resolution No. 10082, dated the 14th January 1921, and to the accompanying extract paragraph from the "Bombay Chronicle", dated the 27th instant, under the head line "Wanted explanation" and he be requested to submit to the Corporation an exhaustive report on the subject."

The "Chronicle" wrote:—

A correspondent has drawn our attention to an extraordinary bargain entered into by the local trustees of public funds,—we mean, the Bombay Municipal Corporation. On the recommendation of their Executive they have agreed to sell to a European contractor municipal material at about half the rates that the Municipality itself is paying for the same. The Contractor, a Major Gammon, has been given about 700 brass of sand shingle and metal suitable for building purposes at Rs. 14 per brass, while the Municipality itself is paying for road sand and metal, which our correspondent says, is much inferior to building sand and metal, at Rs. 26 per brass. They have also sold to the same European contractor 800 brass of rubble stone at the ridiculous price of Rs. 10/10 per brass, while the Municipality will have to pay about Rs. 25 at least for the same stuff delivered in that locality. Royalty alone on this stone in Bombay is at present taken at Rs. 7 per brass. Blasting the same will cost Rs. 6 and carriage from Sewri about Rs. 12, making up a total of Rs. 25. The Port Trust charge their contractors Rs. 4 for road metal, which costs something more to the contractor to carry it to his site. Thus a present of Rs. 20,000 of municipal money is made to a European contractor. An explanation is wanted from the City Fathers as well as the Commissioner as to how such a bargain came to be struck. The variations in the rates at which the Municipality buys and sells its material are too startling for the taxpayers to remain unconcerned at the way the transaction was managed. We hope a satisfactory explanation will be promptly forthcoming.

Dr. Sukhia said the object of his moving the resolution was to see if there was any truth in the allegation and if the allegation was wrong then to show the correspondent referred to by "The Chronicle", that the city fathers were not sitting idle.

Mr. Falal Ibrahim Rahemtulla seconded the motion.

EXPLANATION PROMISED.

The Commissioner said he would submit a written report in due course of time but he wanted to tell the corporation that he thought the cost of removing those brass of sand would have been more than they were worth.

The resolution was carried and then the corporation adjourned.

THE HATED INDEMNITY.

AMRITSAR RELIEVED AT LAST!

PUNJAB COUNCIL'S DECISION.

(From our own Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, Feb. 25.

News has just reached Amritsar that a resolution relieving Amritsar of the indemnity imposed for the damage caused in the disorders of 1919, and making a sum of seventeen lakhs disbursed by Government debitable to the accumulated Punjab revenue balances of the previous years, has been carried by an overwhelming majority. This brings the much needed relief to Amritsar town. Nothing is yet known whether the Council considered the legal opinion that the indemnity imposed was illegal and unwarranted by the Police Act.

AMRITSAR MUNICIPALITY.

DECISION TO APPOINT NON-OFFICIAL PRESIDENT.

(From our own Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, Feb. 25.

The Deputy Commissioner Amritsar has resigned.

Hon Mr. Fazl Husain, Minister of Education has signalled his tenure of office by taking an important step in the direction of releasing Municipalities from the leading strings of official control. A circular recently issued by the Ministry of Education invited attention of Punjab Municipalities to the advisability of consdering the possibility of substituting non-official for the official Presidents, and pointing out that previous Government instructions on the subject had apprently not been correctly understood. The Amritsar Municipal Committee met to-day (Friday,) to consider a circular letter when Mr. Craik Deputy Commissioner announced that he had been authorised by Government to resign his presidentship. The Government decision will be heartily welcomed by citizens who will now proceed to elect a non-official president.

Rosherville, as the house and grounds of the Royal Connaught Boat Club at Kirkee are called, was at its best on Friday evening on the occasion of an "At Home" given by Lieutenant-General Sir William and Lady Marshall in honour of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.

Addressing the colour parties after presenting them with colours at Friday's parade H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught said *inter alia*:

EXCHANG AND INDIAN MERCHANTS' RESOLVE.

BURMA CHAMBER'S PROTEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Feb. 25.

Speaking at he annual meeting of the Burma Chamber of Commerce, the Chairman, Walter Buchanan, referred to Indian merchants resolution not to clear bills under the exchange established at present, the exact meaning of which was not quite clear. But the resolution suggested an attitude contrary to all business tenets which, even the most short-sighted must see, can only lead to very serious detriment of business credit in future.

He paid a tribute to the excellent result achieved by Mr. Holberton during his two year's chairmanship and stated that whatever form of Government, Burma might receive, the loyal cooperation and support of the entire European community was assured. The advisablity of having a regular oqcer as commandant of the Auxiliary Force Battalions was urged as essential for the Force's success.

BANK OF INDIA.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank of India, Limited, was held yesterday under the Presidency of Sir Sassoon David.

The report of the Directors for the year ended 31st December 1920, showed that the transactions of the year, including the balance brought forward from the previous year—Rs. 1,04,890-6-9 have resulted in a profit of Rs. 28,63,514. An ad-interim dividend was paid for the half-year ended 30th June 1920, at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum which absorbed Rs. 7,00,000; provision made for Income Tax and Super Tax for the year Rs. 3,16,000; Donation to Bank's Provident Fund and Bonus to Staff Rs. 1,00,000. The Directors now proposed to pay a final dividend for the half year ended 31st December 1920, at the rate of 14 per cent per annum on the Paid up Capital of 100 lakhs free from income tax which will absorb Rs. 7,00,000; to provide for depreciation on Government and other securities Rs. 5,30,000; to place to Reserve Fund 4,00,000; to carry forward to the next account Rs. 1,17,514.

The Directors trust that the working of the Bank will be considered satisfactory, the result of the transactions of the past year being some 16 lakhs in excess of any previous year. This is to be attributed mainly, to the increase in the Bank's Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund of 50 lakhs each, respectively, to the increase of some 227 lakhs in our deposit since 31st December 1919, and to the good demand for money at remunerative rates during the year. The Bank rate for the year averaged was 6.36 as compared with 6.63 the previous year. The investments held by the Bank amounted to about 134½ lakhs of which 131 lakhs are Government Securities. The amount set aside from our profits this year for depreciation Rs. 5,30,000 reduces all our Investments to their respective market value, with the exception of the Government of India Terminable Loan 1920-23 which is retained at par. During the year a Branch of the Bank was opened at Ahmedabad, and satisfactory progress has been made.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Chairman in moving the adoption of the Report said:—

Gentlemen

In the course of my remarks as the Chairman of our Annual General Meeting held a year ago, I stated that I looked forward with much confidence to being able to place before you, at our next meeting, an even more satisfactory result than the profit of Rs. 10,28,000 made for the year 1919.

The profit, however, which we have been able to make for the past year is considerably larger than I had anticipated, even after making due allowance for the profit derived from the increase of 50 lakhs respectively in our Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund, and I think that you will agree with me that the actual net profit of Rs. 27,58,623-10 for the past year is exceedingly satisfactory and one of which we may well be proud.

Seeing that the profit is so good I can well believe that some of our Shareholders may be of the opinion that the distribution of dividend might be at a higher rate.

Your Directors fully discussed the matter and I do not wish to conceal from you that some of us advocated a slightly higher dividend. In the end however, we unanimously decided to be satisfied with a dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. for the year, and to appropriate the balance of profit in the manner indicated in our Report.

A sum of 4 lakhs was added to the Reserve Fund, raising this Fund to 70 lakhs, and this substantial amount, together with the one crore of Paid-up Capital and the one crore Capital subscribed but not called up, undoubtedly gives the most ample security to our Depositors. I may say that another consideration which weighed with us in this connection was that trade can hardly be described as either normal or satisfactory at present, and that consequently we considered it would be wiser to place the Bank in as good a dividend earning position as possible by increasing the Reserve Fund than to again increase the distribution to the Shareholders, especially taking into consideration the very rapid increase of the dividends paid in the last 5 years to which I have already referred.

The Report was adopted and the two directors, Mr. Ramnaraia Hurnandrai and Mr. F. Nelson who retired by rotation were re-elected.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

The market to-day has been quiet. There has been less inquiry for coal shares with prices remaining about the same as last quoted. In the jute section business was practically at a stand still, operators shewing a strong disinclination to do business. In the miscellaneous section the turnover was very limited with prices for the most part remaining unchanged. The following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bolaro and Ramgurh 26-4; Burrakur 53-8 s.l.; Central Pench 9-8; Ghusick 24-12, New Beerbhoom 41-12 s.l.; New Kesurgarh 40-4; New Sinidih 9-8; Marine 13-8; Union 13-12.

Jute:—Albion 350; Alliance 653.8; Empire 70-8; Howrah 45-12; Kamarhatty 970 and 930 s.l.; Kankinarrah 523 s.l.; Northbrook 71-8 s.l.; Reliance 48.

Miscellaneous:—Alliance Bank 296; Agra United Mills 6-8; Alpha General Insurance 1-14 discount; Anglo-Oriental Navigation 29; Behar Tannery 6; Bengal Brss 4-12; British India Corporation 10-12; Clive Engineering 8-12; Dunbar Cotton 594; Fraserpet Fibre 4 discount; G. McKenzie and Coy. 9-4; Great Eastern Hotel 210; Hatirkooi Oil 8-12; Hume Pipe 11-4; Indian Iron and Steel 78 s.l.; Indo-Burma Tin 5, Kesoram Cotton 16-2; Marshall Sons and Coy. 8-8; Port Shipping 22; Thornycrot (India) 6-4; Union Jute 5½ per cent. (deb.) 91 s.l.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 55-10 and small lots were done at Rs. 55-14. War Bonds short loans at 99-10, 1925 at 99 and 1928 at 94.

SPORTING NEWS.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

"SELECTIONS BY NEMO."

ALELI is a horse who has improved at every run and he will be the hardest horse to beat in the Rajpipla Gold Cup, BRENDAN and ROUBAIX ought not to be neglected.

LIBERTY has a tendency to spring a surprise and may reserve one for the Leopardstown Plate (Division I). QUITE DARK and BELLE SYME may catch place backers bending.

In the 2nd Division of the Leopardstown Plate TAGAMOR is a good thing, WOORALI and MIRABELLE are certain places.

LACE can annex the St. Patrick's Handicap from VIOLA and PICCOLO.

GOLD REEF has a good chance in the 1st Division of the Gosforth Park Plate. ARCHER and RAGAZZO will be in the picture.

In the 2nd Division JAPANESE PINE, ST. AGNES EVE and ALLENSMORE look like disputing the issue.

DUNBAR has put up the best track gallop for the Royal Connaught Cup, UNION JACK and DILAWAR are sure to be thereabouts.

MIKADO, KOOLEB and FIRJAH will be the order of the Melton Plate.

ITEMS OF NOTE.

As H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught is gracing the races today with his presence; it may not be out of place to suggest that this may be a suitable occasion for a little clemency at Royal hands. The course is suggested and approved by the Royal Calcutta Turf Club, and it would be much appreciated if jockey Purtoosingh, Mr. Arnold and trainers Dakeel and Goolam Ali were pardoned on this auspicious occasion and as they are natives of this country, this act of grace would much please the masses.

CALCUTTA RACES.

SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

The following are the horses left in for Saturday's races.

WOODLAND'S PLATE.—Division II Dist.—7 furlongs.

Fleurette 9/5, Dara Bay 9/3, Monsieur James 9/3, Silver Gift 9/2, Foxtor 8/13, Aquae Solis 8-12, Adorable 8/12, Allen Daisy 8/11, Angary 8/10, Ozorina 8/9, Daisy Ryan 8/8 Paradise 8/7, Fiasco, 8/7, Tucoon 8/6, Leading Girl 8/0, Sans Merci 7/12, Gilbsons Corner 7/12, Higher Leved 7/11, Valcanella 7/10, Glen Lusset 7/9, Distinguished 7/6, Boyne Water 7/6, Cylarity 7/4, Victoria 7/0.

WOODLAND'S PLATE.—Division I Dist. 7 furlongs.

Fife 9/5, Jaunt 9/0, Devils Bridge 8 13, Princes Illa 8/10, Myrian 8/8, Aughnacloy 8/8, Mignonette 8/7, Motringham 8/6, Summers Hope 8/6, Sunnytime 8/5, Kitty O'hara 8/5, Elsie R 8/4, Charmio 8/2, High Life 8/2, Rags 8/1, Queen Mary 8/0, Surprise 7/13, Avon 712, Rosebud 712, Careless Girl 7/11, Leader 7/10.

EDEN PLATE.—Division II Dist. 6 furlongs.

White Sapphire 9/5, Norma Stoker 9/4, Hilda I 9/0, Flying Dart 8/12, Ortogo 8/12, Fastsimon 8/11, Fia 8/9, Flying Foe 8/7, Winningway 8/7 Blackjess 8/6, Hurdygurdy 8/5, Peace Celebration 8/4, Galla 8/4, Warrior Queen 8/3, Warning Signal 8/0, The Brat 8/0, Lillie Bridge 7/13, Maze 7/10, Caddy 7/6.

GREAT EASTERN PLATE.—Dist. 6 furlongs.

Pompano 9/0, Llansintried 8/9, Passing 8/7, Goldensquare 8/6, Kilrea 8/4, Happy Iola 8/4, Roncevaux 8/1, Coryphee 8/50, Glenalvon 7/12.

EDEN PLATE.—Division I Dist. 6 furlongs.

St. Vagrant 9/5, Moldavia 9/1, Eagles Nest 9/0, Lady Victorine 8/12, Pick of the Bunch 8/11, Barsen, Women and Wine 8/10, Buckgrass 8/10, Idyl 8/9, Royal Sign 8/6, Girton Miss 8/5, Golden Stream 8/5, Porringer 8/4, Marcado 8/2, Goras Darling 8/1, Tlepin 8/1, Bachelors Prospect 7/13, Synai 7/11.

ORINTHIAN PLATE.—Dist. 1/3/4 Miles.

Quarterly 12/3, Girton Miss 11/3, Irish Field 10/13, P M 10/12, Marble Rock 10/8, I See 9/13, China Egg 9/10, Larigot 9/8, Ladavon 8/9.

RAILWAY PLATE.—Division 1 Dist. 1 1/2 Miles.

Soviet 9/12, Barsen 9/4, Marcado 9/3, Golden Treasure 8/10, Synail 8/9, Tete Montco 8/7, Sole Bay 8/6, Quarterly 8/6, Clown 8/5, Double Scotch 8/1, Durban 8/0, Galley Law 7/12, Bachelors Vanity 7/7, Devils Bridge 7/7, Lady White 7/5, Simple Simon 7/0.

RAILWAY PLATE.—Division II Dist. 1 1/2 Miles.

The Whip 9/13, Flying Foe 9/4, Aughnaboy 9/4, Mabel Rock 9/2, Paganini 9/2, Lloyds 8/13, Nautch Girl 8/12, Rheidol 7/11, Brown Fowl 8/5, Maharaja 8/4, Leading Girl 7/7, Niggs 7/5.

AUCTION SALE OF COUNTRY BRED HORSES

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

There was a auction sale of country-bred racers this morning in the race course paddock. The horses fourteen in number were all bred at the Mysore Government stud farm, Kunigal and were the property of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore. The sale was poorly attended only six horses changing hands. The highest figure realised wes Rs. 3,000 and the lowest Rs. 1,200.

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For further particulars see BENNETT & Co.'s ADVERTISEMENT.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, February 26, 1921.

INDIAN REVENUES.

We have already sounded a note of warning to those who claim to "represent" in the Councils the people of this country against the sleights of hand likely to occur in the next Burget. To-day we wish to make some specific suggestions in the matter of revenues, reserving for a later occasion our observations regarding public expenditure and public indebtedness. Assuming that the basis of separation between the Imperial and the Provincial Finances as outlined in the Reforms scheme and the Meston Committee will be given effect to, the next Budget will show a position not materially dissimilar to this:—

IMEPRIAL.

	Crores Rs.
Revenues	105.000
Expenditure	120.000

PROVINCIAL.

	Crores Rs.
... Revenues	87.000
Expenditure	75.000

Against the total revenues of Rs. 192 crores we estimate a total expenditure of Rs. 195 crores. The Imperial deficit is taken at Rs. 15 crores against which we have to set off a provincial surplus in the aggregate of Rs. 12 crores. In these figures we have assumed that the entire revenue from the Stamps, along with other items made exclusively Provincial, goes to the Provinces while the whole of the Income Tax receips belong to the Government of India. No allowance is made in these estimates for material differences in yield in the several items of revenue and expenditure, no provision for increased taxation or for increased outlay in particular directions, no consideration given to the uncertainties of exchange. The figures of the revenues received during the nine months ending 31st December, 1920, give, at first, no ground for pessimism. Compared to the two preceding years, the figures for the current year are:—

		1918-19
Land revenue ..	..Rs.	17.00 crores.
Salt ..	.. ,,	4.39 ,,
Stamps ..	.. ,,	6.33 ,,
Excise	.. ,,	12.26 ,,
Customs ..	.. ,,	13.53 ,,
Income Taxes ..	.. ,,	6.30 ,,
Forests ..	.. ,,	2.20 ,,
Irrigation ..	.. ,,	2.52 ,,
Opium ..	.. ,,	2.94 ,,
Total	..Rs.	67.56 ,,

		1919-20.
Land revenue ..	..Rs.	16.25 crores.
Salt ..	.. ,,	4.51 ,,
Stamps ..	.. ,,	7.72 ,,
Excise ..	.. ,,	13.56 ,,
Customs ..	.. ,,	15.13 ,,
Income Taxes ..	.. ,,	10.11 ,,
Forests ..	.. ,,	2.96 ,,
Irrigation ..	.. ,,	2 92 ,,
Opium ..	.. ,,	2.31 ,,
Total	..Rs.	75.49 ,,

		1920-21.
Land revenue ..	..Rs.	17.90 crores.
Salt ..	.. ,,	5.37 ,,
Stamps ..	.. ,,	8.12 ,,
Excise ..	.. ,,	14.59 ,,
Customs ..	.. ,,	23.99 ,,
Income Taxes ..	.. ,,	12.49 ,,
Forests ..	.. ,,	3.06 ,,
Irrigation ..	.. ,,	2.89 ,,
Opium ..	.. ,,	1.97 ,,
Total	..Rs.	90.38 ,,

Thus the major tax items, as far as we can know now, show a prosperous exchequer. It must, however, be noted that more than half the total Land Revenue is collected usually in the remaining three months of the financial year. This year we know there is a wide-spread famine involving considerable remissions, or at least suspensions of the Land Revenue demand. What that figure is likely to be, we have no means of judging to-day. But it would be reasonable, imitating the caution so characteristic of Indian financier until recently, if we assume that the actual collection of Land Revenue this year will be appreciably below the estimate. The Provincial Governments, especially those with a Ryotwari settlement, will be the heavier losers. Their loss will be intensified by the burden, transferred to Provincial exchequers under the Reforms scheme, of providing for Famine Relief. The net unfavourable result to the Provincial Budgets it would be impossible at this stage to estimate more precisely than at the round figure of Rs. 5 crores. The other items of Provincial Revenues are not likely to turn out so unfavourable though we are inclined to believe that the prosperity apparent in the figures given above will not be continued in the remaining three months as the effects of the continued depression and unfavourable season are bound to become more progressively apparent, later on in the financial year. The aggregate provincial revenues cannot, therefore, be taken for the next financial year at more than 85 crores, assuming that no special Provincial taxes are levied.

On the other side of the balance sheet there are more obvious signs of danger. The estimates given above take no account of the need for further outlay in those services, which were starved for the last seven years under the pretext of war economy, and, which now that they have been provincialised and as such more easily amenable to the control of people's "representatives" are bound to demand increasing outlay. The new Ministers in almost every important province are sure to try and commend themselves to their constituents by listening to the legitimate demands for considerably higher outlay on education of all kinds and grades, on sanitation, on local industries, on local relief of the indigent and of the sick and on other projects of local improvement. The provincial contribution to the Imperial Budget is, however, the first charge on the surplus funds at the disposal of the provincial authorities. Apart altogether from other more valid arguments about the inequities of the provincial contributions and their inequalities as between the several provinces, we think this argument by itself is conclusive that the other demands upon the local Governments must lead to an early discontinuance of the system of contributions, which must involve an increase of taxation for purely imperial purposes. We have hitherto left out of consideration the state of Imperial finances. On the figures given above we estimate a deficit of Rs. 15 crores in the Imperial finances. Allowing for the increase in the Customs revenue—which, it must be noted, has this element of precariousness that the stimulus given to the import trade this year by the artificial conditions of exchange not being desirable cannot be maimained, and that, consequently, the figures of this year give no reliable indication for the Customs revenue, apart from a radical change in the entire fiscal policy and in the Income Tax, the Imperial Budget must yet show a deficit of considerable dimensions. The Budget this year has provided for £29 million of "Home" Charges, which at £1 equal to Rs. 10 would have cost Rs. 29 crores but at Rs. 15 would cost 43 crores. Ever since last June, the Exchange has been falling, with the result that the average rate realised for the Government remitance transaction, could not at the end of the year be much better than Rs. 12 for the pound sterling, still involving a loss of 6 crores on the estimates. This amount at least must swell the Imperial deficit. Then there is the perennial Frontier trouble and the uncertainties of certain military items of expenditure, all combining to induce the belief that the Imperial Government would be lucky if they show a deficit of less than ten crores, allowing for an equal sum obtained by way of provincial contributions. We have reserved our remarks for public expenditure and will, in consequence, abstain from further stressing this aspect of the question.

Increase of taxation thus appears almost inevitable in the next Budget. We have no objection to the increase as such if increased revenues are *bona fide* necessary for the true development of the country's moral and material resources. But we must emphatically protest against any increase which offends against the rules of scientific taxation by the absence of any well-planned scheme of distributing the tax-burdens. The Government of India, unless warned in time, are only too painfully prone to fall back upon the lines of least resistance. Of the sources of revenue at their disposal, the Customs and Income Tax stand out as prominent alternatives to finance the impending deficit. Either or both may be increased, if the needs of the country genuinely demand such a course; but we object to any meddling with either of these items if no attempt is made to redress the crying abuses in each of these forms of public burdens. The Income Tax exemptions to the landlord interest are as little defensible on any sane principles of tax-adjustments as the existence of countervailing excise duties on Indian manufactures to set off against the fundamentally free trade Customs tariff. The inclusion of the large agricultural incomes within the domain of Income Tax legislation must add *not less than* 5 crores to the Imperial Revenues; and, if, simultaneously, the many occasions for tax evasions and false and under-declaration of income are avoided, the total Income Tax Receipts, without adding a pie to the rate of taxation, would be increased by very nearly the whole amount of the estimated deficit in the next Imperial Budget. A part of this increase is due in fairness to the Provincial Governments in whose jurisdiction the incidence of the Land Revenue has been hitherto most inequitable, and who must, therefore, be required so to recast their land revenue demand as to make universal the principle of exemption from taxation to a minimum of income, ascertained as necessary for the barest existence. The Imperial portion of the increase may thus be cut down to half or less the estimate. If the deficit should still persist, as there is reason to fear it will, the reorganisation of the Customs Tariffs must be looked to make it good. But before the Customs Tariffs are touched at all, we would require that the imposition of countervailing excise duties must be abandoned, as India does not desire to be a solitary specimen of the suicidal policy of Free Trade. It is not difficult to discover expedients by which the consequential injustice of a high Custom Tariff may be avoided or minimised. Admitting the need for a change we would also require that the imposition of Import as well as of Export tariffs must be not so much from an exclusively revenue point of view, as from the standpoint of stimulating the industrial expansion of the country. The guiding principle should be: tax every article of import which can possibly be manufactured at home at such a rate as to make the imported commodity economically unable to compete with the home-made stuff; *per contra* tax every article now exported which represents not the surplus produce of the country not required in the country, but indicates to that extent the poverty of industrial equipment of the country. The Customs Duties will then fall not merely on those articles of export of which India has a virtual exporter's monopoly, but, in fact, on every kind of raw material required for our industries. As we can ourselves produce them, we are independent of the canons of free trade taxation of commodities elaborated abroad. The effect on the trade is not impossible to appreciate though it is often liable to exaggeration by alarmist or interested parties. Admitting, for the sake of argument, the possible injury to trade translating itself in Finance by the fall in the Customs Revenue, its correction is automatic—an increase of the alternative source of revenue in the shape of the Income and Property Taxes, which are as yet undeveloped in this country.

Notes of the Day.

The Persian Crisis.

The news of the sensational *coup d'etat* in Teheran comes only two days after the announcement that a new cabinet had been constituted there. Beyond telling us that the Cossack leader Riza Khan Sardar, who is in control of the Persian capital now, is anti-Bolshevik, Reuter is silent as to the antecedents of this interesting personality, who has suddenly loomed on the highly clouded horizon of Persia. From a special cable to "The Pioneer" we learn that he advanced on Teheran at the head of about 3,000 Cossack troops from Kazvin, two batteries of four guns each, and that he entered the city at midnight without encountering serious resistance. It is also stated that the advancing army was met at Mehrabad near Teheran, by Persian and British representatives, to whom Riza Khan announced his intention of establishing a Military Government at Teheran, "with a view of defending Persia against the Bolsheviks after the withdrawal of British troops." The report, however, that one of the first acts of Riza Khan's troops has been to make a "redistribution" of wealth in the occupied capital does not go to dispel the fear that Riza Khan might eventually turn out to be a forerunner of Bolshevism, if not of Bolsheviks. However that may be, all hopes, for the present, of the Meijliss being convened for the purpose of confirming or rejecting the Anglo-Persian Agreement, will have been dashed to the ground by the present unexpected development in Persia. It is premature as yet to forecast the effect the new crisis will have on the British intention to withdraw their troops from Northern Persia.

Premonitions.

While H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught is still preaching the docstrine of "co-operation and goodwill" among mankind, and the loud applause of the Moderates and co-operationists has not yet died away, there are already signs of a new, but by no means strange, eruption, which is threatening to obscure the "New Era." A strange new era indeed, if it is to be accompanied by fresh persecutions, oppressions and suppressions of the people and their rights of freedom of speech and conduct. Yet the Punjab, Delhi, U. P., Burma, Behar, Madras and last but not least the Central Provinces, have already loosed their forces of repression, and the arrests, the prosecutions, and the externments of popular leaders, even before the dust in the wake of the Duke's triumphal march through cities and provinces has had time to settle down, are signs whose significance ono can hardly mistake.

Craddockian Touch.

The Central Provinces, which has not yet shed its Craddockian lustre, has been greatly stirred by the arrest of Dr. Chonkar and the prosecution of Dr. L. V. Paranjpye, two eminent and indefatigable workers in the Province. Dr. Paranjpye's crime in the eyes of the local bureaucracy apparently was his endeavour to wean his brethren from the sure path of moral and physical degradation, which a patronage of the grogshop brings in its trail. The endeavours of his and his co-workers have resulted in the achievement of much practical good among certain communities, the bane of which has been drink. Communities such as the Dhobi, the Koshti, the Barber, and the Dhed have pledged themselves, as a result of much propaganda carried out by a band of selfless workers, to abstain from drink, voluntarily submitting themselves to severe penalties for breaches of their covenant. That the liquor shops, which were fattening on the moral and material ruin of the people, should be hard hit by the movement is inevitable but the local Government puts itself out of court by persecuting those who are trying to ameliorate the condition of the people and to elevate them morally. Whatever may be the outcome of Dr. Paranjpye's prosecution, the conclusion is inevitable that the time is not yet when the lion and the lamb may lie down together in peace.

A Family Arrangement.

Adverting to our Note on the subject of the appointment, by Sir Nicholas Beatson Bell, Governor of Assam, of his own father-in-law as the President of the Assam Legislative Council, a correspondent draws our attention to another instance of such family arrangement in the office of the Controller of Marine Accounts, Bombay. This office was transferred from Calcutta to Bombay in October last. The majority of the officers and clerks who have been selected for transfer to Bombay belong, says the correspondent, to the same province as that of the Controller, who is an Indian. Even when temporary clerks are engaged, preference is given to men from the Controller's presidency over local men. But this is not all. The Controller has appointed a Rao Bahadur, of course, hailing from the same presidency as himself—as his assistant audit officer and the latter's son and son-in-law as auditors. Our correspondent understands that the son is auditing the bills and the son-in-law auditing the pay bills of the officers and other establishment, while the Rao Bahadur is the paying officer! If the facts are as alleged by our correspondent, it is, no doubt, a nice family arrangement they have at the Marine Accounts Office!

An Extraordinary Advertisement.

The same correspondent further draws our attention to the following remarkable advertisement which appeared on page 3 of our issue of Tuesday:—

Applications are invited for certain temporary clerical appointments on pay up to Rs. 100 per mensem in the office of the Controller of Marine Accounts, Bombay. Only Graduates with Honours, M.As. and M.Scs. need apply. Applications should be sent to the Controller of Marine Accounts, R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 5th March, 1921.

Though we do not wish to go so far as to suggest, as our correspondent does, that there are already in view some M.A.'s and M.Sc's. on whom these temporary clerical posts carrying salaries up to Rs. 100 are intended to be conferred, the invitation, however, by the Controller to Honours graduates, M.A's. and M.Sc's, and only to these people, to serve as temporary clerks in his office on such a generous salary as Rs. 100 per mensem suggests reflections which are hardly creditable to the University and the Government who are responsible for the manufacture of these degrees. The Controller will be highly obliging the public as well as the University authorities and educationists in general, if he lets them know how many of these distinguished alumni of our Universities applied for the posts advertised and how many of them are fortunate enough to secure an income upto Rs. 100 per mensem.

MESOPOTAMIAN AND OTHER MANDATES.

TERMS SUBMITTED TO LEAGUE.

MR. BONAR LAW'S STATEMENT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

Replying to questions on the subject of publication of the Mesopotamian and other mandates, Mr. Bonar Law said that the matter had been discussed by the British and the Allied Governments and the terms of the mandate which had already been submitted to the League would be published, but the Government regarded this in a similar way to the negotiation of the Treaty, while recognising at the same time Parliament's right to refuse to adopt it. If the House wished to alter the mandate it could accept the mandate with the alterations, upon which the mandate would return to the League. He believed that the French Government intended to publish the French draft of the mandate immediately.

RIVAL TURKISH DELEGATIONS.

INVITED TO SPECIFY VIEWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

The rival Turkish delegations attended this morning's conference which was adjourned until to-morrow after an hour. A communiqué says that Tewfik Pasha and Bekirsame Bey both expounded the general principles of restoration of peace in the East. They were invited to specify in a more concrete form their views on the points in the Treaty of Sevres which they desired to be modified.

DILATORINESS OF TURKISH DELEGATIONS.

UNABLE TO ADVANCE CONCRETE CASE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

Dissatisfaction is expressed in the British circles at the dilatoriness of the Turkish delegation as shown in to-day's meeting of the conferecne. Despite the fact that they had months to consider the matter, they were absolutely unable to advance a concrete case.

The German delegates who are arriving in London on Saturday are similarly in a state of indecision at present, the experts on the sub-commission disagreeing with regard to the recommendations.

BOLSHEVIK ATTACK REPULSED.

A GEORGIAN CLAIM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. Feb. 25.

A Georgian official telegram claims the repulse of a Bolshevist attack on February 20th, two thousand prisoner sand a large quantity of booty. It states that Tiflis is entirely out of danger.

TRADES UNIONS AND SOVIET.

COMMUNIST PARTY ADOPTS LENIN'S VIEWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 11 p.m., Feb. 25.

The "Daily Telegraph" Berlin correspondent says that a telegram from Moscow states that the Executive of the Communist Party adopted by 62 votes to 8, the views of Lenin in favour of leaving the Trades Unions a large measure of freedom instead of making them merely executive organs of the Soviet Government as advocated by Trotsky.

It is rumoured that Trotsky is much chagrined, and has resigned the presidency of the Army Council. It is also rumoured that a part of the Red Army in Moscow has revolted in favour of Trotsky and that there has been fighting in streets.

GREECE AND TREATY OF SEVRES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. Feb. 25.

It is announced that M. Venizelos will shortly confer with M. Calogeropoulos in order to discuss the best means of retaining for Greece the advantages conferred upon her by the Treaty of Sevres.

THREATENED RAILWAY STRIKE IN MEXICO.

GOVERNMENT TAKING PRECAUTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 25.

A message from Mexico City states that in anticipation of a general railway strike in which it is estimated that forty thousand employees will be involved, the Government has concentrated troops in all important centres. The trouble is due to the railway directors refusing to recognise the men's unions. The Government is strongly supporting the directors.

"ON THE BRINK OF A PRECIPICE!"

CLASSES BENEFITED, NOT THE MASSES.

LOT OF THE RYOT DESCRIBED.

UNIVERSAL CRY FOR RETRENCHMENT.

DEBATE ON BOMBAY'S FINANCE.

At yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council a general discussion of the Budget took place—without going into the particulars. After the President had taken his seat he informed the members that the library and the Council Hall were for the exclusive use of the hon. members and that no membebr of the public would be allowed there, except with the previous permission of the Secretary and then too in very special cases. The President also asked members not to take off their turbans and put on caps during the sitting of the Council.

The ball was set rolling by Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, who, in a long speech criticised the provisions of the Budget, more from the point of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, in the light of the experience he had gained there The President had to ask the speaker not to make use of written speeches, as it was against the rules. But he had no objection to his making use of his "notes," and to this Dr. Dadachanji readily acquiesced. This rule about "manuscript eloquence," as the President called it, was, however more honoured in the breach than in observance. Members take to "manuscript eloquence" as easily as fish take to water. Rao Bahadur Godbole, one of the members of the old council made an exhaustive and lengthy speech attacking the Budget from all sides. The speech of the day was however, that of Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale who, while he did not go into details, made a general criticism of the whole administration. In ringing phrases he made a spirited attack on the extravagant ways of the Government and he warned them in unmistakable terms that the finances of the Presidency were on the brink of a precipice. Government, he complained bitterly, were taking more money than was needed for their purpose and accumulated it and called it Unspent Balances, and whenever they wanted money for any purpose they dipped their hands into that hoard. Every service had got enormous increments in their salaries, in addition to a number of allowances too numerous to mention said Mr. Chitale. The officer that Government were going to appoint to look into the question of retrenchment would not touch the higher officers, who had mainly benefited, but would dismiss a few pattawallas and clerks. Finally he warned them that unless the Government set its house in order, the long suffering ryot would take matters into his own hands.

The general complaint made by almost every member was about the extravagance of the service—more than half the revenue of the Presidency having been swallowed up in their pay. The trend of the speeches was that the "New Era" had begun with a mill-stone round its neck, and that it was impossible to go on in that way.

A meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council was held yesterday noon, Sir N. G. Chandavarkar presiding, when the Budget was discussed.

At the outset the President said that the Council Hall, including the library, were for the use of members only and that no strangers might be introduced without previous application to the Secretary, and such permission would only be granted under very special circumstances.

Rao Bahadur Kale wanted to move the adjournment of the business for the appointment of a committee to consider the budget in details.

The President said he would be obliged if the members in future would give him previous intimation and hand the resolution to him so that he could consider over the matter. He ruled that the motion was not in order.

The consideration of the budget was then proceeded with. The President fixed the time-limit for each member at 30 minutes, but latitude would be allowed in cases where it was necessary.

NEED FOR ECONOMY.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji said the new members had hardly time to go through the large mass of figures; he however congratulated the member-in-charge on the way he had carried out his task. He wanted a separate account to be kept for the Development Loan account and it should not be mixed up with the other accounts, as it had to do with the city of Bombay only and not the whole presidency. He then minutely went into the details and said it was necessary that the Council should exercise the strictest economy in all possible directions, and it appeared to him Sir G. Curtis himself was aware of it. Coming to the question of Land Revenue the speaker said if they took such a large revenue from the cultivators so soon after a bad season it would bear hardly on them. Some measures should be devised to lighten their burdens. He wanted the liquor license fees.—the legitimate revenue belonging to the Bombay Municipality—to be restored to the Corporation.

A POINT OF ORDER.

Sir G. S. Curtis rose to a point of order and said the members had a right to ask for retrenchment, but they had no right to object to the destination where the money went.

The President upheld the point of order; he also said written speeches were not speeches, and reading of speeches would not be allowed—manuscript eloquence he called it—but they could make use of notes. He wanted retrenchment all round, but not to impair the value of the administration.

A COSTLY ADMINISTRATION.

Rao Bahadur K. R. Godbole complained that owing to the New Council there had been a great increase in expenditure—each member and minister had a secretary, and they had their special staffs, and that the amount they spent on the executive members would have been enough to provide 800 primary teachers. There was no necessity to increase the number of Executive Councillors. The budget in this presidency, said the speaker, must be granted with an eye to retrenchment. When the pay of the teachers, etc., was revised the expenditure on establishment, etc., would amount to about Rs. 5½ crores, which was almost half the revenue. He advocated small irrigation works for the protection of areas which were liable to suffer from famines, and he wished that small special establishments, such as those for the three Government houses, should be abolished. The speaker complained that while a lot of money was spent on Government houses, and central offices, there were no *chowdies* in many villages. The sums spent on the Stationery and Printing Department were enormous, as Government could easily get their supplies from a private firm, and there was no necessity of keeping such a costly establishment.

ON THE BRINK OF A PRECIPICE.

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale thought that the finances of the presidency were on the brink of a precipice, and if they took no steps to put them right they would be held responsible by their constituents. The Government were taking too much in the way of taxes and were not spending all and they called the surplus as unspent balances, and whenever they needed money they took it out of those balances. In fact, they were taking too much from the people, although there was no necessity for the same. They had lost and lost hopelessly the whole game. They had lost the battle all along the line and they were now going with their faces backwards. He for one wanted to do everything possible to strengthen the hands of the Bombay Government to effect economy and get their share of their finances from the Imperial Government, as the money belonged to them and not to the Imperial Government. He was of the opinion that the finances of their presidency should be managed in such a way that the expenditure should balance with the income and should not resort to loans or other expedients in order to meet their expenditure.

DID NOT BENEFIT THE MASSES.

The Duke of Connaught in opening the Council had pointed out to three causes of unrest and unhappiness: ignorance, insanitary conditions of life and the cruel inequalities of all that made life worth living. The budget that had been presented to the Council was not going to give effect to the words of his Royal Highness. Fully 50 per cent. and more of the expenditure in the budget had been swallowed up in salaries under the different heads. The budget, while it benefited the classes, did not benefit the masses. They had to pay this enormous sum of money, more than was to found to be the case in any civilised country, which they had not the right to do, and their expenditure must be cut down to as low a figure as possible. But, the whole budget was an accomplished fact and the members could do nothing with it. All the Indian services wanted increments after increments and those under several different heads—local allowances, duty allowances, overseas allowances, travelling allowances, provision of costly housing accommodation, special allowances and the rest. He did not know what the full total of these would amount to. In fact, he thought they were making up the budget from a wrong point of view and if they went on like that he was sure a day of reckoning would come when the ryot would take matters in his own hand.

THE LOT OF THE RYOT.

In India, whenever there were retrenchments they never touched the higher officers—only a few pattawalas and clerks were dismissed,—and that was not the kind of reform they wanted. He would not have objected to higher salaries being paid if he were sure that more efficient and better services were at their disposal. But with the increased allowances and increased facilities he did not think that the comfort of the general ryot would be increased by a single rupee. They were ill-clothed, ill-fed and ill-housed for the last 50 years and were living in the same ignorance. He asked whether it was, or was not, a fact that Rs. 30 lakhs increase priv'ded for education would not be swallowed up by increments in salaries. He did not grudge it, but it was a pity that the poor ryot should be living on a pittance. He asked whether, in point of view of literacy, primary education had advanced in proportion to their expenditure, and he thought they had not made the slightest advance from the point of view of literacy. They might or might not agree with him, but he was conversant with his district and he challenged them to prove that the people had advanced in that direction. He had found that not more than 2 per cent. of the boys went up to the fourth standard, and he emphatically said that they had not advanced at all in education. As regards sanitation and education and pure drinking water, how many villages were there which did not know and could not have those small luxuries of life? He did not think the ryots could go in those conditions indefinitely.

The Council then adjourned for lunch.

PROCEEDINGS AFTER LUNCH.

Rao Sahib Harilal Desai hoped Government would arrange so that the budget figures could be in the hands of the members before the 15th January. He complained of the want of data to compare the old figures of the budget with the new ones; the impression created on h's mind was that the reforms were rather costly and it put him in mind of the case of the East India Company, whenever its charter was renewed. That company had to pay large sums of money to the British Government whenever there was a renewal of its charter. The meaning of retrenchments by appointment of an officer was that the men at the top would not be touched, but only the lower staff would be touched; he did not think that an officer who himself was concerned in the high expenditure would be inclined to make any suggestions in that direction and he, therefore, thought that the retrenchment would affect only the subordinate staff. While the higher officers and the intermediate officers had got increments, the clerical staff had not got much At present there was a demoralisation going on in every department of the administration and everybody wanted higher salaries. He thought efficiency should be increased by rigorous retrenchments, and he was of the opinion it was possible in many directions.

A TOP-HEAVY ADMINISTRATION.

He then attacked the increase in the number of executive members, and the superfluity of divisional Commissioners, which were unnecessary in these days. They could not have it both ways—increase of executive members and the retaining of Commissioners. Then there were the personal assistants to collectors who were quite unnecessary. The Collectors now a days liked to live out of touch with the population, and, while it did not add to the efficiency of the administration, they required personal assistants. He asked that there should be economy in all directions.

Mr. Chunilal M. Gandhi (Surat) said the disturbing element in the finances was very grave. They had a deficit of Rs. 1½ crores and it might be increased next year. The necessity for economy was, therefore, very great. There were all sorts of allowances, which were increasing daily, and he wanted some sort of system to be introduced by which the officers should get nothing more or less than their pay.

They had made a provision of Rs. 20 lakhs for bungalows for officers, which was quite unnecessary; then there was a provision made for rents also. That was another way of adding to their pay. When a liberal provision has been made for housing high officers he thought there must be some sort of accommodation provided for the clerks. He advocated abolition of the superfluous executive officers such as District Deputy Collectors and Assistant Collectors. Much money was wasted on tours and no good purpose was served by these tours as the Government officers never came into touch with the people. After 150 years of British rule the Government had done nothing to advance their industries, inspite of Commissions, Directors and Assistant Directors. No provision had been made for startin gany sort of industrial pursuits, and in the whole Presidency there were about nine agricultural schools and he advocated the starting of more agr'cultural and industrial schools in the Presidency.

Mr. M. W. Pradhan said they could not touch the budget now, and he thought a Committee should be appointed to consider it in the future.

MR. G. B. TRIVEDI.

Mr G. B. Trivedi said the Government seeing that their position of trusteeship was going to be changed into that of servants had taken precautions to increase their emoluments in all ways. Unless they revised everything that had been done during the last year by the Government the reforms were of no use. They should appoint a committee with an Indian official to assist it. They must insist on revising what had been done already last year. The high salaries paid to officers should be cut down, as the cost of living had gone down very much. The time had now come for them to look into the high allowances, and salaries given to the officers. The last report of the Industrial Department was full of platitudes—it could not do this and it could not do that said the report—and in spite of all that they wanted an increased number of Assistant Directors. While the pay of the primary teachers was going to be increased, he asked, where were the increased number of schools the Council had provided for? Every day education was getting more and more costly.

NEED FOR MORE TECHNICAL SCHOOLS.

He hoped that more technical schools would be started. The maner in which land was acquired at the present time from agriculturists was most repugnant to the people. Many villages were going to be wiped off the map in the Poona District and it seemed to him to be nobody's business to see that the villagers were properly settled.

Dr. S. S. Bottlewalla rose to a point of order and asked whether they were considering the budget or discussing the causes of the present discontent.

The President said a member was entitled to efer to a particular incident in the course of a general discussion.

THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN.

Mr. Trivedi, continuing, said there was great discontents among the public about the way in which the Development Loan was being spent. It was stated that the loan would be spent for Bombay by Bombay and in Bombay and when a representation has made by the Indian Merchants' Chamber they were given a reply of four lines, that the Government were considering the matter. He asked whether that was the way in which the public were treated.

MR. N. M. DUMASIA.

Mr N M Dumasia said more expense and less income was writ large on every page of the Budget and it seemed to him that the new council did not make an auspicious start as far as the financial aspect was concerned, and yet the Budget was remark able not for what it provided, but for what it omitted and the excess of expenditure over the revenue by nearly 150 lakhs was sufficient to depress one's mind, and the prospects were not improved by the contemplation that this legacy was left to them by their predecessors. Rigid economy and merciless retrenchment were now needed in every direction. They could not avoid the fact that their administration was top heavy and if they did not take care, the whole system would topple down and there would be a revolution in the finances of the province.

MORE MEN—LESS WORK.

The "New Era" had begun with more men and less work. He did not think much good would result from the enquiry by an officer; instead of that a committee should be appointed to go into the question. Formerly, there were only two members of the Executive Council and one more was added after the Morley-Minto reforms and now two more were added—there were three members and three ministers at the present time. It was extremely disheartening that with the starting of the "New Era" they should be saddled with these new expenses. He wanted more agricultural and industrial schools all over the Presidency and he asked whether it was necessary to spend Rs. 20 lakhs in one year on providing houses for the officers. There was another item which in these lean times should not have appeared in the budget and that was the sum for purchasing the portraits of three past governors. There was also the provision for the tour of the Governor. By the way, in which these tours were conducted; their objects were not fulfilled namely bringing the people and the Governor into closer touch with each other.

RAO BAHADUR G. K. SATHE.

Rao Bahadur G. K. Sathe said it was not a matter of credit to the Government that their house was in a state of bankruptcy. Referring to the last para of the budget note he said Government should have pointed out the ways to them in which retrenchments could be effected. The Government had begun the revision of salaries from the top and not from the bottom. While the higher officers had secured their increases the poor primary teachers were left with nothing. He regretted that a large portion of the income of the presidency should have gone to increase the salaries of officials, instead of ameliorating the condition of the poor people. He complained that they did not get their money's worth in the judicial service, and if the subordinate judiciary worked for as many hours as the High Court judges did there would bbe no necessity for increasing the number of subordinate judges. The local bodies were financially almost insolvent.

VILLAGE SANITATION.

No provision was made for sanitation in the rural areas and if the people lived at all it was due to the pure air and nothing else. He thought the time had now come for starting new dispensaries. He complained that the local bodies were not properly treated in the way of financial assistance, and he thought there should be some sort of system by which the local bodies should be allotted a portion of the revenues, instead of having to depend on the sweet will of the executive officers. He thought too much money was spent on school bulidings, which were not in consonance with their surroundings instead of spending the money on more useful ways.

FAMINE CONDITIONS.

Rao Bahadur G. S. Garud said some parts of the presidency were suffering from famine and scarcity and they had expected more liberal treatment from the Financial Member, but that had not happened. He hoped the Government would come to their aid now.

Rao Bahadur Mahipatram Nilkanth said the time had come to cry a halt and cut down all sorts of expenditure.

The Council then adjourned till 12 noon to-day.

COUNCIL IMPRESSIONS.

(From our Special Representative.)

The Bombay Legislative Council began to-day a discussion of the first budget under the new regime. The most important speech before the Council was that of the veteran Diwan Bahadur Godbole who quite in the manner of the old Council traversed the whole subject. The Diwan Bahadur has years of experience behind him, the best of them spent in the service of Government in the Public Works Department. He has business experience and what is of great import and consequence in an assembly of this kind, he has a quiet, none too hurried effective style of speech. It is common knowledge now that a number of our new legislators have only a polite acquaintance with the English language, and when the speaker is at the furthest end from them, they can only do one thing with ease and comfort, have a nap where the legislative business goes on. During the Diwan Bahadur's speech however members listened with eager attention, as he passed home point after point. The methods of Government frightfulness in expenditure were exposed by him succinctly and ably, the fact that while village *chawdis*, the only buildings in the village for administrative purposes are allowed to remain in partial desuse and without repairs, Government have sanctioned enormous sums for a variety of public buildings. Prominent attention was given in his speech but his greatest attack came upon the item devoted to stamps and stationery and he reiterated an argument which he had used with little avail in a former council, that Government could easily go to a private firm to obtain its supplies in these directions. His critical remarks regarding the Development department and the Public Works Department were cautious and constructive, and the Presidents gladly allowed him a considerable addition of time than the thirty minutes accorded to each speaker to develop his arguments.

Mr. Chitale from Ahmednagar in an equally forcible speech pinted out the necessity of retrenchment, but a welcome effort in debate was that of Mr. Trivedi from Bandra who in a speech which could be heard in all parts of the House which suffers severely from acoustic inconveniences developed with great force the argument for retrenchment. Rao Sahib Harilal Desai made one of his useful speeches, which will point out a defect with appropriate phraseology, and then came Mr. Dumasia who finds the new role he is playing in the public life of Bombay evidently a most engaging one.

"MANUSCRIPT ELOQUENCE."

Mr. Dumasia has yet to reconcile himself to the fact that a Council speech must be made and not read. One can have a number of notes at command, one can read any number of extracts but one cannot make one's speech a continuous extract—something which lying on the table nicely typed and ready to be recited. So Mr. Dumasia whose loyalty is exuberant, and whose desire to cut a figure in the Council interesting and certainly praiseworthy finds it rather a heavy task to achieve fluency, but everyody is ready to help him on, and he may succeed. To-day he did not say much, but what he said was in the direction of demanding retrenchments.

MR. SATHE.

Then the Council heard with evident pleasure and keen interest a valuable contribution to the debate. Rao Bahadur G. K. Sathe to whom the Government have done a good turn by nominating him to the Council, criticised the budget in a speech accurate in facts, and cautious in their exposition. Taking advantage of the fact that a former judge of the High Court was now an executive member of Council, he made particular reference to the judicial cadre and urged that the additions to the subordinate judges cadre was totally unnecessary. Government had given ample scope to revision of salaries at the top, but not at the bottom. He thought it was time that the lower services were bettered as regards pay, that the Education minister saw the inadvisability of wasting 27,000 rupees on a school house, just to give a concrete instance, and that with their crippled finances Government did see the necessity of retrenchment. Two more speeches followed Mr. Sathe's and with retrenchment in the air the Council adjourned to next day when there will be a short session, because the afternoon no doubt must be left free for the races.

SIR R. CRADDOCK INSPECTS CITY POLICE.

ADVISES THEM TO DISREGARD MR. GANDHI'S EFFORTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Feb. 25.

The Lieutenant-Governor to-day, inspected the Rangoon City Police and addressing them advised them to disregard efforts made to seduce loyalty of the police by Mr. Gandhi and others.

Lt.-General Sir Baden Powell and Lady Baden Powell left Calcutta on Thursday evening for Darjeeling.

The steamer Ganges, carrying 975 Indian returned emigrants left Fiji on the 12th February and expected to arrive at Calcutta about 8th March.

An Agra message of February 25 says the domestic servants of Agra's educational institutions are still on strike, but sufficient substitutes have been obtained to enable work carried on without much difficulty at the Government High School Normal School, Balwant Rajput High School and the Agra College.

THE EXCHANGE SITUATION.

QUESTION OF STABILISING PRICE OF RUPEE.

MR. MONTAGU ON ABNORMAL STATE OF INDIAN TRADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

In the House of Commons Mr. Sugden invited a statement on the question of stabilising the price of rupee this assuring the Indian traders of the need for immediately resuming trade relationships with Great Britain.

Mr. Montagu replying referred to the abnormal state of Indian trade position which last year showed an adverse balance of forty-three crores of rupees compared with the favourable balance of 125 crores in 1919. The Government were anxiously watching the situation but in view of the extent of sterling resources and obligations he did not see the practicability of intervening effectively in the support of Indian exchange. He fully appreciated the drawbacks of the present position but the causes were worldwide and beyond an individual Government's control. He pointed out similar instability of sterling, franc and other exchanges.

INTER-IMPERIAL EXCHANGES.

GOVERNMENT MAINTAINING STABILITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

In the House of Commons replying to a question with regard to the policy governing the inter-Impeial exchanges. Mr. Bonar Law declared that in the case of colonies and protectorates as far as possible the Government maintained stability of the exchange, in relation to sterling, unless it was advantageous to the colonies to link up the exchange with another area.

EXCESS PROFITS DUTY.

REFUNDS PAID INTO EXCHEQUER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

Mr. Chamberlain announces that after providing ten millions for refunds and approximately a million for interest as prepayment, the amount of the Excess Profits Duty paid into the Exchequer from April 1st 1920 to February 19th 1921, was 191 millions.

VALIDITY OF DIVORCES GRANTED BY INDIAN COURTS

LEGAL ASPECT DISCUSSED IN DIVORCE COURT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 25.

An important issue concerning the validity in Great Britain of the divorres granted in India was raised in the Divorce Court to-day, when the petition of Captain Reginald Keyes came up for hearing. Captain Keyes was formerly in the West Kent regiment, was married at Saint Paul's, Calcutta, in 1916 and obtained a divorce in the Punjab High Court in 1918, which was later made absolute.

The counsel said that the petitioner was bringing an English suit on the grounds of security in order to make his position safe.

The Attorney-General for the King's Proctor, who attended in response to the President's request, said he was bound to submit that there might be grave doubts whether the Indian courts were empowered to dissolve marriages where the parties were not domiciled but resident in India and whether they were able to grant divorce effective in Great Britain. After referring to Section II of the Indian Divorce Act of 1869 he asked if the word "reside" in it meant residence or more pregant meaning of domicile. The Attorney-General said there was no doubt that in order to validate a divorce beyond the territory where it was granted, the foundation of jurisdiction must be a permanent domicile. He pointed out that his Lordship's judgment might render it necessary in the public interest to take certain steps. The next question was whether the Imperial Parliament could have authorised Indian legislation contrary to the fundamental principles of divorce legislation and if India had this power, why not the Colonies.

Sir Henry Erle Richards on behalf of the Secretary for India said that the latter placed great importance on the question of the divorces granted in India during the past fifty years to resident Englishmen. There had doubtless been many re-marriages and children whose legitimacy depended upon the validity of the divorces. If those divorces were now decided to be invalid, one would be faced with the most difficult position which could only be cured by legislation.

Sir Erle Richards submitted that the limitation of the Act to Englishmen domiciled in India gave it a limited application to the Eurasians and converted easterns, because few Englishmen were really domiciled in India. He argued that the Indian courts throughout had been given jurisdiction with regard to the Europeans' matrimonial matters. It would cause a great scandal and confusion if the people divorced in India were regarded as married in Great Britain. He contended that India stood in a special category different from any colonies owing to the difference of conditions and the usual domicile test would be fatal in the case of India.

The President reserved judgment after which the taking of evidence in the case proceeded.

SIR RASH BEHARI GHOSE.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

Sir Rash Behari Ghose is lying seriously ill. His condition is causing grave anxiety.

SERIOUS REPRISALS IN IRELAND.

PITCHED BATTLE IN STREETS AT MOUNT CHARLES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 11 p.m., Feb. 25.

Serious reprisals are reported to have taken place in Ireland. Twenty houses at Bally Longford, County Kerry, have been destroyed by fire, after two auxiliaries had been killed in an ambush and nine houses, and shops have been burned down at Rosslea County Fermanagh, following the shooting of a Unionist merchant.

As a result of the ambushing of Crown forces at Mount Charles, Donegal, a pitched battle in streets ensued in which a girl and a policeman were shot dead, and a number of buildings were burned down. Business has been suspended and school closed. The majority of inhabitants have fled to neighbouring villages.

MAJOR CROIZIER'S RESIGNATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. Feb. 25.

Major Crozier in his letter of resignation declares that the acts committed by policemen are unpardonable, "Therefore" he says "I cannot associate myself with a force in which such acts are condoned."

AMERICA'S NEW NAVAL SECRETARY.

A COMPLETE SURPRISE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 25.

A Washington message says that the choice of Mr. Edwin Denby as Naval Secretary has come as a complete surprise as his name was never mentioned in the newspaper speculations. Mr. Denby, who is a lawyer and a business man is the son of a former American Minister in China and himself served in the Chinese maritime customs.

POSTAL AVIATION IN U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 8-45 p.m. Feb. 25.

New York.—Postal aviators have arrived at Hazelhurst aerodrome, Long Island with Mails from San Francisco. It is estimated that the flight occupied thirty-three-hours and twenty minutes.

FATAL PETROL EXPLOSION IN A TRAM CAR

EIGHT BURNED TO DEATH AND 25 INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

New York.—Following upon the explosion of a can of petrol on the platform of a tram car at Shelton, Connecticut, a fire broke out on the car and also on adjoining one with the result that eight people were burned to death and 25 injured. Several children are among the victims.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

PASSED BY HOUSE OF COMMONS FOR SECOND TIME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 11 p.m., Feb. 25.

The Government's Unemployment Insurance Act was, to-day read in the House of Commons, for a second time, and passed without division. In the amendment to the bill, Dr. Macnamara said that the State provision would be increased from four and half millions sterling to over five and a quarter millions, and they would provide sixty two millions for the unemployment donations for ex-service men. Benefits would be extended from fifteen to twenty-six weeks in any one year and the weekly amount would be increased to 18 shillings for men and 15 shillings for women.

PERSIAN SITUATION.

COSSACKS REDISTRIBUTE WEALTH.

REBELS' RESPECT FOR SHAH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

Reports received in Paris from Persia state that calm prevails in Teheran. The bazaar is closed. The Cossacks have made redistribution of wealth and have effected a number of arrests including several ex-Ministers and some Princes. The rebels declare their respect for the Shah and their abhorrence of Bolshevism. The coup d'etat is evidently not directed against the British.

INDEMNITY CLAIMS OF BRITISH EMPIRE.

REPARATIONS COMMISSIONS STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 25.

A Paris message states that the Reparations Commissions' statement show that the claims of British Empire total £2512 millions sterling of which the biggest items are £736 millions for shipping and £1706 millions for personal damages including military pensions.

The claims of Japan are estimated at 832 million yen.

FEAR OF COLLAPSE OF ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL.

DEAN OF WINDSOR'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 11 p.m., Feb. 25.

According to the Dean of Windsor, the historic building St. Georges' Chapel, Windsor, the burial place of many English Kings, is threatened with collapse. In a letter to the press, the Dean appeals for funds to restore the building, which, he says, will be closed next Easter for three years for repairs. Twenty thousand sterling has already been subscribed, which is enough for the first year's work.

DEATH OF REV. BERNAND LUCAS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

The death is announced of the Reverend Bernard Lucas.

CABLE ITEMS.

The Senate of the Aberdeen University has granted the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws to Sir George Carmichael.

Summer time in England begins on April 2nd, and ends on October 2nd.

Paris.—The Report of M. Pate, Head of the Chambers Committee, dealing with Army estimates, proposes a reduction of nearly six million sterling on a total of 260 million put down by Government.

FATEHPUR SIKRI RIOT CASE

TRANSFER APPLICATIONS REJECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AGRA, Feb. 25.

The Fatehpur Sikri riot case, in regard to which the Allahabad High Court was moved for a transfer from the Court of Thakur Sheorkhan Singh, Deputy Magistrate, has commenced.

All the accused 35 in number are Mahomedans, and they applied for a transfer, on the ground that the nature of the case was such that they feared that they "would not have a fair trial, unless a European Magistrate presided at the hearing." Mr. Justice Tudball rejected the application, as there was, he said no allegation whatsoever against the good faith of the Hindu Magistrate.

Mr. S. D. Bhargava, Government pleader appeared for the Crown. Mr. Jafri, barat-law, Mr. Ali Amjad Khan and other vakils appeared for the defence.

The Court was crowded with spectators Evidence was led by the Crown Prosecutor to show that during the last Muhorum festival there had been a conflict at Fatehpur Sikri which culminated in a serious riot. The first witness for the prosecution was under cross-examination for nearly two hours, and there were many lively passages-at-arms between the counsel on either side.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Feb. 25.

No rain has fallen. The temperature is high in Northern India, especially in North-west. A western depression is approaching in the North-west Frontier.

Forecast:—Dry weather generally.

A Rangoon message of February 25th says, the Burma Railways strike has involved the stoppage of goods traffic, bookings of live cattle in full wagon loads till further orders, while the Rangoon suburban service is considerably curtailed. (A P.)

THE LANGDON AFFAIR.

JAPAN PUNISHES THE CULPRITS.

SENTRY ACQUITTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 25.

Tokio.—The court-martial has acquitted the sentry who shot the American Naval Lieutenant Langdon dead at Vladivostock some weeks ago. A Washington message says that following upon this verdict a note was received from the Japanese Government regretting the Langdon affair and saying that the court-martial found that the sentry complied with the orders but that he was sentenced to one month's confinement to the barracks for giving a false testimony at the trial. The Japanese commander at Vladivostock has been removed and degraded and four other officers punished. Mr. Coldly declared that Japan had acted promptly and sincerely. The official circles regard the incident as closed except in the matter of reparation.

DUKE IN POONA.

HARTAL IN THE CITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, Feb. 25.

The whole of Poona city observed a complete hartal to-day to demonstrate public feeling regarding the visit of the Duke of Connaught, who arrived here this morning. The Municipal Reay market, Dana-bazar, Budhwar Peth, Bhawanipeth, Rawiwar and all other big centres of business are closed voluntarily.

Last week, three big public meetings were held at Shivaji Mandir, Bhajiali and Reay Market presided over by Messrs. Shet Destmahomed, Bhopatkar and Gulam Desta gir respectively. A public meeting under the presidentship of Prof. Paranjpye will be held this evening, on the open ground of Shaniwarwada to record the public opinion regarding the Duke's visit.

THE PARADE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, Feb. 25.

There was only a small and select gathering of officials present on the platform of the Poona station, when the special train containing the Field Marshall H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught and members of his staff steamed in precisely at 9 a.m. The Duke was greeted by Lieut.-General Sir William Marshall, G. O. Commanding-in-Chief, Southern Army.

It was at the racecourse that the chief function of the day was to take place. For an hour at least, prior to the arrival of the Royal Field Marchall, strains of martial music had heralded the march of the regiments to the general parade ground. As each unit arrived, it took up a position allotted to it so that the spectacle that burst on view on reaching the ground was that of a small army standing ready to accord His Royal Highness a tribute due to his exalted rank. On the right of the line facing the grandstand were artillery, less and battery, which was to fire the Royal Salute of 31 guns in honour of the Duke's arrival. Next the artillery, were several squadrons of cavalry and then in quarter columns of regiments, 110th Maharattas Light Infantry and Colour Party of 120th Rajputana Infantry in order, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, Lincolshire Regiment, Sappers and Miners and others units with some Boy Scouts and Girl Guides on tither side of the saluting base. After the inspection was completed, H. R. R. rode slowly back to the dais, returning the salutes of the military. In the neighbouring enclosures at the word of command each company of the 110th Maharattas and the 120th Rajputana Infantry with their colour parties then marched up. Old colours were slowly paraded past each company, while the National Anthem was played. Colours were then cased.

The parade concluded with three cheers for the Duke and when these had been given, H. R. H. rode to the centre of the ground and called for three cheers for His Majesty the King Emperor, the Duke himself leading cheers in a hearty fashion. This concluded the morning's ceremonies. The Duke then motored back to Polo Vista, where he is the guest of Sir William and Lady Marshall.

PLIGHT OF TONK RESIDENTS.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS TO HELP STRANDED FAMILIES.

(From a Correspondent.)
DELHI, Feb. 25.

Refugees from Tonk report that those in jail are given five breads daily and their families are in most helpless condition. As they are to be tried, services of barristers and pleaders are badly required.

Arrests still continue. General condition is worse than Martial Law Relief work is needed badly. Hakim Barkat Ahmad's son, Mohammad, is sent to Ajmer to prevent Molana Moinuddin from sympathising with the oppressed Tonk people.

Some ill-minded agents are intimidating and compelling Tonk people to sign a document to be produced against those in jail. The most prominent agents are Mohamad Said, opium-seller, and Shamshuddin. A huge sum of money is distributed among the people to win them over.

As the Khilafat and the Congress Committees of Ajmer have taken up relief work, Moslim and Hindu brethren are requested to help the families of the oppressed Tonk people, by sending money direct to the Secreties of the committees.

FORCED LABOUR IN HILLS.

MEN'S DEMANDS.

HOW FAR GOVT. IS PREPARED TO MEET THEM.

(From our Own Correspondent.)
DELHI, Feb. 23.

The following notice in Hindi has been distributed in the Simla District by Mr. S. R. Stokes and Mr. Bishandas of Kotgarh, about the Forced labour system in the hills.—

As we all have determined to put a stop to the system of Begar in our District; it is necessary that the people of the District should know exactly what we have demanded from the Government and what has been the result of our efforts. All of us ought to know the reply given to us the *Sarkar*.

MEN'S DEMAND.

We sent a memordandum to the Government in the autumn last year, wherein we stated that we objected to the following kinds of Forced labour:—

1. For the general travellers.
2. For the Government officers when they go out for *Shikar* or for pleasure-trips.
3. For the Postal Department.
4. For the Forest Department and for the goods of the Public Works Department.
5. For the Government contractors.

We informed the Government that we would put a stop to the Forced labour mentioned above, in December, and till then the Government had the time to make their own arrangement. We further stated, that we could wait upto January in case the Government proved the legality of this Forced labour, justifying their right to exact it. We also informed the Government, that, during the time in which they were to make their arrangements, we were ready to carry the bedding etc of Government Officers, who are administrating the affairs of the Simla District.

We also demanded, that those who are called out for Begar, should be paid eight annas per day, whether they are given any work or simply asked to stay there, and that the price of the fuel and grass taken by the officers should be paid according to the prevalent rates; also, that the zamindars be paid for the milk taken from them and that only the District officers be entitled to ask for milk and lastly that the zamindars be paid direct in the presence of the officers, and not through any servants or middlemen.

GOVT. PREPARED TO MEET MEN'S DEMANDS.

The result of our effort was that the Political Officer visited our district in the month of November. His proposals were satisfactory to a certain extent; but still they were insufficient to guard against the high handedness of officers and others.

After that, the District Officer himself came to our place. He told us that he could not manage these things so early as December, but he recognised the necessity of it. He promised to put a stop to the Begar for postal purposes that very month of November, and also to manage the other things, if possible, by March.

If no arrangement is made by March, we will inform the people about it in the District. We may state it here, that our countrymen in other parts of India are ready to help us.

POLITICAL SITUATION IN KATHIAWAR.

MR. MEHTA'S ADVICE TO RULERS OF STATES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
RAJKOT, Feb. 25.

The order of the Agent to the Governor in Kathiawad prohibiting discussion of individual State politics in Rajkot Civil Station appears to be causing some nervousness in the State themselves. Mr. Mansukhlal Mehta who had taken a leading part in organising the Political Conference and is known to be a staunch advocate of evolutionary methods, has been delivering lectures on the political situation in Kathiawad.

At a meeting in Rajkot he pointed out how States at this critical juncture and in the midst of atmosphere of political distrust, should very particularly preserve their mental balance and show political sagacity and statesmanship in their attitude towards political awakening in their subjects. False steps, which any State might take, would only betray their political weakness and invite dissatisfaction. They should remember that for governing people well they should get into their skin. Any ignorance in this connection would be suicidal. A little knowledge of popular mind would soon inform them how ideas current in British India were prevading all parts of the country, and how very necessary it was to recognise these and mould them for interests of both sides so that the new life might be a source of real strength to the country Any indifference or opposition, he further emphasised, would be understood by the people simply to be a timidity on the part of the States, and anxiety to please the Agency authorities out of a fear begotten by their helpless subordination. He summed by saying that as one who yet saw several good points in Indian States, he would say from his intimate personal knowledge that any repression on the part of the authorities would infuse people with double vigour and that the better part of the wisdom lay in States themselves lending a helping hand, as the Gaikwar of Baroda had already done. In conclusion the lecturer hoped both the Agency and the State authorises would bear in mind the statesman like advise of the Duke of Connaught not to follow the policy of frightfulness.

TRADE SITUATION IN INDIA

MANCHESTER CHAMBER'S DRASTIC RESOLUTION.

INDIAN DEALERS' ATTITUDE CONDEMNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

The Executive Committee of the India Section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce has passed a drastic resolution with regard to the trade situation in India unanimously recording the condemnation of Indian dealers refusing to pay the drafts while the exchange rates were below two shillings per rupee. The contend that this is contrary to all the principles of fair dealing and the Executive feel that such violation of the sanctity of contract will jeopardise the future commercial relations. The Executive while sympathising with the Indian dealers in their present difficulties, is unable to advise the Manchester shippers to submit to the dealers' drastic action neither can they associate the Chamber with the recommendation to grant concessions.

INDIA GOVT'S CONTROL OVER INDIAN ARMY.

"MANCHESTER GUARDIAN" ON MODERATES' DEMANDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

The "Manchester Guardian" supporting the Delhi Assembly's resolution in favour of the Government of India's control over the Indian Army considers the programme of the Indian Moderate's demands with regard to the Indian Army's functions as the only safe sane policy. The paper urges the Imperial Government to make it clear that they intend to maintain it.

GRIEVANCES OF THE I.M.S.

QUESTION OF ITS DISADVANTAGEOUS POSITION RAISED IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

In the House of Commons Mr. Rupert Gwynne asked whether the Indian Medical Service had naither received the benefits of the accelerated cadre promotion granted in the British Army and the R. A. M. C. nor the accelerated time promotion granted in the Indian Army and whether the reason given for the exclusion of the I.M.S. from the British Army and the R.A.M.C. cadre acceleration to Lieut.-Colonelcy was because the Indian Army had not it and whether from the Indian army time scale acceleration to the field rank because the R. A. M. C. had not it and what was the object of placing the officers of the I.M.S. in this disadvantageous position.

Mr. Montagu asked for particulars and said that in the meanwhile he could assure Mr. Gwynne that there had been no discrimination against the I.M.S.

DIVORCE GRANTED TO ENGLISH PEOPLE IN INDIA.

JUDGMENT ON ITS VALIDITY RESERVED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Feb. 25.

The President of the Divorce Court has reserved judgment on the question of whether divorces granted to the English people domiciled in India are valid in Great Britain.

STANDING JT. COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.

MOTION IN LORDS CARRIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

In the House of Lords on the motion of Lord Lytton it was decided to appoint a committee of eleven Lords to the joint committee of the House of Commons as the standing joint committee on Indian affairs. Lord Lytton explained that the duties of the committee would be purely advisory and explanatory.

THE ESHER REPORT.

IMPROVING CONDITIONS OF SERVICE OF ARMY IN INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Feb. 25.

Replying to Col. Yate, Mr. Montagu said he hoped very shortly to announce the decision regarding the steps taken to carry out the recommendations in Part Five of the Esher Report in respect of the improvements in the conditions of service of the Army in India.

NANKANA SAHIB TRAGEDY.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST OFFICIALS.

GOVERNMENT'S DEFENCE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY PROCEEDINGS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Beb. . 24.

In the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Norton speaking on the resolution of Munshi Iswar Saran about the creation of an Indian Bar, said he had no reason to fear that distinctions between vakils and barristers should cease. It was a legitimate grievance of vakils that youngest barristers had to lead them. It was really a grievance that a barrister of two years' standing in India should have a right of pre-audience. Before Sir Rash Behari Ghose the rest of vakils' grievances were mere pin-pricks. It had been stated that vakils had to sign vakalatnama. If that was a grievance he (Mr. Norton) was pepared to sign anything. However, he had lived to see that Indians like Sir Sivaswami Iyer had permanently come to occupy the office of Advocate-General to the exclusion of any English barristers so far as Madras was concerned. Mr. Krishnaswamy Iyer was one of the many judicial luminaries who occupied judgeship of the High Court, and the judgments of Mr. Krishnaswami Iyer were still being quoted throughout India as worthy of obedience. He could say some thing of Mr. Seshagiri Iyer who was sitting behind him. In Calcutta they could turn with pleasure to Justice Dwarkanath Mitter who was a splendid ornament. In judicial fields, Indians had thus more than justified themselves and English Bar had raised no opposition. European barristers were aware of the facts that time had slowly brought Indians to their own level. Mr. Norton claimed that the vakil world was planted by the English in India and repudiated the idea that Indian barristers did not get the necessary training in England and that the English Bar was shut against their face.

WHAT INDIANS GET IN ENGLAND.

What lawyer students could acquire in England was the atmosphere of independence which they could not do in India on account of the present education system. In England they would find that they could easily associate with luminaries of the English Bar and that the latter treated them there as friends and not as inferiors. It was an Englishman in Madras who largely assisted in the foundation of education in 1840 although at that time they were looked upon as parians. It would take Indians long time to practise the precepts which had become the everyday practice of members of the English Bar. Personally, he was quite in agreement with their desire for the formation of an Indian Bar but he would point out that they already had it. What, however, they wanted were necessary training, disciplinary power and the removal of all distinctions between all barristers who came from Home and those who worked in India. In all these matters he was willing to help them. There was no reason why they should not stir up the hornet's nest, but they must put on gloves before they did it.

COMMITTEE'S AND ACTION ON THEIR REPORTS.

Mr. Kamat moved that the Indian Legislature be given an opportunity to discuss and record its views before any action was taken on the reports of any committee appointed by the Government of India or the Secretary of State. He said the believed this procedure would work as a safety valve. The present legislature was a greatly representative body and was manned by members who had made a great name in administrative fields. The public would also feel satisfied that a spirit of mutual trust pervaded Government actions. He was quite alive to the difficulties was were either highly comprehensive and technical or required a prompt action. The rules that the Secretary of State would frame on the subject should provide against such exceptional cases of reports.

Mr. O'Donnell, Home Secretary, said the motion as drafted attacked the position of the Governor-General by asking the Secretary of State to frame rules to tie the hands of the Government of India by a formal regulation. According to the Government of India Act, the administration of civil and military affairs was vested in the Governor-General, and the Secretary of State had no powers to frame rules of the King. Notwithstanding this the committees and commissions were of a different nature which could not also always come under purview of the Assembly. Certain reports like Mesopotamia required an immediate action in the interest of humanity. Then again the second category of reports required a prompt action for which no special session of the Assembly could be summoned. Further, reports of committees on naval and military matters might not be discussed with regard to public safety, and lastly reports of committees affecting foreign states or relations with Indian Princes were not the concern of the Assembly. Committees could be appointed on any subject and Government could not give guarantee that all reports must be laid before the Assembly. But it was their policy, under the new constitution, that so far as practicable, action will not be taken until the Indian Legislature expressed its opinion on it.

Sir Sivaswamy Iyer felt that Government's position was rather difficult but he wished that Government should make it a point that wherever it was open to the Assembly to initiate discussion in this legislature, the House be allowed an opportunity. He regretted that the Hunter Report and the Currency Committee Report were not discussed in the Council.

Dr. Nandlal also appealed that co-operation of the legislature be sought on all possible occasions.

MR. HAILEY'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. Hailey said no action had been taken on the Esher Report as Government wanted the opinion of both Houses on the report, and it was in this spirit that they wanted to work in the future. Government would place its views before the Assembly and would receive criticism of non-official members.

Sir Godfrey rose to correct Mr. Hailey as action in certain respects had been taken on the Esher Report.

Mr. Hailey said he meant no action was taken on controversial matters.

The Home Member then asked the mover if he still intended to press his resolution.

Mr. Kamat said that in consultation with the Home Secretary he would notify his resolution so that the Government of India, so far as practicable, would allow the Indian Legislature to discuss reports of committees. The amended resolution was carried.

RAIDS IN N. W. F. PROVINCE.

Dr. Nand Lal moved that a committee consisting of elected members of the Legislative Assembly be appointed to enquire into the internal and external causes of the raids in the North-West Frontier Province and to suggest what suitable and practical measures may be adopted to put an end to the raids. The speaker gave an account of recent raids committed by Wazirs, Masuds, Mahmands, Khotwals and other tribes and their predatory habits of centuries old.

Dr. Nand Lal had hardly come into the middle of his speech when he was called to order by the President that under the standing order 23 the House must proceed with the motion for an adjournment and called upon Bahshi Sahar Lal to formally move.

NANKANA SAHIB TRAGEDY.

Mr. Bakshi Sohan Lal, in moving for adjournment of the House to discuss the Nankana Sahib tragedy, said that for the last six months they had been hearing of many quarrels in Sikh shrines in many cases attended by casualties, but in no case had the result been so horrifying as in the latest phase of the movement. The speaker read all the Press communiqués that had been issued on the subject by the Punjab Government and said that the popular estimate of the casualties stood at 195. This was a very serious matter and Government should make its position clear on the issue.

When the speaker was proceeding to move his resolution, the President called him to order and said that the Parliamentary procedure was that when adjournment was secured a discussion should follow and, if after hearing Government, the mover desired to press his motion and if the motion was carried that meant a vote of censure on Government.

At this Mr. Bakshi Sohan Lal resumed his seat.

GOVERNMENT'S DEFENCE.

Sir William Vincent assured the House that Government fully realised the extent to which Sikh feeling on the matter was touched and they had the fullest sympathy with the sufferers, but he regarded the present motion with considerable apprehension as it would establish an unsound precedent to this Assembly. Administration of law and order was a provincial matter and the Punjab Government had adequate machinery to deal with it and he, therefore, felt that this question should have been brought before the local Council. If another trouble arose in Bombay or in Bihar or in any other place and the Home Member was asked to explain them the position of the Central Government, it would be impossible. He, therefore, apprehended that this resolution sought to set an unsound precedent for this House. However, he was glad to give entire information that he possessed on the subject. The first information that reached him was through a non-official source. Then came an official telegram confirming the serious affray. The Government of India at once sent a clear-line message to the local Government to ascertain the full facts and wire them as the figures in some non-official reports were put at 130 and 195. The main reason for the Government to send this telegram to Lahore was that there was the danger that these disorders might react on other places in India. Government received a reply that the Governor with the Executive Councillors and Ministers had proceeded to the place and that investigation was conducted with all possible vigour. When the Governor reached the spot, he expresse full sympathy with the sufferers and assured the crowd that full measures would be taken to bring the guilty to justice. His Excellency talked with many people and produced a good effect on their minds. Owing to the serious nature of the affray, troops were sent and now order having been restored the troops would be recalled and police force strengthened instead. The shrine had also been placed in the hands of a committee consisting of many respectable Sikh gentlemen. Government could have done nothing more and the speaker appealed to the Assembly to say nothing at this stage that might prejudice the case against the offenders, who were, rightly or wrongly, involved in the affray and would be shortly on their trial. This particular shrine was a very large one and yielded an annual income of about Rs. 5 lakhs. Consequently, the Mahant of that shrine had considerable power and authority. At the same time he must mention that for some time past there has been a movement in the Punjab to even forcibly drive the Mahants out of the shrines for reason of their mishandling of the proceeds of the shrine. It was quite possible that this might be the cause of this particular incident.

Mr. H. Vishindas, rising to a point of order, said that considering that the matter was still pending judicially the Home Member should not proceed with his statements.

Sir William Vincent, continuing, said he simply desired to inform the House of his recent experience while in Lahore of this movement in connection with shrines. After coming back from Lahore, he addressed a letter to the Punjab Government to inquire as to what their policy on the matter was. He got a reply to the effect that a movement to get forcible possession of shrines was on foot and that in case of Tarn Taran it had resulted in some casualties and that the movement was being exploited by Non-Cooperators. He was also informed that meetings were being held for three days preceding the affray. So, in view of all these facts, the Assembly should leave the matter to local Government and should not say anything that might prejudice the case of either party.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST GOVT.

Bhai Mansingh said they could freely talk on the matter as it was not at this moment *sub judice*. Government should not hesitate to bring to book all offenders. He would be failing in his duty to his community if he did not mention that they suspected that the perpetrators of the crime got encouragement from some Government officers. It was to be regretted that while the air was thick with the pending disturbance for many days, Government did not take any precaution.

Mr. Hailey said he stood at this stage in the interest of good name of the Assembly. If the motion for adjournment was carried that would mean a vote of censure on Government, especially when there was absolutely no reason for finding fault with the Government. The discussion should have been confined to ascertain all that the Central Government knew about the incident and then there would be an end of the matter because after all the Central Government had no direct hand in it. He took particular exception to the remarks of Mr. Bhai Mansingh for having cast aspersions on Government officials, before any facts were known either to him or to Government. He feared that if discussion continued in that strain no useful purpose would be served and he wished that the debate be closed and asked the mover if he wished to press his motion.

Bakshi Sehanlal pointed out that he simply meant to bring the matter to the notice of the Central Government and would not press it.

The Assembly adjourned till the 1st March.

A CORRECTION.

Our Delhi correspondent wires under date February 24:—

In last Saturday report of the Legislative Assembly, regarding Sir Thomas Holland's reply to the discussion on his resolution about the ratification of the Washington Convention it was stated that "Sir Thomas Holland did not think that Indian States realised fair treatment of labour as well as they did in British India."

The word "think" was a mistake for the word "doubt."

LORD CHELMSFORD DEFENDS HIMSELF!

JUSTIFICATION OF HIS POLICY.

ASKS INDIANS TO HAVE FAITH IN VICEROYS!

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, ASANSOL, Feb. 24.

The Viceroy dined with members of the Calcutta Club, on the 23rd February. In the course of his speech, Lord Chelmsford dweit on the unrestful times through which we are passing. He said: "I thin I may assume that the mere fact of your presence here to-night proves you to be cooperators with Government. We are not the only country which is subject to unrest at the present moment, indeed, look where you like over the world unrest is almost the order of the day. But you may naturally ask, granted that this is so what is your policy with regard to the present situation Let me summarise the position as I see it. I understand that those who have refused to cooperate with Government do so on the broad ground that I and my Government are Satanic. I am glad to think I still have a sense of humour. I have had many epithets applied to myself in my time, but the epithet of Satanic has broken entirely a new ground. Apart, however, from what I conceive to be its peculiar inappropriateness to myself it surely must appear singular and ill-chosen when Indians are at the present moment forming the bulk of the provincial Governments and a large proportion of the Government of India. I pass on, however. The reforms have been inaugurated and responsibility has been in a large measure transferred to Indian hands. How amazing it is then that at such a time those who have for years been asking for a greater share in the Government should now, like children, be refusing to play? It reminds me of an American quatrain which I came across in the course of my reading the other day:—Mother may I go and swim? yes, my dearest daughter, hang your clothes on a hickory limb, but don't go near the water."

"SUCCESS" OF GOVERNMENT POLICY.

I cannot help feeling that this quatrain sums up the situation so far as the Non-Cooperators are concerned and now as to our policy with regard to the Non-Cooperation movement the reforms and the reformed councils are the keynote of our policy. Indians now share responsibility with the Government. Therefore, I think the Government may well claim from Indians help in combating this agitation. Non-Cooperation is spread by propaganda. It behoves us then, British and Indians, to counteract it by propaganda. Non-Cooperation takes hold of grievances where they may exist. It behoves us so far as in us lies to remedy these grievances. Non-Cooperation has failed in many of the objects which it set out to attain. An answer in the Imperial Legislature the other day, showed how poor the response had been to the demand for the surrender of titles. The existence of the Imperial Legislature and the provincial councils shows that in this respect too the authors of Non-Cooperation have not had their way. I much regret that there are many who have felt themselves obliged to stand out from the Councils. The Councils would have been the better for their help and their views in their deliberations. But, the outstanding fact remains that the Councils, which have been established, are composed of admirable material and are doing their work. Non-Cooperation was attempted in the Hijrat movement into Afghanistan. The trail of death and suffering imposed by that exodus upon the unfortunate misguided people who took part in it has, I believe, killed any attempt to revive any such exodus from India. Non-Cooperation succeeded temporarily in inducing emotional boys to leave their schools and colleges, but, here again, as soon as the emotional ebullition had passed the students have returned in large numbers to their class rooms. We have then every reason to take heart with regard to the success of the policy which we have adopted. If the Non-Cooperators having failed with the classes, especially the educated classes, are now devoting their attention to the masses. Here again we must endeavour by co-ordinated effort to teach the masses aright.

ORDER OR ANARCHY?

There is a Moslem aspect of the present situation. No one could have done more than I to bring Moslem views and sentiments of the community to the Peace Conferences, which have been considering the Turkish Peace terms and no one, not a Muslem, could have shown more dislike than I to the terms of the Turkish Peace Treaty. I say then that we have every reason to be especially tender and sympathetic to those Mahomedans, who have been led into the Non-Cooperation movement by their views with regard to the Turkish Peace Treaty. But a moment may come when our policy fails and when the two alternatives of order on the one hand or anarchy on the other alone face us. In such an event there can be only one course for the Government to pursue and that is to uphold the cause of order. We shall then ask all responsible men to range themselves on the side of order and here I am confident the reformed Councils will play their part. We as a Government will place all the facts before them and all our cards on the table and I am confident that when we prove to them that the alternative is between order and anarchy there will be only our response made and that is that we will support you in any action that you may consider necessary to maintain order in the country,

This is my last visit to Calcutta and I feel that I cannot leave without paying an acknowledgment to Lord Ronaldshay and his colleagues. I should like to acknowledge the loyal co-operation of the Bengal Government with my Government. I should like to recognise the wisdom and sagacity which has marked their administration and I personally thank Lord Ronaldshay for the friendship and support which he has always accorded me. Differences there may have been from time to time but they do not detract from that general policy of loyal co-operation, which I have always experienced at the hands of Lord Ronaldshay and his colleagues.

THE NEW VICEROY.

On April 2nd, I shall leave India and hand over my office to my successor Lord Reading. No Viceroy had ever come to India with a finer record of achievement behind him than does Lord Reading and on hearing of his appointment I cabled at once to him my congratulation to you and to India. I feel confident that in those congratulations I was merely echoing what would be the sentiments of you all but, believe me, no Viceroy, however distinguished and however able, can achieve his end unless he possesses your trust and co-operation. No man who takes up the great post of Viceroy can have any but one desire to magnify India in the Councils of the Empire, to espouse the cause of Indians within the Empire, to champion the aspirations of Indians so far as in him lies. But, a Viceroy, in any attempt to fulfil his desire must choose his own methods. The flamboyant speech, however much it mays tickle the ear at the time seldom, if ever, really achieves results. More can be done by quiet unostentatious pressure by arguments pruned of every epithet. I would say then: "Trust your Viceroy and leave him to choose his own methods of working. He cannot be other than your champion. He accepted that role when he accepted his office. He would be untrue to himself if it were to be otherwise. There can only be one governing motive in a Viceroy's life and that is summed up in Browning's famous lines substituting India for England:—"Here and ever did India help me, where I can help India say?"

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

INTERPELLATIONS:

The following are some further interpellations made at the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday last:—

Mr. J. M. Bhurgri, asked.—Will Government be pleased to state; (a) The amount of the extra annual expenditure entailed by the increase of the strength of the Executive Council and the appointment of Ministers respectively; (b) The extent and cost of the increased establishment of the Executive Council and the new establishment of the Ministers.

A.—(a) 1 Additional Member. Salaries, Rs. 64,000; 3 Ministers, Rs. 1,92,000; Travelling allowances, Rs. 12,500.

(b) Rs. 17,972.

Q.—Will Government be pleased to state what remuneration has been fixed for the Ministers in the other Provinces in India.

A.—This Government has no information on the subject.

Q.—Will Government be pleased; (a) To state whether any orders have been passed by them on the subject of Rasai, Lapo and Cheer; (b) If so, to lay them on the Council table.

A.—(a) and (b). Orders on the report of the Rasai Committee will issue shortly and a copy will be laid on the Council table.

Q.—Will Government be pleased to state; (a) How many local bodies, if any, have applied for the introduction of compulsory education since the passing of the Compulsory Education Act.

A.—Seven.

Q.—How many local bodies, if any, have introduced compulsory education since the passing of the Act.

A.—Government have already sanctioned the introduction of free and compulsory primary education within the limits of the Bandra, Surat, Dakor, Byadgi and Satara City Municipalities. Enquiries are being made as to whether the measure has *actually* been introduced in these areas.

Q.—Will Government be pleased to state; (a) In how many District Local Boards there are non-official, Presidents in Sind and the Presidency Proper respectively.

A.—Ahmedabad, Broach, Thana, Poona, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Sholapur, Satara, East Khandesh, Belgaum, Dharwar, Kolaba, Kanara, Bijapur and Hyderabad.

DEVELOPMENT LOAN.

Rao Saheb H. D. Desai. asked:—Will Government be pleased to state whether the funds of the Development loan have been invested? If so, where have they been invested and at what rate of interest?

A.:—Three crores have been lent to the Government of India on treasury bill terms at 6 per cent. and 180 lakhs are deposited with the Imperial Bank of India at 5½ per cent.

Rao Bahadur Garud asked:—Will Government be pleased to state whether any scholarships have been granted for the study of co-operation in foreign countries according to the undertaking given by Government in the debate on a resolution on the subject moved by me,

A.:—Government did not undertake in the debate on Rao Bahadur Garud's resolution to give scholarships but to afford financial assistance to gentlemen practically interested in co-operative work who had obtained some experience of the problems to be solved in this country. In pursuance of this undertaking Messrs. Rothfeld and Naik have been deputed to study the movement in Europe and the deputation of another officer (Mr. Bhadrapur) is now under consideration.

Will the Government be pleased to state how many Sub-Inspectors of Police have been raised to the appointment of Inspectors in-charge of Police Stations? What is the number of such Inspectors as compared to that of the European Inspectors?—A. Information will be obtained.

Will the Government be pleased to explain the fact that European sergeants, recruited from Army with inadequate knowledge of Law, are rapidly raised to the post of Deputy Inspectors and Inspectors above senior Indian Sub-Inspectors who are far better trained in Law and have wider experience of investigation of crimes?—A. Information will be obtained.

Will the Government be pleased to state the reason why the Sergeant is paid Rs. 200 a month rising upto Rs. 250 with an annual increment of Rs. 5 whereas the Indian Sub-Inspector is paid Rs. 125 rising upto Rs. 200 with an annual increment of Rs. 5 —A. Information will be obtained.

Will Government be pleased to state the number of persons who are holding the post of Deputy Inspectors and of Inspectors and how many of them have risen from the rank of Sergeants and within what period of their service?—A. Information will be obtained.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Mr. M. A. Havelivala, asked:—Will Government make a statement showing who are the Government Medical Officers in Bombay who are not allowed private practice? Will Government give a definition of "consulting practice"?—A.:—The following officers are debarred from private practice:—The Dean, Grant Medical College. The Resident Surgeon, St. George's Hospital. The Professor of Physiology, Histology and Hygiene, Grant Medical College. The Professor or Anatomy, Grant Medical College. The Chemical Analyser to Government. The Professor of Pathology, Grant Medical College, the Police Surgeon and the Surgeon Superintendent, St. George's Hospital are allowed consulting practice only. The "Consulting Practice" is the practice where an officer is consulted as a specialist by or at the instance of another doctor in direct charge of a case, and excludes consultation by the public without the intervention of a general practitioner.

Will Governfent say whether their orders are that private patients shall not be treated in public Hospitals by the medical officers, and if so, whether it would be an infringement of these orders if patients were treated by them in the quarters allowed to them on the Hospital premises —A.:—The answer is in the affirmative but the orders referred to admit of exceptions in very urgent and special circumstances.

In view of correspondence which, it is reported, has been taking place for some years regarding the duties of Coroner of Bombay, will Government undertake to make no charge without giving the public an opportunity to express their views (either through the Municipal Corporation or in any other way) in a matter which concerns them?—A.:—Government have under consideration proposals for the abolition of the office of Coroner and for the performance of his duties by other agencies. If the proposals are proceeded with, legislation will be necessary and there will be ample opportunity for the expression of the views of the public.

Do Government still consider it necessary to continue the practice, introduced during the war, of re-employing important posts retired officers of the Indian Medical Service?—A.:—The orders regarding the re-employment of Indian Medical Service officers were issued by the Government of India. They have not yet been cancelled by that authority. There are many Indian Medical Service officers still on military duty and this Government does not consider it advisable to discontinue the practice immediately.

MANDVI PIGEON SHOOTING.

Mr. A. N. Surve, asked:—Will Government be pleased to state if a departmental inquiry which the Police Commissioner of Bombay intended to make about the allegations made against the police in the pigeon shooting disturbance at Mandvi in the City of Bombay on 23rd January 1921 is completed? If the answer be in the affirmative, what are his finding, and what action has he taken in the matter —A.:—The Commissioner of Police undertook to investigate any charges of improper conduct brought against individual Police officers. The Commissioner of Police was also specially instructed to make careful enquiries into any such complaint and to report the result to Government. There is no information to indicate that any such compplaint has been received but the Commissioner of Police has been addressed in the matter by Government.

MUSLIMS AND LORD CHELMSFORD.

HIS ASSURANCE TO THE DEPUTATION.

"HAVE LEFT NOTHING UNDONE!"

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

VICEROY'S CAMP.
ASANSOL, Feb. 24.

The following is the full text of His Excellency the Viceroy's reply to the deputation representing the Mahomedan elected element in the Bengal Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly:—

Gentlemen,—I am very glad to have had this opportunity of meeting you here this afternoon, and at having had laid before me one more representation on behalf of the Muslim community with regard to the present situation. I need hardly remind you, though perhaps it is worth while doing so, that I and my Government have repeatedly brought your contentions to the notice of His Majesty's Government and of the Peace Conferences which have been sitting in Europe on this question. May I remind you that early in the stages of the Peace Conference the Secretary of State Lord Sinha and the Maharaja of Bikaner, who were then representing India at the Peace Conference, stoutly fought your case before the Peace Conference, but in as much as none of these gentlemen could be had to represent strictly your community I asked certain other gentlemen to go actually before the Peace Conference itself and plead the Mahomedan cause and they were His Highness the Aga Khan, Mr. Aftab Ahmad, and Mr. Yusuf Ali.

WHAT LORD CHELMSFORD AND HIS GOVERNMENT HAVE DONE.

Gentlemen, not only have we done this but every memorial which any sections of your community have forwarded to me has been forwarded to the Secretary of State and has been supported in the most strenuous terms not only by official documents from my Government, but by personal telegrams from myself, so that I can assure you from first to last, and long before the Non-Cooperation movement began, that we as a Government and I as the head of the Government, strongly supported your contentions not only before His Majesty's Government but also before the Peace Conference and laterly in order that we should leave no stone unturned for your case to be represented not only adequately, but to your own satisfaction, we have again asked certain gentlemen unofficially to go to Europe and present your case there. His Highness the Aga Khan, Mr. Hassan Imam and Mr. Chotani is accompanied by Dr. Ansari who will be acting as his secretary. I should think a recapitulation of what we have done and what we have attempted to do such as I have laid before you this afternoon ought to convince you, left nothing undone which we and I hope does convince you that we could do in order to support your case. I am not acquainted with what is going on in London at the present moment. I have no knowledge, either official or private, of the conferences which are taking place, but I can assure you that from first to last we have espoused your cause and we have fought it in a way which, if I was at liberty to place before you the communications which we have sent Home, I think would satisfy every individuals.

In conclusion, I must again express my great sympathy with you and my determination to the last moment to press every point which we can in favour of your representation.

To-night!

"DAMAGED GOODS."

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present this Week a Picture-Sensation!

FOR ADULTS ONLY.

Persons above the age of 14 alone will be admitted.

This Week!

"DAMAGED GOODS."

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers have to announce that they have secured the exclusive rights for the picture based on Eugene Brieux's famous play "Damaged Goods." The film is an all-British one and was produced by the great English director, Samuelson, and it has been passed here in Bombay by the Film Censor Board for exhibition for adults only. A marvellous success is predicted for it by everyone who has witnessed it This version is the only version of the play which created such immense interest and sensation in all classes of the British community, both before and after the Lord Chamberlain's certificate was obtained. The object of the play is to uplift humanity; it is a powerful sermon driving home the evils of inherited disease; but it contains no scene to provoke scandal or arouse disgust, nor is there in it an obscene word. The lesson of it is as serious as it is sincere and as truly moral as any that had been seen on the English stage or in a photoplay in Bombay or anywhere else.

In the end it is brought forcibly home to the witnessess of the picture that ignorance and nothing else is the unhappy cause of nearly all the so-called vice and misery. It is a great film, founded on a great book about a social question which is always with us. No one should miss it when it makes its appearance.

"*Sunday Times.*"—It is to those who think and seek enlightenment that "DAMAGED GOODS" should appeal. It is a reply to the bitter cry of the sad Hero of the Drama "we ought to be taught." Well, here is teaching as vivid, as sane, as delicate as human language will allow.

"*The Evening Standard.*"—The facts are stated in the course of this Production, and it is a public service to have them stated accurately without unnecessary offence.

"*Weekly Graphic.*"—

"DAMAGED GOODS" is most powerful, the most poignant exposition of a pressing theme which we have had since "IBSEN" was produced more than a quarter of a century ago. It grips the audience by its intense logic, and its fine humanity.

Oh! If only the veil of Ignorance were lifted from the Eyes of Humanity, so much of Suffering and Misery in this World would vanish! So much more would Life be worth living!

A SUPERB SCREEN VERSION OF THE MOST SENSATIONAL AND STARTLING STAGE DRAMA OF THE AGE!

Shown to a Full Cabinet Meeting of the Parliament.

A MOMENTOUS FILM PASSED & APPROVED OF BY THE LORD CHAMBERLAIN OF ENGLAND!

Passed and Sanctioned by the Board of Film-Cencors in Bombay.

BRING YOUR GROWN-UP SON!

6 Reels.

"DAMAGED GOODS"

6000 Feet.

BRING YOUR GROWNUP DAUGHTERS.

A Roaring Comedy in the Programme.

A very interesting announcement made this week is that K. D. and Brothers have secured the much discussed photoplay "Damaged Goods." Everyone heard of it and it has been talked of and argued about wherever the English language is spoken. But—and this is the point—it has not been seen on the screen yet in Bombay. Saturday, to-morrow, however, this House will release it at West-End Cinema. Children will not be admitted, as the Bombay Board of Censors have passed it for exhibition before adults only. It has, by the way received the Lord Chamberlain's certificate, after much discussion, in England.

On behalf of the Author, EUGENE BRIEUX, we wish to convey that the object of this Play is to uplift Humanity.

It is an All-British Production!

It contains no scene to provoke scandal, or arouse disgust, nor is there in it any obscence word. It may be witnessed by everyone—adults of course—unless we are to believe that folly and ignorance are the necessary conditions of virtue.

Father Bernard Vaughan says:—This Film is a great warning to the unthinking Boy or Girl.

It teaches a lesson which everyone who loves his Country should feel proud to propagate.

The presentation of this Film is a good work for God, for King, and country.

"*Review of Reviews*" says:—The lesson of "DAMAGED GOODS" is as serious, as sincere, and as truly moral as ever been seen on the English Stage.

"*The Times*" says:—"DAMAGED GOODS" is a powerful sermon, driving home the horror of the Evil. It uses the horror as a plea for openness, knowledge and forewarning.

London "*Daily News*" says:—A universally enthusiastic reception is to be recorded of Brieux's "DAMAGED GOODS" on the part of a fashionable and crowded audience.

TIMINGS.

3-30 (Prize Show), 5-30 (Prize Show), 7; 8-45; 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

NOTE.—At Special Request the Prices are retained as usual.

PRICES.

Box Rs. 2/- Sofa Re. 1/- 1st Class as. 12
2nd Class as 6 3rd Class as. 3.

PUNJAB LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE BUDGET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 24.

The Punjab Legislative Council met again to-day. After interpellations Sardar Dasaunda Singh moved for adjournment of the Council to discuss the Nankana Sahib tragedy. Sir John Maynard opposed the motion, as it would disturb the calm atmosphere in which police investigation should be carried on. The motion being put to the Council, there was none except the mover in its favour.

THE BUDGET.

Sir John Maynard, then presented the budget for 1921-22 and made a lengthy speech. The total of estimated revenue is Rs. 113,092,000, which, together with the total amount of estimated opening balance, makes a total of Rs. 127,174,000, out of which the expenditure of the coming year is to be defrayed. The total of the proposed expenditure in 1921-22 is Rs. 117,337,000.

Raja Narendra Nath then moved the following resolution:—

This Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-in-Council that the sum imposed in connection with disturbance of April, 1919, on the inhabitants, of the city of Amritsar as indemnity for loss and as payment for additional police be remitted and that the money advanced by Government to the Amritsar municipality to meet the liabilities incurred on this account be debited to the accumulated balance of previous years in the provincial revenues.

Several members supported the resolution.

The debate on the resolution was not concluded when the council adjourned till to-morrow.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

In accordance with the new Constitution of the Congress the Girgaum District Congress Committee has been now formed.

The office of the Committee is situated at Sandhurst Road A. 79 opposite the Sanghvi Stores and shall be open every day from 8 to 10 in the morning and 8 to 10 in the night (S. T.), when members will be registered.

As the election of the members of the New Provincial Congress Committee is to take place four weeks hence, Congressmen are requested to register their names at the office without delay. They are also requested to help the work of the committee by canvassing members in their localities. Forms of membership and copies of rules are available at the office during office hours.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE WRAGGLE TAGGLES.

A VARIED PROGRAMME.

For music-lovers as well as for those playgoers who prefer the "variety" form of entertainment with its medley of musical comedies, songs and dances, the Wraggle Tagles Company who open here to-day Saturday night, will present a Programme that should certainly please every section of the audience. From the musical view-point, there is a pianiste (for years at the Doyal Academy of Music, London), of a very high order in Gladys Holliday, who in addition to being a very accomplished musician, has a "Margaret Cooper" gift for songs at the piano. As a society entertainer, Miss Holliday has won golden opinions.

There is also with the Company, Harry Collonette, the possessor of a fine baritone voice, and the soprano of the party, Gladys Warrell, is a wellknown artiste from the London Concert Halls.

The Wraggle Taggles specialize in concerted music and duets, and some beautiful numbers will be included in their varied and delightful Programmes this week. Amongst their artistes, mention must be made also of wyn Ray, the charming soubrette, who brings us the very latest music hall songs and an interpretation thereof all her very own.

Tom A. Keele, a comedian with a Drury Lane and Covent Garden record is another of the "Wraggle Taggle Gipsies Oh"! who are being introduced to Bombay to-morrow night. Booking is now open at Roses for the season at the Excelsior.

EXCELSIOR.

"The Girl" Problem" featuring Corinne Friffith, is one of the films which is being shown at the Excelsior at the early performance and after dinner on Sunday. It is a story of a shop girl who spent her spare time writing novels. She met a rich young man who also wrote novels, and out of the meeting a romance is woven to provide the material the cinema producer wants and the cinema public wants.

THE EMPIRE

Mary Miles Minter, always a popular film actress in Bombay, is to be seen on the screen at the Empire this week in "The Innocence of Lizette." Lizette was an orphan, left in the care of her grandmother. A bright little girl, she attracted the attention of a millionarie, and then romance began to creep into her life. The millionaire was as miserable and lonesome as a surfeit of money even could make a man, and so it is that Lizette finds a father. The film title describes her as "innocent." How innocent she was will be appreciated when it is explained that she found a baby on her doorstep. She had a vague notion that babies are the gift of God, and proudly she proclaims it to be her own to a horrified household. But the real mother arrives, and deprived of her baby Lizette has to try to be consoled with a husband who is found for her before the end of the story.

The cinema men have been busy in Bombay in connection with the Duke of Connaught's visit, and the result is to be seen at the Empire and Excelsior Theatres, where films depicting some of His Royal Highness's activities are the best appreciated items of the programmes. These films were taken specially for the Madan Theatres, Ltd.

THE EMPRESS.

The serial films, "The Trial of the Octopus," comes to a thrilling conclusion this week in an instalment which is crowded with dramatic situations. The end of it all is of course the triumph of the hero and the heroine and the overcoming of the villain, but there are many exciting episodes before that happy finale. We discoved that the mysterious "Foo" is a man of many personalities. What he is after is the possession of the daggers of which we have heard so much in order that he may have the world at his mercy. He gets them, but at the critical moment our hero detective turns up, and suicide being the only way out Mr. "Foo" blows up the house and himself and all his personalities and very nearly—but of course not quite—the hero also. So the world may breathe again, and the end of the film shows the hero and heroine receiving the thanks of the republic (it's easy to guess which) for all they have done for the benefit of humanity.

THE WEST-END.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers have at last succeeded in obtaining the necessary permission to screen the famous Photo.drama "Damaged Goods" a screen version of Mons. Brieux's great stage playing of that name. The subject matter of the Film, as in well-known, touches the most vital theme affecting the well-being of adult persons. It is really an excellent production without a single inch of objectionable celluloid or a single offensive word in it. It is artistic in its taste, splendidly presented—yet teaching the great moral his son with an admirable candour to young men and women whose only faults are their false shame and misplaced modesty. The "Damaged Goods" boldly attempts to lift the veil of Ignorance and expose in a convincing manner the pitfalls which beset young lives and which brings sorrow and ruin in their train. The Picture is a signal service to Humanity if it is accepted in its true spirit.

THE GLOBE.

An attractive Sporting Film is announced at the Globe Cinema (Sandhurst Road) entitled "A Son of David." It is a Broadwest Production Starring the popular Peppy Wynd ham in quite an emotional role. The Stry centres round a strong-willed lad, who is by the way, a splendid Boxer, and who is bent on finding out the murderer of his father. The plot is weaved through a delightful chain of adventures and romance, where the ring is a prominent part.

"THE WRAGGLE TAGGLES."

To-day is the opening night of the Draggle Taggle Concert Party at the Excelsior Theatre.

The curtain rises on a gypsy encampment, in which the company makes a delightful picture in its Romany costumes of a couple of centuries ago. They introduce themselves to the audience by singing an old English gypsey song from which the title of the company is derived, and in the first part of the programme the setting of the opening scene is maintained.

The Wraggle Taggles are remaining at the Excelsior throughout the week, with the usual matinee on Sunday.

CENSUS AND N. C. O'S.

60 ENUMERATORS RETURN PAPERS TO KHILAFAT COMMITTEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SHARANPUR, Feb. 24.

In consequence of the prosecution and conviction of two local Non-Cooperators for refusing to do census work, some sixty enumerators have, it is usderstood, returned their papers to the Khilafat Committee. At the instance of authorities, a meeting was convened this morning in the Town Hall, about five to six hundred people being present. Speeches were made on the occasion, the bulk of the audience was in no mood to assist in the census work, in spite of the announcement made in a Delhi vernacular paper that Mahtma Gandhi was not in favour of Non-Cooperation and Non-Cooperators were to make no appeal to attempt to get the two incarcerated men released.

BOMBAY CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee was held yesterday evening at the Bombay Presidency Association Rooms. Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta was voted to the chair. The meeting, however, could not proceed with the business for want of a quorum and accordingly stood adjourned till Saturday week.

DIVINE SERVICE

(III SUNDAY, IN LENT.)

Emmanuel Church,
Girgaum.

English Services:—8-15 a.m. Holy Communion. 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon.

Collection for Church expenses and Poor.

Marathi Service:—9-30 a.m.

St. Thomas Cathedral.

7 a.m. Holy Communion.
7-45 a.m. Matins.
8-30 a.m. Holy Communion—Choral. Ferbecke.
Hymns—89. 91. 188. 182.
5-30 p.m. Children's Service.
6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Canticles—Chants.
Hymns—214. 298. 27.
Collections for—Organ Fund.

Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.

On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

A NEW ANGLO-GUJARATHI WEEKLY.

The "Model" the Anglo-Gujarathi weekly a reference to which was made in these columns yesterday, will be conducted by Mr. Panthaki who has 20 years journalistic experience and who has worked in the "Akbar-i-Sondegar" and the "Sanj Varthman." The journal is expected to attain success under such able management. The first issue will be out on the 6th March.

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ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE.

Of 24 years fame all over the world.

THE OUDH TIMES DAILY PAPER, LUCKNOW.

Wednesday November, 8, 1899, Page 3.

A marvellous cure for Asthma has been discovered, and is being practised by a gentleman at Benares with great success. He treats Asthma patients coming to him GRATIS and has permanently cured many painful cases. Those who are aware of the distressing effects of this fearful disease will hail the discovery of this curative treatment with gratification.

The name of the gentleman is—

J. P. RAY.

NOTE J. P. RAY is alive. This is the best time for taking the specific.

Present address:—

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Ready for immediate delivery

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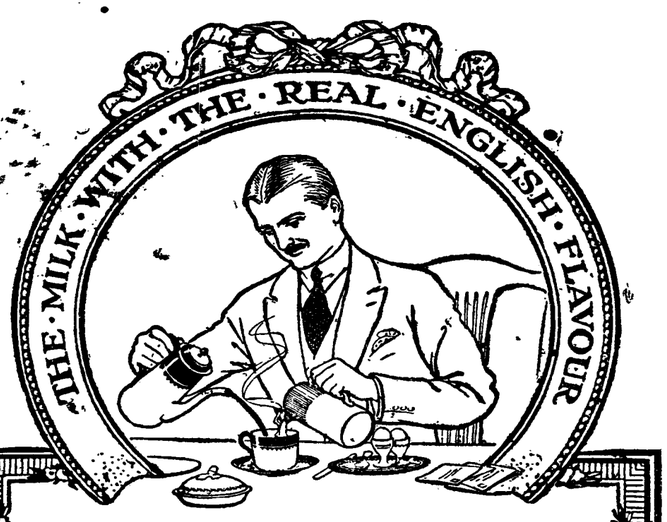

Your Breakfast Coffee will be a real joy—if

you prepare half-and-half with hot, rich Glaxo —the milk with the real English flavour.

Glaxo is the rich milk of British-bred dairy cows from which the water has been removed by the Glaxo Process. This process presents the nourishing solids of the milk in the form of a dry powder, which, packed in a parchment bag inside an airtight sealed tin, comes to you across the seas with all its freshness and flavour unimpaired.

All you have to do is to add *boiling water only* (a half-pint to three dessertspoonfuls of Glaxo). Mix as much as you require *when* you require it—the rest will keep for a considerable period, if the tin be kept tightly closed and in a cool place.

Make your Breakfast Coffee with

Glaxo

the milk with the real English flavour

PLENTIFUL SUPPLIES OF GLAXO ARE NOW AVAILABLE
Through
MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.,
BOMBAY.

WHY SUFFER

FROM INDIGESTION HEADACHE BILIOUSNESS or CONSTIPATION?

Experience shews that such troubles can be banished and prevented by taking Mother Seigel's Syrup. For nearly half a century it has been the reliable family medicine in hundreds of thousands of homes throughout the world for the prevention and relief of such stomach and liver troubles, and as a ready means of recovering and maintaining good health.

Mother Seigel's Syrup has a gentle tonic action upon the digestive organs—the stomach, liver, and bowels—toning and strengthening them so that they are able to do their work effectively and obtain from the food you eat all the nourishment requisite to keep you strong and vigorous. Test it for yourself to-day!

TAKE

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

The Syrup is now sold also in Tablet form.

Men with experience of Hot Climates knew the folly of overheating the system.
Spirits and Wines have this tendency. Horlick's Malted Milk cools the body: it helps Nature to recuperate the whole system.
Horlick's Malted Milk
is a food-drink and is made in a moment. In 3 sizes.
Of all Stores and Bazaars.
HORLICKS MALTED MILK

AMERICA AND INDIA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As I write this from a distant land, away from Home, I am inevitably reminded of the days in India, when, with a copy of your valuable paper, I would spend happy moments, counting and recounting the many literary jewels it contained.

The sense of the important changes taking place in Indian life—and their international value—had early been brought home to my mind, as a direct or indirect result of the tone and voice of your paper. The younger generation is daily imbuing the wine of freedom and love—of liberty of person and property—from the tavern of your print-house.

It is six months now, I am away from Home and in this land. It might be of interest to some of your readers to hear what Dr. J. T. Sunderland—one of the sympathisers of India—has to say on India's fitness for self-rule.

At an evening dinner party, lately given by the missionary, to the Hindusthan students in Ann Arbor, University of Michigan, it was my greater privilege and pleasure to be seated next to the devout missionary; which afforded me great opportunity to ask a few questions.

I began with "Is it true, Rev. Sir, that America is without its poor?"

"It may be said to be literally true, for even the poorest people have all human wants supplied", calmly came the weighed words in a light tone. There was silence for a moment. Then quickly he continued "None is allowed to beg. The deplorably helpless few are sent to charitable institutions who look after them and give them work."

"Alas! how different is the case of 'Indian poverty'! Driven from home, alone in the world, they have to roam. Willing to work, but starving wages. Begging pays better than digging What do you think of this, doctor?" I proceeded.

A thought—cruel and painful—was easily visible on his face. His face wore a serene, deep and uncontrolable mark of mental strain. The nice dishes before us, no longer remained in his sight. His hand was still with the fork, and immoveable, his mind flitted across lands and seas and watched the piteous souls crying—"Hunger"! "Hunger"!

"Yes", he said, in a tone of relief and with a look of hope in his eye—"there is no need for despair. The path is the right one you are marching on. Follow the 'Banner of Satyagraha' and go forward—on."

As he continued, he said, he wished to see more of our country here and less or none in England. Most students in English Universities are unconsciously imitating England in all things—they think of Government offices, and thus shirk very greatly the duty to the Motherland. Professors, scientists, engineers, doctors, all are needed in the new life that is growing in India. Each has to fulfill a noble and highly responsible duty he owes to his brethren.

The gathering consisted of students from various parts of India. Punjabis, North-Westerners, Madrasi, Bengali and Bombaite—all were equally well represented. Miss Halder, a research scholar in psychology in this University, was truly representative of the Indian womanhood. Modest, calm, yet keenly intelligent and bright, in her silken sari; and two youths—one from the Punjab, one from progressive Baroda—in native turban—all this conspired to give the lover of India, and those of his household, a satisfied look—and in an irresistible feeling the noble missionary said—"We feel imported for some time, at least, into an atmosphere of Oriental colour and picturesqueness."

So, it really was. But, it also afforded us to have an inner sight of a truly representative American, gentle, hospitable and open.

East and West seemed to unite. Yes, but "can England and India unite, how, and why not", I questioned within me.—Yours, etc.,

G. R. PADBIDRI.

N. Y. City, America.

POLICE REPRISALS.

Mr. Joseph Baptista has forwarded to us for publication the following letter:—

Matharpacady,
24 Feb., 1921.

To,—The Secretary to Government,
General Department;

Sir,—I have already called the attention of Government to the employment of Pathans armed with Lathis by the Mackenzies Limited. I have now to invite the attention of Government to the employment of Pathans for breaking the strike by the Burmah Oil Company. I have written to the Petroleum Companies that such employment is creating racial animosities likely to explode into disorders and affrays. This is actually coming to pass at present. Under the circumstances I would respectfully urge upon Government the necessity of immediate action to put a stop to such employment. It would never be tolerated in England or in America. I do not suppose it would be possible for an English employer of labour to engage Indians in their workshops when a strike is in progress for the purpose of breaking the strike. In America I suppose lynching would be the mob remedy. I think it the duty of the Government to prohibit the employment of Pathans in the interests of peace and also for the maintenance of peace and good feeling that hitherto pervaded between the People and the Pathans.

My anticipations of breach of peace are being realised. It appears that some Pathans having nothing to do with the Petroleum Works, and some Indians met somewhere near Sewry in the neighbourhood of the spot where the Petroleum and Mackenzies workmen usually assemble. An affray took place between them. I do not know who the men are. No one was arrested. This shows that racial animosities are created and I am sure it is spreading and I therefore request Government to intervene immediately to arrest the spread of such feeling by advising the Companies concerned not to employ Pathans.

I have further to complain of Police reprisals on innocent men. Whoever was concerned with the affray above referred to, the strikers at their readezvous had nothing to do with them. Nevertheless the Police, the Pathans with Lathis and the armed Police went to the men and severely belaboured several of them. I saw several men this morning with the marks of beating on them. They mentioned to me the numbers of two policemen viz., 1238 and 1260. They also complained against some "thin tall" inspector. I shall communicate the name of the inspector after the men have identified him. Apart from the zoolum of such reprisals it was a cowardly act for the armed policemen to belabour armless innocent men. I have more than once expressed my readiness to ask the men to assemble at some other place if any objection be taken to the present spot. But I must earnestly protest against this sort of terrorism. I have hitherto forbidden the men to arm themselves with Lathis. I advised them to-day to have sticks to protect themselves agninst such assaults. Some of them say that the Police have warned them that they would be arrested if they were seen with Lathis. If Government look without objection upon the employment of Pathans with lathis, I cannot see how Police officials can object to a man protecting himself with sticks so long as no law forbids the use of Lathis.

I have, etc.,

(Sd.) JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

POSTPONEMENT OF EXCISE SALES.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 24.

All markets opened today and business resumed as usual. Owing to yesterday's disturbance the Excise contractors left for their respective places and Excise sales have been postponed. All principal roads leading to the District Court and Civil Stations are being guarded by military and police. People having no business to go towards the District Court and the Civil Station are not allowed. The city is quiet. It is understood that a few Excise contractors are surrendering their contracts.

SHOPPING TIPS

Look Out

For Our Advertisement

ON

TUESDAY 1ST MARCH 1921.

FOR

INTERESTING PARTICULARS

OF THE

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If you have had Influenza, Fever or Malaria, it will prevent all the bad after effects and make you a stronger man than before. Try one bottle and you will be surprised at its wonderful efficacy. You cannot buy anything half as good anywhere. Rs. 2-8 per bottle of 4 oz. Dose one teaspoonful.

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14.	„ „	No. 1081 Brass	15	14	„
15.	„ „	No. 1081 N. P.	17	2	„
16.	„ „	No. 1105A Brass Double Twist	25	12	„

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RLY. COMMITTEE AT LAHORE

EVIDENCE IN FAVOUR OF STATE MANAGEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 24.

The Railway Committee met to-day at Masonic Hall. Sir W. Acworth presided. All the members were present except Mr. Sastri and Sir R. N. Mukerjee. Mr. Townshend, the Director of Agriculture, the Punjab, was the first witness examined. In reply to the President, witness said that there was practically a perennial shortage of rolling stock. In the North-Western Railway lot of goods were offered for traffic, but were not carried. Wagons were not available and the third class passengers were disgracefully overcarried. He did not blame anybody for that. He could not say much of the other provinces, but it was really bad in the Punjab. There was no organised machinery to bring pressure on the Railways. He would welcome a local advisory council, which would discuss the railway grievances and focus public opinion. He wanted that the North Western Railway should consult the Punjab Government every now and then and was glad to say that they were doing so now. At present, he did not receive as many complaints regarding wheat that were carried to Karachi, as he used to receive before the War. He wanted a more ample supply of wagons when demanded. There was a distinct lack of willingness on the part of the people to invest money in this province. In the canal colonies people had lots of money. He could not suggest any methods of bringing out this money.

Mr. Watts, the Manager of the Bhupendra Flour Mills, Bhatinda, was the next witness examined.

INDIAN BANKS TREATED AS THIEVES.

The Committee then examined Lala Mulk Raj, Managing Director of the Punjab Co-operative Bank Ltd. In reply to the President, the witness said that in his opinion state-managed railways would be beneficial to the people. He thought it would be good if an advisory council was appointed consisting of the representatives of the different departments of the public. He wanted the head of the Railway Department to approach the public. He would like to see the officials with smaller salaries. Indians should be given a chance to fill up high offices. He thought that the Railway Board interfered too much in petty matters. If the Railways wished to draw capital they should offer good terms. There were many grievances regarding the third class passengers. He thought there was enough money in the country for investment. Hitherto the Indian Banks were treated as thieves. The attitude of the Government towards Indian Banks should change.

To Mr. Purshottam Das Thakurdas, the witness said that he wanted the Railway officers to be accessible to the people. The Indian Commercial Community would welcome any measure that were adopted to remedy currupt practices.

CORRUPTION ON N. W. RLY.

Seth Prabh Dyal of Multan was the last witness examined. In reply to the President the witness said that the people were not accessible to the D. T. S. He thought that 99 per cent. of the subordinate staff were corrupt. He wanted two railway advisory boards, one with the Railway Minister and the other with the D. T. S. He knew the subordinates were Indians and it was a shame and disgrace. He thought the attitude of the Government towards the Indian Chamber was not fair. The Railway Administration did not take all steps necessary to stop corruption and bribery.

To Sir George Godfrey witness said that on the N. W. Ry. corruption was rampant and on every parcel they had to pay bribe.

The Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

To celebrate the inauguration of the institution of Engineers, (India), Calcutta, the first annual dinner was held on Thursday, attended by about 200 members and guests.

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III.

In the last article we referred to the disadvantages of carrying out work departmentally, which may be reiterated as the incurring of unknown liabilities and handicapping of Indian enterprise to say nothing of the slavish spirit which departmentalism engenders among the subordinate staff, who will consist mostly of Indians. Without in any way belittling the services of those who are now charged with the duty of transforming Bombay into the "Eternal City," we think the public are justified in execting fuller light being thrown on the doings of the Department.

As to the drain which it constitutes, there can be no two opinions when one looks at the facts dispassionately. Imperfect as is the information at the disposal of the public, there is no doubt whatever that crores of rupees will be drained away from this country for payments abroad, and what is the return that the public get? Scrap-heap! Most of the machinery for which Government have placed orders direct in Great Britain for the Reclamation purposes, will have to go to the scrap-heap after say six, seven or eight years, and by ordering goods from Great Britain, Government have not only deprived this country of the advantage of buying in the cheapest market but are also paying to the British Manufacturers 40 or 50 per cent more without getting any value for it. It does not require extensive knowledge of the Science of Economics to understand that this portion of the expenditure is sheer waste of money, though the object of Government may be the patronising of British industries. It is believed that out of about 30 crores that the whole scheme will ultimately cost, as much as fifteen crores will find its way to the pockets of the British manufacturers for supplying machinery and stores. This amount, the interest on which alone is likely to work out at three-fourths the present annual revenue of the Bombay Municipality, is a dead loss to the country, though by a little sleight of hand it may be possible to conceal it from the public view. It has yet to be proved that this huge drain is indispensable. While the Mutual Adulation Society of Bombay may feel proud of the courage, enterprise and unity among those who guide—or misguide?—its destinies at present, the general public are yet to be convinced that this huge waste of over a crore of rupees annually—the interest on 15 crores—is essential or dictated by sound common sense and strict business instincts.

On the other hand, there are very many people who believe that without depleting our resources, we can carry on all the urgent work on economical lines, which, though they may not be up to-date, have not at all proved inefficient in [illegible] the work by the old fashioned methods; but the work is not such as cannot wait a few years more to complete. To take one instance —the case of the Back-bay Reclamation, will it be contended that it is so urgent that unless it is completed speedily there will be a revolution in the city? This is a scheme which must be costing not less than seven or eight crores of rupees, and the major portion of this colossal sum will go in paying for machinery etc., and salaries and commissions. We are not quite sure how much one individual alone—the Consulting Engineer, for example—will be drawing by way of his commission on cost, besides "all found." It has been computed by some experts who have been at pains to study this question that Sir George Buchanan, the great engineering expert of the Board, will be receiving not less than 14 lacs of rupees on an outlay of seven crores for spending two months in a year in this country, and there is nothing to prevent him from accepting during that period half a dozen other private engagements. Then there is also the question of the staff. Europeans have been engaged at double and treble the salaries they might usually earn elsewhere, although it has never been disputed that Indians are generally more industrious and much more intimately acquainted with local conditions, while in point of efficiency they are no whit behind Europeans. Why then should so many outsiders be imported at such extravagant cost, people who generally have not the slightest knowledge of local conditions and whose claims to superiority are yet unproved? Most of the salaries and allowances paid to these people, go out of the country altogether and to that extent constitute decidedly a loss to the country. And then, what about the profits allowed to the European contractors—and these profits, are worked out on a percentage basis relatively to cost.

In some quarters it has been urged—and the argument is plausible—that the money paid on plant, machinery and stores is no loss. True enough if the machinery and plant were productive such as spindles and looms. But in this case, it lacks justification because practically all the plant and machinery will have to be consigned to the scrap-heap at the end of six or seven years. If this little distinction is noted, there will be no occasion for confounding the issue. Nor can there be any doubt that the way in which the Board has been engaging its staff constitutes an act of wastefulness, unparalleled in the extravagant career of the bureaucracy. And it seems to us that all this far from being a vindication of the confidence of the public, is a downright abuse of "the high sense of civic duty," which induced the people to rally to the support of the Government, and subscribe well-nigh ten crores of rupees on the assurance that all the moneys would be spent "in Bombay for Bombay by Bombay."

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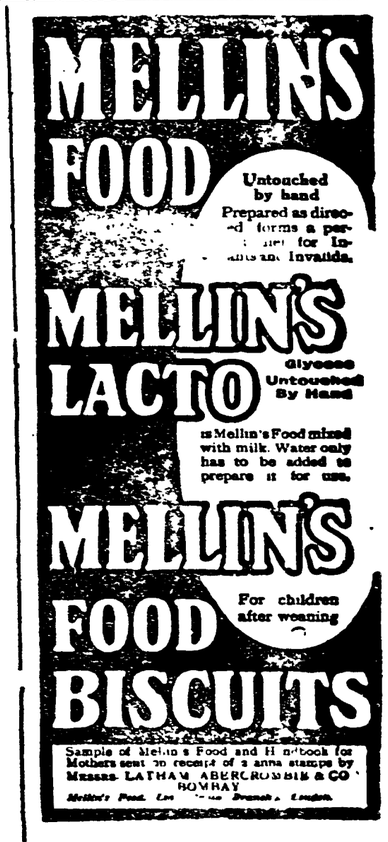
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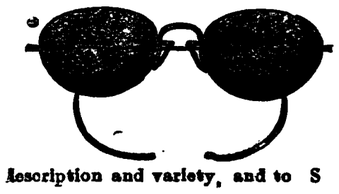

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THE HANDY 144 C. P. C !

PUBLIC MEETING PROHIBITED FOR ONE MONTH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 24.

Mr. J. C. Irwin, the District Magistrate of Nagpur, under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code, has issued orders that in view of the riot that took place on the 23rd at the District Court, the people of Nagpur should refrain from attending, holding, or otherwise being concerned, in any way in any public meeting or a public assembly of five or more persons for a period of one month.

ALL-INDIA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24.

In the All-India Hockey Tournament two one-sided games were played, the North Western Railway beating the Allahabad Gymkhana by six goals to love, and the Jamalpur detachment beating the 8th Medium Battery by nine goals to love.

KALIGHAT SHOOTING AFFAIR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.

At to-day's enquiry into the Kalighat shooting affair, the Additional Magistrate, examined three Anglo-Indians and a durwan in the employ of Tramways Company. Witness said that strikers were aggressors and they first threw stones and afterwards were retaliated by the Anglo-Indians. None of the witnesses saw the firing by the police as they had been injured before the firing commenced, and were inside the tram depot. The enquiry was adjourned till to-morrow.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24.

The enquiry into Kalighat shooting incident was continued to-day. A number of Anglo-Indian employees of Tramway Company who endeavoured to drive a car near Kalighat on the day of the occurrence were examined. Witnesses gave an account of the opposition they received from the crowd which consisted mainly of low class Bengalis.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF

The Government of Madras have declared forfeited all copies and translations thereof of the leaflet entitled "Appeal to the Indian people and readers" by Tataknath Das, Executive Secretary of the Friends of Freedom for India, New York.

* * * *

While the exodus of the Madras Government is limited to three months, the Governor and his personal staff will stay at Ootacamund for the usual period of six months. His Excellency will, however, as in the past, make visit to Madras as occasion demands.

* * * *

Mr. B. V. Narasimha Iyer having failed to take the prescribed oath of affirmation of allegiance on the 14th instant, the latest day fixed for the purpose; the Governor has declared his seat on the Madras Legislative Council to be vacant and the Salem non-Mahomedan constituency has been called upon to elect another member in his place.

* * * *

A public meeting was held on Wednesday, at Soundarya Mahal, Madras, Mr. V. Ramdoss presiding, to protest against externment of Mr. Satyamurthi from the Pudukottah State. On the motion of A. Rangaswami Iyengar, a resolution condemning the prohibition of entry into the Pudukottah State of Mr. Satyamurthi and demanding its immediate recall was passed.

* * * *

Clan Macquarrie arrived in London on Friday afternoon.

* * * *

Mr. Y. Ito, Vice-President, and Mr. Y. Nagatomi, Managing Director of this Company have been elected President, and Vice-President, respectively of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

The case against Babu Ramchandra of the Kisan Sabha for promoting sedition and enmity between classes has been transferred from Barabanki to the Court of the District Magistrate of Lucknow for trial. The cases against Deonarayan Kedarnath and Ragunandan from Sultanpur have also been transferred to Lucknow, the grounds being generally that a dangerous situation would arrive if tried in those districts. (A. P.)

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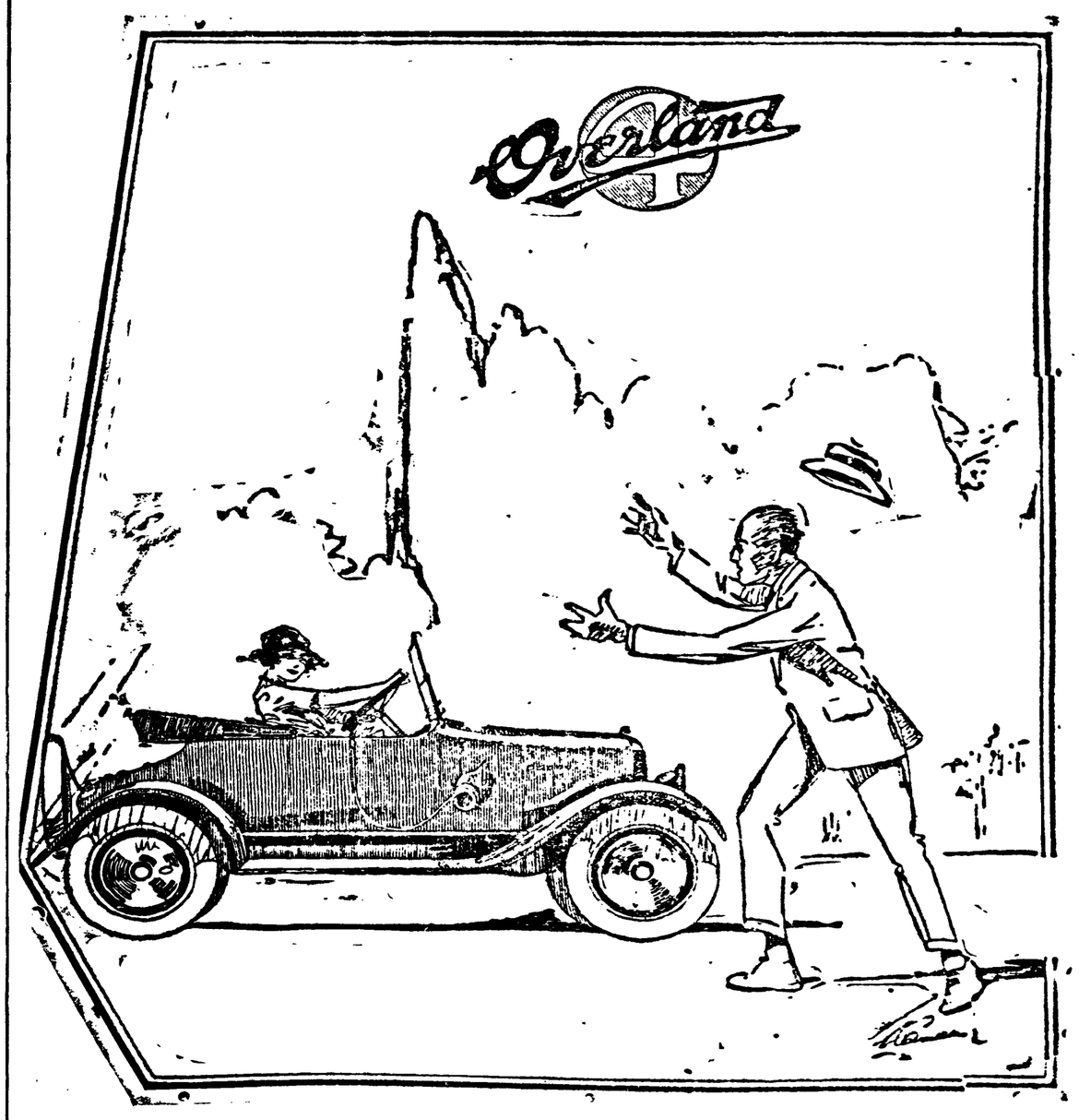

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RARE AND INVALUABLE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

The following are two of the numerous certificates received:—

Mr. Vithaldas P. Attawala, merchant, Bombay, writes on 28-11-20:—I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 16 years and had tried many Doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of Doctor S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 45 days for me and that I was completely cured at the end of the course. Before I commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment, my urine was examined by a Bombay M. D., the per centage of sugar was more than 4 per cent. After the treatment, my urine was examined on 20th November, 1920 at Dr. Masina Hospital Cathelogical Laboratory of Bombay "Sugar was found Nil"—which means a perfect cure of the obstinate disease which had baffled the treatment of many Doctors and Physicians before. I really consider that Dr. S Rangaswami Iyengar is a SPECIALIST in this disease I recommend him to all suffering from the bad disease for the rare quality and of its valuable Drugs."

Mr. Damodhar Raghoba Raote, Landlord, Worli, Bombay, writes on 3rd December 1920:—"I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 12 years and I tried many well known Doctors and M.D.'s during that period, but could not get entire cure. In September last, I had a severe attack of Pneumonia which seriously affected my Diabetes disease and was under the treatment of Dr. Masina. I was cured of Pneumonia after a short time but my Diabetes disease was in an increasing state and I could get no relief. Dr. Masina examined my urine and found I was passing 6 to 7 per cent. sugar and specific gravity was 1037. Finding no relief at all, I was put under treatment of Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes. I have much pleasure to say that after a special treatment of 35 days I found my Diabetes disease properly checked and sugar NIL and Specific Gravity 1013. "I can safely recommend Dr. Iyengar's specific to any of the suffering Diabetes patients."

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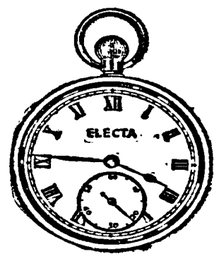

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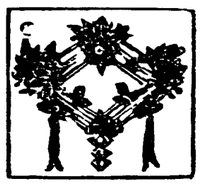

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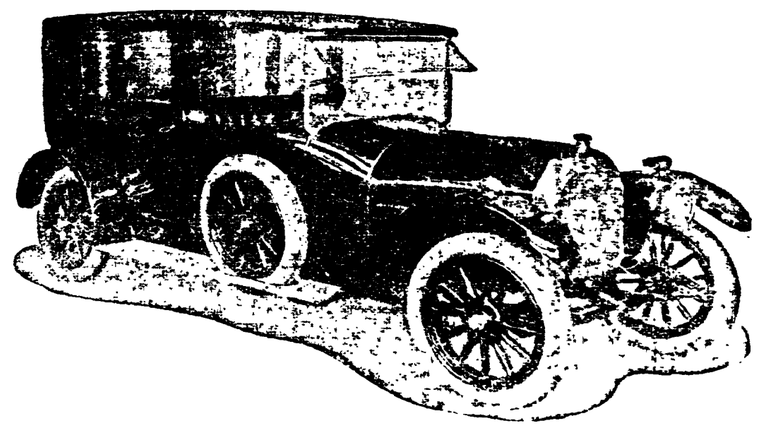

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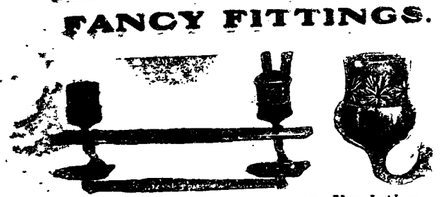

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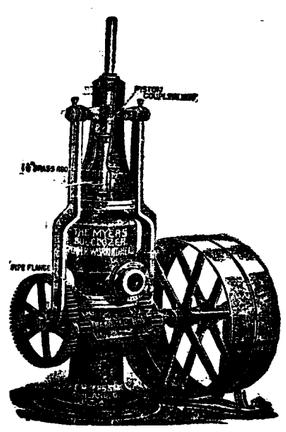

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